

# PERJURY

## in the Rosenberg Case

**WHAT THE JUDGE AND JURY DIDN'T KNOW**

New evidence has been discovered proving that the chief witnesses against Ethel and Julius Rosenberg perjured themselves. Documents—now available during the trial—now offer absolute proof that the Rosenbergs were sent to the Death House on lies. If the judge and jury could have known the facts on the following pages, the Rosenbergs could not have been convicted.

# PERJURERS?



DAVID and RUTH GREENGLASS

## New Document Reveals Major Witness Lied

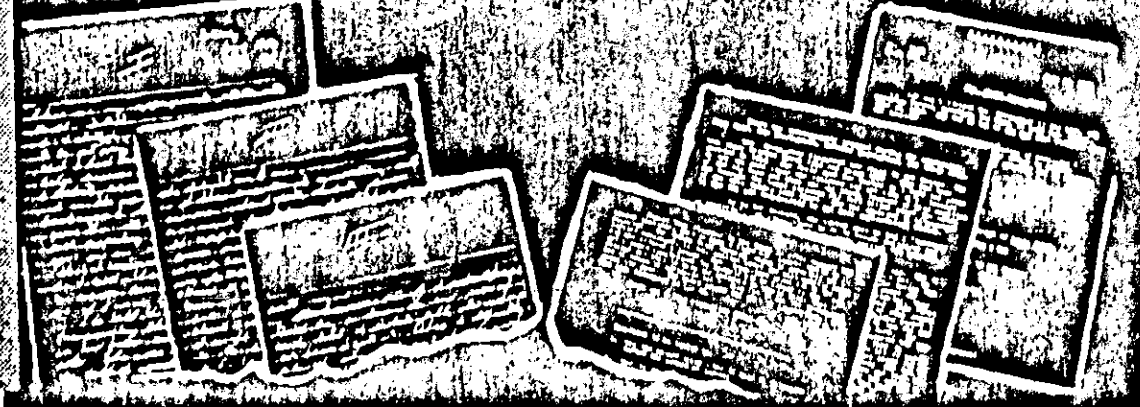
Handwritten documents (below left) were verified by a leading handwriting expert as those of David Greenglass. He wrote the statement to his lawyer after his arrest. In it, he directly contradicted his testimony at the trial.

For example: On the stand Greenglass swore that confessed spy Harry Gold was sent to him by Julius Rosenberg. But in the document Greenglass admits, "I didn't know who sent Gold to me. Greenglass said in a statement to the FBI he gave Gold vital atomic secrets. But in the document he confesses, "I can honestly say the information I gave Gold may be not at all what I said in the statement."

Typed documents (below right) report on an interview with David Greenglass' wife, Ruth, from files of Greenglass' own lawyer. They directly contradict testimony she gave at the trial.

On the witness stand she claimed Julius Rosenberg asked her to spy and that he told her all about the A-bomb in November, 1945. But in the document she admits she didn't really know about the bomb until Hiroshima in August, 1945. "I don't know how everyone learned about the bomb."

In the document, she describes her husband David Greenglass as follows: "He is a nervous man. As to her husband, she stated that he had a tendency to hysteria. At other times he would become delirious and once when he had the grippe he ran through the hallway, shrieking at moments and bleed pants. She had known him since she was ten years old. She said that he would say things were so even if they were not. He talked of suicide as if he were a character in the movies and she didn't think he would do it. She said she thought this is the man on whom word the Rosenbergs are relying."



**PERJURER?**

**Did This Man Lie to Save Himself?**

At the time of the trial Max Elitcher faced indictment on perjury for swearing falsely to the government. He admitted on the stand he hoped to make things easier for himself by testifying against the Rosenbergs and Morton Sobell. His was the only testimony against Sobell, who was sentenced on the word of this man to 30 years at Alcatraz.



**"WE ARE INNOCENT."**

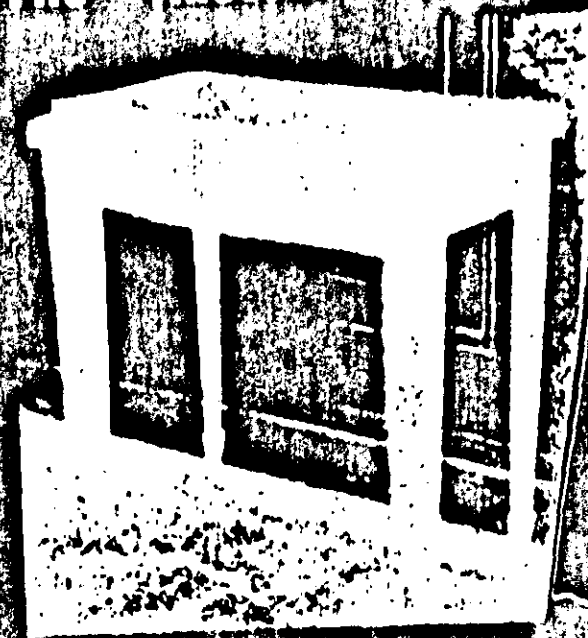
— Julius and Ethel Rosenberg

The Rosenbergs have been told, "Confess and you will be spared." Yet in the shadow of the electric chair they insist they are innocent. Against their word is the word of proven perjurers. Much of the new evidence has turned up after they were scheduled to have been executed. How much more new evidence will yet be uncovered? Millions of Americans do not want these parents of two small children to be executed while there are such grave doubts. Help see that the full facts in this case come to light—NOW, not when it is too late.

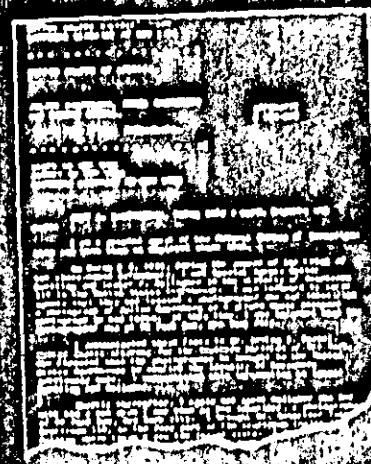
*Write or Wire President Eisenhower*  
**CLEMENCY FOR THE ROSENBERGS**

Send funds to help uncover the truth for:  
 BAY AREA COMMITTEE TO SAVE THE ROSENBERGS  
 201 228 McAllister, San Francisco Market 1-9811

**The "Russian" Table**



New evidence shows Greenglass lied — and the Rosenbergs told the truth — about the above console table. Greenglass said the table was an expensive one given to the Rosenbergs by the Russian. The Rosenbergs swore they bought it on sale at R. H. Macy's department store in New York. Now an affidavit (above right) from a Macy's staff member upholds the Rosenberg testimony. Affidavits on many legs on table show it was an inexpensive Macy's table. Greenglass, who lied about the table, gets us to believe a fantastic tale about how he stole the atomic bomb. He had no scientific training and admitted failing at eight courses at Brooklyn Polytechnical Institute. Yet he claims he was able to piece together A-bomb sketches from conversations and overheard from scientists who he worked for a machine at Los Alamos.



**FBI Affidavit Admits Perjury**

FBI agent John Harrington admitted in a sworn affidavit that a major prosecution witness lied on the stand. The witness was a photographer who identified the Rosenbergs in court. Harrington revealed the witness had been brought into court the day before to have the Rosenbergs painted out to him.

MILLIONS OF AMERICANS,  
MILLIONS WORLD-WIDE,  
BELIEVERS IN JUSTICE.

SPECIAL  
DELIVERY  
AIR MAIL

# HON. DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER

## PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

### WASHINGTON, D. C.

Dear Mr. President:

Only your personal intervention can now prevent a great injustice which would write a page of history shameful to all liberty-loving Americans, a bitter shock to all throughout the world who have faith in our democracy.

We cannot believe that you will permit the legal electrocution of two people convicted on evidence now amply documented as perjured.

We cannot believe that you will permit the execution of two people WITHOUT THESE PROOFS OF PERJURY EVER HAVING BEEN HEARD AND TESTED IN ANY COURT.

We cannot believe that you will permit the execution of two people who have never had a hearing by the United States Supreme Court!

We cannot believe that you will permit the execution of two people who DID NOT HAVE THESE PROOFS OF PERJURY IN TIME TO MAKE THEM PART OF THEIR PLEA TO THE SUPREME COURT FOR A HEARING.

We cannot believe that you will permit the execution of two people, parents of two small children, for "conspiracy to commit espionage" in behalf of an ally, while we were fighting side by side with that ally in a terrible war against an attack on our joint existence.

We cannot believe that you will permit the horror of this doubly-shocking killing, a deed which, once done, would write forever so shameful a page of our great history, and in the greater history of humanity itself.

We cannot believe that your mind and your heart will not meet the plea of millions of people throughout the world and the thousands of their spiritual leaders - Protestant, Jewish, and three times repeated historic plea addressed to you by Pope Pius XII.

Clemency for the Rosenbergs, Mr. President!  
Uphold our faith in justice, in democracy, in man's humanity to man.

Issued by: BAY AREA COMMITTEE TO SAVE THE ROSENBERGS  
223 McAllister - Market 1 - 9811

uopwa/54

September 27, 1953.

From: Detectives [REDACTED] b7D  
To: Commanding Officer, Bar of Special Service & Invest. b7D  
Subject: RALLY SPONSORED BY NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE AT RANDALLS ISLAND ON SEPTEMBER 16, 1953.

1. On Wednesday, September 16th, the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case held a rally at Randall's Island. Approximately 5,500 persons attended and paid an admission ranging from \$1.00 to \$1.50 plus tax. The rally began at 8:30 P.M. and ended at 11:15 P.M.

2. The following persons addressed the rally. Chairman was David Alman. He confirmed his remarks to the purpose of the rally which was to vindicate the Rosenbergs and to secure a new trial for Morton Sobell who is now in Alcatraz.

Cantor Richard Fulton of Mount Vernon recited a prayer for the Rosenbergs.

Professor Ephraim Cross of C.C.N.Y., spoke of the divided opinion of the Supreme Court regarding the Rosenbergs and the divided feelings of the Appellate Division concerning Morton Sobell. In view of this, Professor Cross stated that Morton Sobell should be granted a new trial.

Don Rothenberg spoke of the demonstrations in front of the White House in Washington D.C., and stated that the memory of those demonstrations will live with him forever and spur him on in the fight to clear the names of the Rosenbergs and in the demand for justice for Morton Sobell. He described his work in Washington among members of Congress and the Department of Justice and said that he found many members of both groups who were in sympathy with those who felt that the Rosenbergs and Sobell deserved clemency.

Mrs. Helen Sobell, wife of Morton Sobell, read a letter from her husband in which he stated that his spirit was not broken and that he was sure that those fighting in his behalf would succeed in having him freed. She made an appeal to all present to purchase a book being sold at this rally for 50¢ and asked all to continue to support the Committee in its work.

Mrs. Emily Alman, Executive Secretary of the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, made a very long speech in which she made a poor attempt to punch holes in the testimony of the witnesses against the Rosenbergs and Morton Sobell and charged that the witnesses continually lied. She criticized the F.B.I., and the Department of Justice, charging that they did not give the defendants the rights of a fair investigation and trial.

3. During the rally, folk songs were sung by Pete Seeger, Martha Schlamme and the Young Peoples' Chorus.

4. The registration plates of cars observed entering the parking lots adjacent to the stadium were noted and an attempt to ascertain the names of the owners of same is being made. These cars were observed by Dets. [REDACTED] of this command. b7D

5. Literature and Press Releases attached.

[REDACTED]  
Detective [REDACTED] b7D

2A 858 Eldridge Alger, R.D. 6, Schenectady, N.Y.  
Bus. add. - same type of car. FLY.

2A 8523 Frank P. George 165 Sand Creek Rd., Albany

7A 1778 David Rancher, 260 W. 25 St., NYC

8A 6089 Edith Boscie 536 Summit Ave., Schenectady, NY

2B 3072 Glenn Fredrich Fox 166 Mayville Kenmore

5B 75 ~~Starr~~ Jane Benedict 510 E. 75 St., NYC  
bus. add. same Fontian

C 3153 Estelle Gold 1130 Park Ave., NYC  
bus. add.: Triangle Cond. & Cable Co., New Brunswick, N.J.  
CADIL.

C 4895 Russell Davis 215 Manhattan Ave., NYC  
bus. add.: same STUD.

C 8750 Franz Lehman 525 E. 14 St., NYC  
bus. add.: 137 Lexington Ave. PLYMOUTH

C 9926 Herbert Williams 1267 G St., Elmont, N. Y.  
bus. add.: 62 Covert St., Stewart Manor, N. Y. PLYMOUTH

2C 1376 June Dennis 1070 Wheeler Ave., BRONX  
bus. add.: 52 E. 19 St., NYC HUDSON

2C 3405 Ernest Roth 23 3555 Bochenbean Ave., Bx.  
bus. add.: 830 12 Ave., NYC KAISER

2C 8616 Patrick Cassidy 1205 Nelson Ave., Bx.  
bus. add.: same PLYMOUTH

3C 4558 *Sador Blumberg* 1534 Schuyler Ave. Bx.  
Bus. add.: 1534 Schuyler Ave., Bx.  
DODGE

Bus. A.A.D.: 853 B'way

3C 5784 Murray Rosen 1444 Park Pl., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: same DODGE

3C 8251 Sam Winterfeld 1975 Grand Ave., Bronx  
bus. add.: 113 W. 42 St., NYC OLDS.

3C 8991 Alice Belmont 310 E. 103 St., NYC  
bus. add.: 740 E. 140 St., Bronx PONTIAC

4C 1709 Jos. Davis  
2861 Exterior St., Bx.  
bus. add.: 215 1/2 E. 22 St., NYC CHEV.

4C 8704 Dr. Milton Bloch 165-10 Union Tpk., Flushing, LI  
bus. add.: 150-40 73 Ave., Garden Hills, Queens CHEV.

4C 9661 Samuel Lieberman 545 E. 14 St., NYC  
bus. add.: 40 E. 8 St., NYC PONTIAC

4C 9977 Jack Arikien 9 Debevoise St., Bklyn.  
bus. add. SAME CHEV.

5C 1152 Wm. Newman 4422 Bedford Ave., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: 494 Broome St., NYC MERCURY

5C 1153 Lawrence Newman 4422 Bedford Ave., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: Bacon & Davis 39 Bway., NYC

5C 7496 Albert Gallo 1 W. 182 St., Bx.  
bus. add.: 9 Park Pl. NASH

5C 7948 Michael Weisberg 2526 Valentine Ave., Bx.  
bus. add.: 253 W. 73 St., NYC packard

6C 2166 Dorothy Miller 3970 Norman Ave., Bx.  
bus. add.: same BUICK

6C 2823 Irving Halpern 180 E. 162 St., Bx.  
bus. add.: 56 North Moore St., NYC BUICK

6C 5399 305 WILLINGER 25th Ave  
bus. add.: 1125 1/2 4th St., NYC BUICK  
Bus. add. 257 4th Buick

-3-

8C 8649	Jack Eisenberg	11-15 F.D.R. Drive, NYC	
	bus. add.: same	FLY.	
8C 9625	Philip Sosis	1520 Archer Rd., NYC	
	bus. add.: 811 So. Fulton Ave., Mt. Vernon	FLY.	
7C 1288	Lush Cotton Products	66 Beaver St., NYC	MERCURY
7C 4606	Ben Morgenstain	388 Midwood St., NYC	
	bus. add.: 233 Broadway, NYC	NASH	
7C 4694	Bertha Friedman	42-12 216 St., Bayside, LI	
	bus. add.: same	STUD.	
7C 6367	Max Manet	47-25 40 St., NYC	
	bus. add.: 30 Pine St., NYC	NASH	
7C 7116	Sarah Jaffe	c/o A. Ussett	
	Continental Village, Peekskill, N. Y.	NASH	
8C 1161	Isidore Gomer	335 Beach 64 St., Arverne, NY	
	bus. add.: P & W Engraving, 185 Mercer St., NYC	FORD	
8C 3545	Eugenia Guinier	617 W. 115 St., NYC	
	bus. add. same	DODGE	
8C 8899	Goldie Bloom	756 W. 175 St., NYC	
	bus. add.: 488 7 Ave., NYC	PONT.	
9C 1920	Mark Indenbaum	763 Ocean Parkway, Bklyn.	
	bus. add.: 93 Nassau	STUD.	
9C 2205	Max Schwartzman	679 Cleveland St., Bklyn.	
	bus. add.: 82 Bowery, NYC	FLY.	
9C 2692	Joshua Segall	57-16 156 St., Flushing	
	bus. add.: 233 Broadway	LASALLE	
9C 5535	Hattie Lourie	16 Monroe St., NYC	
	bus. add. Same	CHEV.	

- D 590 Murrey Zackin 9034 180 St., Jamaica  
bus. add.: 253 W. 27 St., NYC OLDS.
- D 1274 John Cooke 247 Wadsworth Ave., NYC  
bus. add.: 3202 Greenpoint Ave., Bklyn. CHEV.
- D 1617 Herbert Frank 9 Stuyvesant Oval, NYC  
bus. add.: 27 W. 23 St., NYC NASH
- D 4824 James Sullivan  
610 West 142 St., NYC  
bus. add.: 72 Scott Ave., Bklyn. MERCURY
- D 5429 Ruth Beck 2736 Bronx Park E., Bronx  
bus. add.: 441 Lexington Ave., NYC DODGE
- D 6151 Louis Ronson 3758 10 Ave., NYC  
bus. add.: 155 W. 29 St., CHEV.
- D 6381 Jerome Rosenbaum 1760 Andrews Ave., Bronx  
bus. add.: 52 Vanderbilt Ave., CHEV.
- D 6987 Chas. Siegel 223 South St., NYC  
bus. add.: same CHRYSLER
- 1 D 540 Salomon Kirach 99 Ocean Ave., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: 401 Broadway, NYC DODGE
- 1 D 1194 Henry Mason 21-15 34 Ave., LIC  
bus. add.: same NASH
- 1D 5154 Morris Pasternak 46-19 Skillman Ave., LIC  
36 St. & Skillman Ave. (bus. add) CHEV.
- 1D 5952 Armando Morelli 336 E. 120 St., NYC  
bus. add.: 109 W. 26 St., NYC NASH
- 1 D 7645 Jos. Alper 221 2044 Croysey Ave., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: 207 W. 25 St., NYC CHEV.
- 1 D 7948 Stanley Kaufman 138-03 Cronston Ave., Belle Harbor, NY  
bus. add.: 1359 Broadway, NYC CHEV.





G 4618 Benjamin Reid Blvd Reid  
 235 W. 233 St., NYC  
 G 9058 bus. add.: 3062 Webster Ave., NYC FORD  
 Edith Epstein  
 7 W. 15 St., NYC BUICK

2G 1603 Nellie Lake 50-45 Newton Rd., Queens 77  
 bus. add.: 160 Greene St., NYC

2G 4717 James Amorosa 25-39 McIntosh St., East Elmhurst, Queens  
 bus. add.: Sampler St., Bx. BUICK

2G 5873 Kleanor Flexner 350 1/2 W. 24 St., NYC  
 bus. add.: 225 Verick St., NYC CROSLY

2G 8044 Reuben Ornstein, 230 W. 305 St., NYC  
 bus. add.: 230 71st Ave., NYC STUD.

3G 5072 Jack Wolkenstein 519 E. 11 St., NYC  
 bus. add.: same PLYMOUTH

3G 5681 Morris Zukoff 206 E. 17 St., NYC  
 270 Jay St., Brooklyn STUD.

3G 5804 Murray Gordon 46 Downing St., NYC  
 bus. add.: 500 Grand St., Jersey City PLY.

4G 981 Fred Bender 2735 Barker Ave., Bx.  
 bus. add.: 252 Seventh Ave., NYC AUSTIN

4G 1603 Norman Leventhal 165 Blake Ave., Bklyn.  
 bus. add.: 152 57 St., Bklyn. CHEV.

4G 2964 Karl Leichtman 789 E. 144 St., Bx.  
 bus. add.: 119 Fourth Ave., NYC CHEV.

4G 6693 Ervin Waener 100 Arden St., NYC  
 bus. add.: 151 W. 30 St., NYC STUDEBAKER

4G 8608 Martin Grumet 1 Banks St., NYC  
 bus. add.: 34 Exchange Pl., NYC STUDEBAKER

X 4385 SAM DOMAN 69-46 Kissena Blvd, Flushing  
 266 W. 37 St., NYC CHEVROLET

K 6726 John Madsen 115 74 St., Brooklyn  
bus. add.: 29 Myerson St., Bklyn. CHEV.

K 7714 Nathan Frankel 50 Malta St., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: same FLY.

1K 3271 Blossom Perlik 715 St. Marks Ave., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: same FLY.

1K 4487 SEYMOUR TAFFLER 517 McDonald Ave., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: 495 Stone Ave., Bklyn. CHEV.

2K 8761 Jos. Devino 512 Alderts Lane, Bklyn.  
bus. add.: same CHEV.

2K 6861 Jennie Baer  
63-45 Wetherole St., Rego Park  
bus. add.: 4 Water St., Bklyn. STUD.

3K 3237 Lou Levine 41-15 50 Ave., Sunnyside  
bus. add.: 1263 Broadway, NYC OLDS.

3K 6674 Gerald Covici 866 E. Tenth St., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: Cypress & Cooper Ave. DESOTO

3K 9415 Harry Weinstein 546 E. 98 St., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: same HUDSON

4K 1963 Paul Jarvis 1401 New York Ave.  
bus. add.: 197 Throop Ave., Bklyn. CHEV.

4K 2537 Dorothy Morris  
6801 19 Ave., Bklyn. bus. add.: same FORD

4K 6003 Benjamin Lubaroff 3612 Marmsid Ave., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: same DODGE

5K 3588 Mary Posen Third Ave. & 3rd St., Brentwood, LI  
bus. add.: same FORD

5K 4725 Isadore Cohen 150 Rockway Parkway, Bklyn.  
bus. add.: U S Army FORD

5K 9405 Isaac Grant 946 Bedford Ave., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: Navy Yard, Bklyn. OLDS.

5K 9445 Jos. Stuto 295 Clinton St., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: same CHRYSLER

6K 7636 Halbro Frazier 145 Anity St., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: 52 Iowa Ave., Patterson, N. J. FORD

8K 7886 Paul Cohen 91-10 34 St., Jackson Heights  
bus. add.: same DODGE

9K 9697 Leonard Skliar bus. add.:  
402 W. 38 St., NYC.  
202 Avenue F., Bklyn.  
FORD

L 4117 Jack Busch 160 President St., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: 420 Casanova St., Bk. HUDSON

L 4893 Victor Kurar 961 Washington Ave., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: 2851 Atlantic Ave., Bklyn. CHEV.

L 7593 Irving Isaacson 238 Vernon Ave., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: 255 Grant Ave., Newark, N. J. FORD

L 7701 Irving Greenbaum 794 Midwood St., Bklyn.  
L 7801 bus. add.: SAME Plymouth

L 8330 Lillian Miller 555 Ocean Ave., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: same DODGE

L 9274 Sadie Bergins 157-57 17 Rd., Whitestone  
bus. add.: same CHEV.

L 9523 Morton Padnos 1810 W. 13 St., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: 5 E. 17 St. NYC CHEV.

1L 5559 Morris Davis 405 Georgie Ave., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: same STUDEBAKER

1L 7592 Evelyn Shob 403 Ocean Ave., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: same CHEV.

2L 6009 Peggy Lawson 115 W. 16 St., NYC.  
bus. add.: same PONTIAC

3L 2782 Sal Serrano 1826 70 St., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: 320 Fifth Ave., NYC NASH

4L 2352 Clare Lane 510 Madison St., East Rochester, NY  
bus. add.: same BUICK

4L 5207 Maxwell Weinberg 2617 E. 5th St., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: 488 Morgan Ave. PONTIAC

4L 8380 Jack Wein 324 Howard Ave., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: same DODGE

4L 9339 Arthur Pennise 414 Onderdonk Ave., Ridgewood  
bus. add.: No. 1 Jamaica Ave. OLDS.

5L 2777 Celia Cantor 506 Eastern Parkway, Bklyn.  
bus. add.: 157 Montague St. HUDSON

5L 5443 J. Goldstein & Sons 826 Jamaica Ave., Bklyn. CHEV.

5L 6837 Lawrence Lewis 2608 Albemarle Rd., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: 115 Manhattan Ave. FORD

5L 8004 Rose Seider 2751 Barker Ave., Bx. bus. add.: 160 Montague St.  
CADILLAC

6L 3078 Belle Sundeen 1569 49 St., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: same PLYMOUTH

6L 5734 Leonard Blum 975 E. 9 St., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: 44 Underhill Ave. CHEV.

7L 7402EKKEK Frank Newman 130 E. 59 St., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: 285 Court St. CADILLAC

8L 989 Seymour Finkleman 741 E. 5 St., NYC  
bus. add.: 289 Broome St., NYC DODGE

8L 6745 Jos. Matlin 1933 Union St., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: 135 Berry St., Bklyn. chev.

8L 8089 Herbert Brennen 665 E. 7 St., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: 769 Utica Ave., Bklyn. FLY.

8L 9529 Jos. Mellendon 612 E. 5 St., Bklyn. bus. add.: 130 Car teley h  
CHRYSLER Cortelyou

9L 3682	John Weinstock	1576 53 St., Bklyn.	bus. add.: 251 Lee Ave., Bklyn.	BUICK
9L 9220	Nathen Brush	422 Hopkinson Ave., Bklyn.	bus. add.: same	CHEV.
M 0741	Meyer Harbus	3280 Hochembean Ave., Bx.		'52 OLDS.
1N 5432	Rose Melnick	260 Vernon Ave., Bklyn.	bus. add.: same	LA SALLE
1N 8612	Jules Helfant	bus. add.: 34 E. 40 St., NYC res.: 1320 Eastern Parkway, Bklyn.		
1N 8728	Narvel Welch	29 Bethune St., NYC	bus. add.: 350 Fifth Ave., NYC	BUICK
1N 8940	Edger Rutland	405 Lexington Ave., NYC	res.: Lake Road, Crompond, NY	bus. add. DESOTO
2N 5359	Paul Sandmeier	203-14 104 Ave., Hollis	bus. add.: same	BUICK
2N 3347	Michael Rizzo	441 E. 12 St., NYC	bus. add.: 119 W. 19 St., NYC	DODGE
2N 7558	Daniel Golden	4015 Dickinson Ave., Bx.	bus. add.: same	CHEV.
3N 6815	Morton Goldstein	2812 Bronx Park East, Bronx	bus. add.: Bird S. Coler Memorial Hospital, Welfare Island	
4N 84	Edward Nelson	1519 E. Third St., Bklyn.	bus. add.: 115 Manhattan Ave., NYC	CHEV.
4N 5114	Frederick Carlyle	22 368 St. Nicholas Ave., NYC	bus. add.: 502 West 48 St., NYC	PLY.
4N 8184	Joseph Winkler	4684 188 St., Flushing	bus. add.: 42-17 27 St., LIC	DODGE
5N 9615	Norman Berland	3718 Oceanic Ave., Bklyn.	bus. add.: 395 Bway, NYC	PLYMOUTH

6N 2715 James Yates 6 Jones St., NYC '49 Mercury

6N 2983 Elaine Tarantol 817 W. 170 St., NYC no bus add. '52 CHEV.

6N 2954 Sam Leone 348 E. 76 St., NYC bus. add.: none '53 DeSoto

6N 4898 Irving Arluck 8806 26 Ave., Bklyn. bus. add.: 114 Liberty St. NY '49 Ford

6N 5879 Jos. Bloomenfeld 109 W. 74 St., NYC bus. add.: 108 W. 74 St. NYC '51 Plymouth

6N 7312 Meyer Gelfman 890 E. 14 St., Bklyn. bus. add.: Rocksfeld Knitting Mills 152 W. 21 St., NYC '49 PLY

6N 8662 Harold Tamarin 309 Avenue C, Man. bus. add.: 202 E. 57 St., NYC '51 plymouth

7N 2212 Morris Madof 32-25 88 St., Queens. bus. add.: 3801 Queens Blvd. LIC '50 FORD

7N 3267 Herman Goffer 3312 Perry Ave., Bx. bus. add.: 100 W. 32 St., NYC '50 Dodge

7N 8472 C.B. Cotton & Co. Inc. 114 Forrest St., Bklyn. bus. add.: none '51 OLDS.

7N 8864 Hymen Rosoff 3472 Knox Pl., Bx. bus. add.: 29 W. 15 St. NYC '46 PLY.

8N 1681 Jos. M. Breuer 43-38 37 Pl., LIC bus. add.: Bird S. Coler Memorial Hospital, Welfare Island

8N 4243 Irwin Grill 1820 Phelan Pl., Bx. bus. add.: 84 Henderson Ave., Jersey City, N.J.

8N 8194 John Hedley Scudder 17 Stuyvesant Pl. NYC bus. add.: 49 CHEV.

~~SN 9169~~  
SN 919 Seymour Hyman 1539 Lexington Ave., NYC  
bus. add.: J. H. Cohen & Co., 810 Broad St., Newark, NJ  
'51 PLY.

~~SN 919~~  
SN 3101 Yale Forman 55 Seventh Ave., NYC  
bus. add.: same '53 PLY.

~~SN 3101~~  
SN 9169

SN 5616 Norma Holt 4012 44 St., LIC bus. add.: none '47 Ford

Q 6883 Eli Jaffe 79-13 47 Ave., Elmhurst  
bus. add.: 19 W. 44 St., NYC '39 Dodge

Q 8424 Wm. Tucker 190-15 B 73 Ave., Flushing bus. add.: 385 Madison Ave., NYC '50 PLY

Q 8872 Myer Weiss 141-02 79 Ave., Flushing  
bus. add.: Renwick Frocks 530 7 Av., NYC '48 Buick

2Q 693 Thos. Myerrough 204-13 Murdock Ave., St. Albans  
bus. add.: 151 W. 30 St. NYC '51 Pont.

2 Q 4464 Dora Raynes 138-50 60 Ave., Flushing  
bus. add.: none '40 Dodge

2Q 7237 Sidney Wexler 2352 Betschfelder St., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: 15 Ave. & 117 St., College Point '48 Chev.

3Q 7241 Nicholas Michael Diskoff 23-13 26 St., Astoria  
bus. add.: 15-46 129 St., College Point '48 Olds.

4Q 1683 Edmund J. Berlin 41-26 Albertson St., Elmhurst, Qns.  
bus. add.: 45-30 38 St., LIC '48 Chev.

4 Q 2150 Milton S. Ost, 150-15 72 Drive, Flushing, Qns.  
bus. add.: 11 West 46 St., NYC '56 Plymouth

4 Q 3797 Samuel Hyslop 72-31 51 St., Drive, Woodside, Qns.  
bus. add.: 605 W. 132 St., NYC '53 Ford

5Q 2531 Mrs. Mae Tandler 37 Elm Drive West, Levittown  
bus. add.: 161-10 Jamaica Ave., Jamaica '51 PLY.



- 8Q 7642 Jack Consenstein 69-37 Bell Blvd., Bayside  
 bus. add.: 122 E. 22 St. NYC '53 WILLIS
- 8Q 8154 Dorothy H. Rodman 79-21 147 St., Flushing, Queens bus. add.:  
 '51 Nash none
- 8Q 1672 Samuel Gventer 103-07 109 Ave., Ozone Park Queens  
 bus. add.: same '50 Ford
- 8Q 6378 Motoyama George Glean 1937 First Ave., NYC  
 bus. add.: 33 Ave., Broadway, NYC '35 Ford
- 7Q 2641 McFarland, Joel 3212 101 St., Corona, N.Y.  
 bus. add.: 47-16 Astor Pl., LIC '1941 Chrysler
- 7Q 5163 Julius Zeidel 47-25 40, L.I.C. bus. add.: 1410 Bway., NYC  
 '47 Plymouth
- 7Q 7239 Barbara M. Jones 21 New Gardens Rd. bus. add.: same '53 FORD
- 7Q 9720 Irving Gold 167 McKinley Ave., Bklyn. bus. add.: same '51 DESO.
- 8Q 1998 Seymour Lane 33-34 Crescent St., LIC bus. add.: 52 E. 19 St. NYC  
 '48 Desoto
- 8Q 756 Harold Scheiten 64-33 99 St., Forest Hills, N.Y.  
 bus. add.: 96-01 101 A Ave., Ozone Park
- 8Q 4528 Jerome Korman 147-24 Charter Rd., Jamaica  
 bus. add.: 92-24 168 St., Jamaica '47 Freiser
- R 2107 Pearl H. Sokolski 160 M Combs Ave., Woodmere, LI. '52 Packard
- 1R 5922 Harold Saks 608 Marcellus Rd., Williston Park, L.I.  
 '49 Studebaker
- 1R 6281 Samuel Garnett 474 Poplar Lane, East Meadows, L.I. '47 Ply.
- 3E 5119 Milton Rogers 164-40 Willets Point Blvd., Whitestone '48 Ford



- 1T 7556 David F. Parker 147-11 181 St., Springfield Gardens  
Student '37 Dodge
- 1T 9738 Patsy Russo 20-78 21 Ave., Astoria, Queens  
bus. add.: 107-01 Northern Blvd., Corona '59 Olds.
- 2T 2141 David Young 32-32 34 St., LIC 200 Summit Ave., Jersey City, N.J.  
'47 Chev.
- 2T 7536 Raymond L. Turner 585 Washington Ave., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: 250 South St., Newark, N. J. '50 Dodge
- 2T 7567 Ruth Landow 97-08 Metropolitan Ave., Forest Hills, LI  
bus. add.: none '50 Chrysler
- 4T 675 Jack Goldstein 156 E. 117 St., NYC bus. add.: none '55 Dodge
- 4T 1592 Harry A. Pollock 63-36 110 St., Forest Hills  
bus. add.: c/o Arthur Weiser 20 E. 53 St., NYC '49 Olds.
- 4T 2772 Joe. Ross 67-47 224 St., Bayside bus. add.: none '51 Pontiac
- 4T 3872 Paul Laven 156-08 Riverside Dr. West, NYC bus. add.: 82 Beaver  
'50 Lincoln St., NYC
- 4T 5678 Sidney Mendelbaum 108-50 63 Drive, Forest Hills, LI  
bus. add.: 243 W. 42 St., NYC '50 Studebaker
- 4T 5953 Esther Heitler 226 E. 12 St., NYC bus. add.: none '40 Pontiac
- 4T 7908 Arnold D. Hirsch 215-20 45 Ave., Bayside  
bus. add.: Univ. Atlas Cement Co. '48 Chev.
- 4T 7954 Miss G. Stern 30-47 29 St., LIC bus. add.: none  
'49 Chev.
- 4T 9150 Jess I. Aufrechtig 75-35 210 St., Bayside bus. add.: 59 B'way  
'51 Dodge NYC
- 4T 9599 Laura Faber 154 Frankel Blvd., Merrick, LI '57 Plymouth

- ST 818 Alfred H. Lawrence 40 W. 57 St. NYC bus. add.: same  
'52 Lincoln
- ST 1852 Harriet Itzcovitz bus. add.:  
581 Troy Ave., Bklyn. 1019 Flatbush Ave. '51 Chry.
- ST 2391 Max C. Wantman 82 Stephen Marc Lane, New Hyde Park, LI  
bus. add.: 13 Astor Pl., NYC '51 Studebaker
- ST 2678 George Auction Rooms Inc. 105 W. 51 St., NYC  
bus. add.: same '50 Buick
- ST 4679 Abraham Hesika 25 Chitlenden Ave., NYC bus. add.: none  
'50 Dodge
- ST 4748 Joseph Nasowitz 2185 Pacific St., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: 186 W. 4 St., NYC '50 Chev.
- ST 5680 Edith Ray 98-11 Queens Blvd., Rego Park bus. add.: none  
'48 Ply.
- ST 6726 Robert Everett Hart 20-42 Crescent St., Astoria  
bus. add.: 35 W. 45 St., NYC '50 Ply.
- ST 7729 Fred Dolgon 2255 East 12 St., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: 33 35 St., Bklyn. '51 Chev.
- ST 8031 Peter Sultz 216-03 68 Ave., Bayside  
bus. add.: Rockway Parkway & Ave. A, Bklyn. '50 Stud.
- ST 9312 Geo. Rogin 3 Brook Lane, Great Neck  
bus. add.: 30-33 Steinway St., LIC '51 Chev.
- ST 9526 Etta Deutsch Judith Gideon 410 Central Park W., Man.  
bus. add.: 912 Fifth Ave., NYC '41 Chev.
- ST 1176 Charles Rubin 150-66 87 Ave., Jamaica bus. add.: 50 W. 4 St.  
Man. '50 Chev.
- ST 1178 Leon Appel 501 W. 138 St., NYC bus. add.: 699 Madison Av. NY  
'52 Chev.
- ST 4740 Frances Goldenberg 109-23 71 St., Forest Hills  
bus. add.: None '50 Chev.

ST 8196 Rose B. Graze 21-25 Utopia Parkway, Whitestone  
'46 Ply. bus. add.: none

ST 8694 Benjamin Aronson 832 Linden Blvd., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: 1412 Broadway, NYC '49 Plymouth

1U 440 Louis Spector 32 Titus Ave., Staten Island  
bus. add.: 2011 First Ave., NYC Olds.

EU 7996 Bernard Weiss 109 W. 84 St., NYC bus. add.: 303 Washington St.,  
Bklyn.  
'51 Henry J.

2U 8089 Sol Schneyer 100 Van Cortland Park, Bronx  
bus. add.: 12 West 32 St., NYC '51 DeSoto

SU 2698 Ralph Fesanelle 610 W. 143 St., NYC bus. add.: None '42 Olds

SU 3071 Irving Seid 2112 Monegan, NYC bus. add.: same '42 Ford

SU 3446 Hymen Wolfson 714 Fairmount St., Bx.  
bus. add.: same '51 Ply.

SU 3540 Harold Zember 957 Falls St., Bx.  
bus. add.: Board of Ad., CCNY '52 Mercury

SU 5761 Doris Ketzen 614 W. 157 St., NYC bus. add.: none '46 Nash

4U 3795 Geo. Friedman 1109 Bryant Ave., Bx.  
bus. add.: 137 St. & Alex. Ave., Bx. '50 Dodge

5U 5736 Stanley Turkey 170 Brierwood Crossing, Lawrence, L.I.  
bus. add.: Victor Kramer Co., 545 Fifth Ave., NY C

5U 6378 Louis Tunick 1562 Thiriot Ave., Bx.  
bus. add.: 1739 Boston Rd., Bx. '49 Hudson

6U 450 Herbert Schmerler 1103 Washington Ave., Bx.  
bus. add.: same '39 Dodge

6U 1931 Sarah Goodelman 68 W. 238 St., Bx. bus. add.: none '48 Dodge

6U 3514 Burl Michelson 652 W. 189 St., Man. bus. add.: same '50 Dodge

6U 6783 Raymond Silverman 170 Sherman Ave., Bx. bus. add.: none  
'48 Olds.

6U 3389 Seymour A. Sper 1520 Croton Park E., Bx.  
bus. add.: same '53 Olds.

6U 7086 Mary Asch 1458 Westbury Pl., Bx. bus. add.: same '47 Hudson

6U 7334 Laurence H. Sherman 671 W. 162 St., Man. bus. add.: same  
'47 Pontiac

7U 2640 Salvatore Ceglis 2718 Fish Ave., Bx. 127 W. 25 St., NYC  
'50 Fly.

9U 3301

V 70 59 John A. Peterson 112 N. Regent St., Portchester, NY '49 Chrysler

1V 5281 Basil Kozier 47 Hawthorne Ave., Yonkers '52 Mercury

2V 3072 Elizabeth Moss Croton-On-Hudson, NY '49 Plymouth

2V 3390 Clare Ghinger 115 Kimball Terrace, Yonkers '50 Buick

3V 3390 Katherine Campbell Gilbert Park, Ossining, NY '53 Buick

3V 5299 Rosalind Druckman 440 8th Ave., North Belham, NY  
'59 Pontiac

3V 5716 Dr. Gerald I. Shapiro 15 Wall Pl., New Rochelle, NY  
'49 DeSoto

- 5V 8418 Louise Albert 1421 Memaroneck Ave., Memaroneck, NY '51 Plymouth
- 5V 8428 Vivian Schachter 1055 Findley Ave., NY 55 '49 Plymouth
- 4V 5327 David Kspowitz 3010 Yates Ave., NY 69 '80 Dodge
- 5V 2031 Harold Smith 7 Highland Pl., Yonkers '51 Dodge
- 5V 7743 Celie Schwartz 260 S. Second Ave., Bx. '52 Dodge  
(this reads "Bx." but possibly should be Mt. Vernon)
- 6V 1931 Rose M. Iarussso 430 So. 4th Ave., Mt. Vernon '52 Chev.
- 6V 6783 Jos. S. Bruski 535 Willett Ave., Portchester '50 Plymouth
- 6V 9816 Jos. J. Lesko 247 Greenvale Ave., Yonkers '53 Pontiac
- 6V 9817 Thelma Teback 2737 Barkel Ave., Bronxville '49 Plymouth
- 7V 3889 Bernard L. Mazee 9 Concord Ave., Larchmont '51 Dodge
- 8V 4032 Mario S. Bellotti 11 Delano Ave., Yonkers '51 Plymouth
- 8V 9465 Thomas Sokoloff 3999 Dickinson, Bronx bus. add.: same '53 Chry.
- 9V 3512 Mm. I. Margolies Nordies Blvd., near Croton, N. Y. '48 Hudson
- 9V 5861 Rubin Berger Hollow Brook Lake, Peekskill, NY '49 Chrysler
- 8V 5550 Michael Warren 993 Neill Ave., Bx. '49 Pontiac

SN 9543 Abe Shulman 2020 Arthur Ave., Bx. '49 Chev.  
7N 4047 Eugene S. Ritson 60 Lincoln Ave., New Rochelle, NY  
'53 Hudson  
7N 6422 George Rubman 2995 Marion Ave., NY 58 '52 Plymouth  
SN 1587 Hunter S. Frost 193 Bedford Rd., Pleasantville, NY '51 Stude.  
Y 1855 Fay Penzner 4 west 93 St., NYC bus. add.: same '48 Nash  
Y 3553 Jack Bloch 39-61 44 St., LIC 60 E. 42 St., NYC '49 Dodge  
Y 3929 Florence W. Klodin 80 Van Cortland Park So., Bx. bus. add.: none  
'48 Frazer  
Y 4911 Harry Roffman 4520 12 Ave., Bklyn. bus. add.: 900 Dean St.,  
Bklyn. '47 Pontiac  
Y 5297 Murray A. Stone 43-10 48 Ave., Woodside, Wns.  
bus. add.: 838 Lexington Ave., NYC '51 Ford  
Y 5528 John C. Goldner 141-42 79 Ave., Flushing  
bus. add.: 163 Bradford St., Bklyn. '51 Chev.  
Y 6186 Alfred Bechner 605 E. 13 St., Man. bus. add.: 33 East 42 St.,  
'50 Ply. NYC  
Y 8087 Archie Levin 80 Van Cortland Park So., Bx. 7 W. 56 St., NYC  
'49 DeSoto  
1Y 2093 Manny Sherman 1070 Alder Ave., Bx.  
bus.: Dept. of Health, NYC '52 Nash  
1Y 3772 Miriam Lichtzer 25-40 31 Ave., Astoria bus. add.: none  
'40 Pontiac  
1Y 4595 Bernard Raphan 56 Cannon St., Man.  
add.: 450 Seventh Ave., NYC '50 Olds.



1Y 4710 Sonja Bulsly 162 W. 99 St., NY 25, NY  
bus. add.: none '52 Nash

1Y 4992 Henry Horn 355 Clinton Ave., Bklyn.  
bus. add. 34 St. & Bway, NYC '51 Packard

1Y 6493 Perry Matthew 448 E. 20 St., NY 9 76 Ninth Ave., NY  
'58 Pontiac

1Y 8657 David Bekur 1717 E. 14 St., Bklyn. bus. add.: 482 Third Ave. NYC  
bus. add.: '50 Buick

1Y 8945 Imperial Venetian Blind 1225 Broadway, NYC '52 Ply.

1Y 9915 Lawrence H. Hammer 70-40 Parsons Blvd., Queens  
bus. add.: 22 W. 48 St., NYC '48 Hudson

2Y 1954 Philip Glicksman 975 E. 179 St., Bx. bus. add.: 209 W. 38 St. NY  
bus. add.: '49 Chev.

2Y 2289 David Diener 10 E. 16 St., NYC bus. add.: 445 Park Ave., NYC  
'52 Dodge

2Y 3397 Ethel M. Schub 3 Station Rd., Great Neck, LI bus. add: none  
'49 Pontiac

2Y 3804 Irving A. Meas 300 E. 57 St., NY bus. add.: 28 W. 44 St., NYC  
'51

2Y 6950 Harold Kamerling 5435 Kings Highway, Bklyn.  
bus. add.: 112 Montague St., Bklyn. '51 Ply.

2Y 8536 Max Weintraub 111-45 76 Ave., Qns. bus. add.: 251 W. 42 St., NYC  
'52 Dodge

2Y 9389 Reba Gordon 540 W. 165 St., NY bus. add: None '47 Desoto

3Y 6672 Robert Corrine 182-25 Wexford Terrace, Qns.  
bus. add: 621 Water St., NYC '51 Stud.

3Y 7045 Max Bergin 57 Legion St., Bklyn. 284 Seckman St., Bklyn.  
'48 Chrys.

- 5Y 8665 Samuel L. Santoro  
8017 Woodhaven Blvd., Qns. bus. add: 165 Broadway, NY '49 Chev.
- 4Y 3819 Tillie Butlermen 1 Tennis Court, Bklyn. bus. add.: none  
'50 Olds.
- 4Y 4237 Elaine V. Jones 28 Macombs Place, NY bus. add.: none '52 Ford
- 4Y 4904 Howard S. Hyman 157-23 18 Ave., Queens  
bus. add.: 115 Manhattan Ave., Bklyn. '53 Stud.
- 4Y 8518 Murray Berkman 144-34 78 Rd., Queens  
bus. add.: Record Lace Emb. Co., 1270 Broadway, NYC '51 Olds.
- 4Y 8244 Bernard Friedlander 1505 Boston Rd., Bx.  
bus. add.: Jericho Turnpike, Mineola '49 Chev.
- 5Y 874 Sylvia Kolko 63-61 Yellowstone Blvd., Queens bus. add: none  
'51 Desoto
- 5Y 2198 Willie Kaplan 1760 Anthony Ave., Bx. bus. add.: 711 Fifth Ave.  
'50 Ford NYC
- 5Y 2608 Rev. Richard Fulton, 1711 Davidson Ave., Bx. bus. add.: none  
'51 Chev.
- 5Y 3183 Theresa Hicken 3980 Urluff Ave., Bx. bus. add.: none '49 Ply.
- 5Y 4801 Cherry Cooper 105-45 63 Rd., Queens  
bus. add.: Shoppe Wilkes Inc., 215 Fourth Ave., NYC '38 Dodge
- 5Y 4957 Pinus Berkowitz 5 Minerva Pl., Bronx 68 bus. add: 330 7 Av. N.Y.  
'52 Ply.
- 5Y 5776 Jos. Fink 24-44 77 St., Queens bus. add.: HMK90-14 Corona Av., Queens  
'48 Dodge
- 5Y 6326 Rosina C. Mosca, 162 Pulaski St., Bklyn. bus. add: 115 B'way, NY  
'49 Ply.
- 5Y 6790 Irving Adler 36-12 Corp. Kennedy St. Bayside, LI  
add.: 361 W. 18 St., NYC '50 Ply.

6Y 8695 Erwin White, 610 W. 142 St., NYC bus. add.: 44 Broed St., NYC  
'51 Chev.

6Y 9531 Sidney Rosenblatt 1748 Stuart St., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: 2956 West 4th St., Bklyn. '52 Ford

6Y 3447 Max Silverstein 2754 Bronx Park, Br. bus. add.: 1199 Broadway, NYC  
'49 Olds.

6Y 4116 Jack L. Sommerfield 73-47 182 St., Flushing  
bus.: 498 Seventh Ave., NYC '52 Chry.

4752 Eugene Siegal 220-67 73 Ave., Bayside  
6Y 2212 bus. add.: 443 W. 127 St., NYC '50 Stud.

7Y 982 Theodore Wolfe Eisenberg 35-20 24 St., LIC bus. add.: None  
'51 Ply.

7Y 2446 Nathan Lambert 605 E. 14 St., NYC bus. add.: 39 Broadway '49 Olds

7Y 2904 Eli Greenfield 35-50 21 St., LIC bus. add.: 116 W. 32 St., NYC  
XXXX '46 Chev.

7Y 3264 Milton Unterman 2932 Brighton St., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: 40 Charlton St., NY 1951 Stud.

7Y 4341 Abe Lieberman 1547 Longfellow Ave., NYC bus. add.: 978 E 174 St.  
Ex. '49 Olds.

7Y 5059 Barney Friedenber 8627 23 Ave., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: New Hyde Park, L.I. '47 Ply.

7Y 5325 Albert Prago 105-37 64 Ave., Queens bus. add.: same '49 Dodge

7Y 5770 Etta Glaser 105-25 64 Ave., Queens bus. add.: same  
1952 Plymouth

7Y 6356 Isidore Areuss 2255 Bronx Wood Ave., Br. bus. add.: 19 Rector St.  
'51 Chev.

7Y 7117 Morwitz 3907 44 St., LIC bus. add.: none '50 Ford

7Y 8030 Nan Dickman 5136 Ferry Ave., Bx. bus. add: same '53 Willys

7Y 8171 Irving Applebaum 211 St. James Place, Bklyn.  
bus. add: 5813 Third Ave., Bklyn. '49 Chev.

7Y 9358 Philip Loeb 440 E. 9 St., Bklyn. bus. add.: same '53 Ford

8Y 1936 Marvin Wolfson 67-53 Bell Blvd., Bayside bus. add.: 295 Madison  
'51 Ply. Av., NYC

8Y 2444 Sylvia Krantz 226-47 Kingsbury Ave., Queens  
bus. add.: same 1951 Ford

8Y 2522 Jacob Friedman 224-16 Stronghurst Ave., Queens  
bus. add.: 20 Vesey St., NYC '50 Hudson

8Y 3256 Edward Green 410 East 20 St., NYC  
bus. add.: 1775 Broadway, NYC '41 Chrys.

8Y 3537 Jerome Robbins 8615 Ft. Hamilton Parkway, Bklyn.  
bus. add.: 43-01 Queens Blvd., LIC '52 Ply.

8Y 4028 Simon Federman 625 Ocean Ave., Bklyn. bus. add.: 162 W. 34 St. NYC

8Y 4555 Sylvia Jaroslow 55-20 24 St., LIC- '51 Chev.

8Y 5537 Irving Gladstein 196-Rockaway Parkway, Bklyn.  
bus. add.: 93 Nassau St., NYC '49 Nash

8Y 6153 Abraham Bloch 274-B 138 St., Belle Harbor  
bus. add.: 259 Rogers Ave., Bklyn. '53 DeSoto

8Y 6239 Julian Asher 1014 Park Pl., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: Bryant High School, L.I.C. '39 Chrys.

8Y 9404 Dr. William Mendelson 78 Waukens Ave., Oceanside  
bus. add.: same '51 Ply.

8Y 9603 Herbert A. Cohen 453 E. 14 St NYC  
bus. add.: same Adelman Inc., 1375 Broadway, NYC '50 Pontiac

9Y 516 Paul Heiblum 1451 52 St., Bklyn, '47 Ply.  
bus. add.: 20-72 Bowery, NY

9Y 652 Ira Phillip 1465 Plum Lane, East Meadow, L.I.  
bus. add.: 351 W. 52 St., NYC '52 Hudson

9Y 799 John C. Butterweck 130-19 118 St., Queens  
bus. add.: 62 & Broadway, NYC '49 Chev.

9Y 2213 Meyer Weinberg 2100 Westbury Court, Bklyn.  
bus. add.: 51 Chambers St., NYC '50 Pontiac

9Y 3785 Dr. Lewis Kroll 301 E. 21 St., NYC  
bus. add.: 595 Madison Ave., NYC '51 Pontiac

9Y 4248 Daniel Krauss 5445 Kings Highway, Bklyn.  
bus. add.: 55 Vesey St., NY '51 Ford

9Y 5199 Mrs. Gloria Most 75-10 249 St., Bellerose, LI bus. add.: none  
'49 Chev.

9Y 6704 Samuel Steinberg 150-16 77 Rd., Flushing, LI  
bus. add.: 147-29 Union Turnpike, Flushing '50 Dodge

9Y 8675 Harry Aaron Hyman 719 W. Ninth St., NY  
bus. add.: 144 Montague St., Bklyn. '51 Dodge

9Y 6821 Bernice Seltzer 1527 Metropolitan Ave., Bx.  
P.O. 63, Bx., NY '51 Nash

9Y 9270 Lorraine Foner 147-42 75 Ave., Flushing bus. add: None  
'52 Ply.

1Z 1614 Judith Weitzman 601 W. 115 St., NY 26, NY  
bus. add.: Dobbs Corner, Canal and Broadway, N.Y. '50 Ford

2Z 2589 Nat Barnett c/o Liebhaber 527 Carpenter Ave., Oceanside, L.I.  
'41 Olds.

4Z 1571 Gussie Rosenthal 950 Grand Concourse, Bx. bus.add:148 W. 23 St.,  
'50 DeSoto NYC

XB 789 Seymour Pecersily 3515 Rochambeau Ave. Bx.  
bus. add.: 114 W. 168 St., Bx. '50 Ford

- IB 769 Seymour Pecarsily 3515 Rochambeau Ave., Bx.  
bus. add: 114 W. 168 St., NYC '50 FORD
- IB 4538 Peter Goodman 2707 Sedgwick Ave., Bx. bus. add.: none  
'41 Buick
- IB 5565 William Retter 25-30 Holland Ave., Bx. bus. add: none '47 Pont.
- IB 3944 Harry Brofman 2531 Olinville Ave., Bx.  
bus. add.: 578 Grove St., Jersey City, NJ  
'47 Chev.
- IB 4728 Samuel Friedman 2162 Creston Ave., Bx. bus. add: 582 Union Av., Bkly  
'51 Stud.
- IB 6119 Melvin Beinart 87 Barrow St., N<sup>Y</sup> bus. add: 350 Fifth Av. NYC  
'53 Ply.
- IC 248 Philip Tiger 690 Allerton Av., Bx. bus. add: 750 River Av., Bx.  
'41 Chry.
- IC 781 Alfred Kouzel 309 W. 69 St., NYC bus. add: same '51 Nash
- IC 2175 Jos. Anfricht 76 Pinhurst Ave., NY bus. add: same '51 Chev.
- IC 4248 David Yudell 2814 Bronx Park, NY bus. add: 309 E 106 St., NYC  
'46 Pont.
- IC 5555 Marcey Jacobson 3472 Knox Pl., Bx bus. add: 105 E 106 St., NYC  
'40 Olds.
- IC 6321 Jos. Postina 3439 Corsa Av., Bx. bus. add: none '40 Nash
- IC 6955 Waldorf Pound Cake Co. 909 E. 135 St., Bx. '53 Ply.
- IC 9925 Charles Hoff 17-44 201 St., Bayside 250 W. 26 St., NYC '50 Dod
- IB 9055 Herbert Weissbach 340 Haven Ave. NY bus. add: same '53 Ply.

ZU 7996 - no record no such number

SUB 1791 Saul Schiff 60 Park Rd., Scarsdale bus. add: 25 W. 43 St. NY  
'47 Olds.

SUB 2400 Bernard Lisk 200 Brighton 15 St., Bklyn.  
bus. add: 936 First Ave., NYC '49 Willys.

SUB 3878 P. Nathan Sone Inc. 425 E. 53 St., NYC bus. add: same '51 Pont.

SUB 6716 Leo Gross 36-11 217 St., Bayside, LI, NY  
bus. add: 100 Metropolitan Ave., Bklyn. '50 Chev.

SUB 10098 Peter Smollett 75 W. 89 St., NYC bus. add: 245 W 55 St. NY  
'51 Ply.

SUB 10484 James R. Becker Upper Jay, Essex, N.Y.  
bus. add: 932 Broadway, NYC '55 Pont.

SUB 11168 Abram S. Ginnes 47 MacDougal St., NY bus. add: same '51 Chev

SUB 13529 Katherine Pinckney 3219 102 St., East Elmhurst  
bus. add: 125 North St. '1950 Willys

SUB 14083 Sara Abelson 4701 43 Ave., Sunnyside bus. add: 196 Bleecker  
'48 Willys St., NY

SUB 14345 Bensy Painting Co., 303 Central Ave., Lawrence '52 Ply.

SUB 14387 Helen Eisner 122 Oak St., Woodmere, N.Y. '51 Pont.

SUB 15442 Leon Jerome Taub 1317 Findley Ave., Bx.  
bus. add: Cooper Union, Cooper Square, NYC '51 Ply.

SUB 18611 Ned Thomas 239 A Brooklyn Ave., Bklyn.  
bus. add: 40 1/2 Eighth Ave., NYC '51 Plymouth

SUB 19 112 Sadie Gobieb 1471 E. 4 St., Bklyn. bus. add: same '52 Des

SUB 196585 No record - no such number

SUB 20011 George Berkov 2980 Brighton 12 St., Bklyn.  
bus. add. same

SUB 22007 Benjamin Lipschitz 1392 East New York Ave., Bklyn.  
bus. add.: 712 Sutter Ave., Bklyn. '47 Chev.

SUB 230 52 Henriette Simon 1583 Coney Island Ave. bus. add: none  
'51 Nash

SUB 31755 Werner Leo Schott 109-26 Ave Pl., St. Albans  
bus. add.: 980 8 Ave., NYC '51 Plymouth

SUB 38294 Bess Weintraub 92-16 Whitney Ave., Elmhurst '50 Willys

SUB 39 955 Zoltan Farkas 1535 Walton Ave., Bx.  
bus. add.: 1050 Walton Ave., Bx. '50 Ply.

SUB 40 795 Isaac Cohen 465 Central Park West? NY bus.add: none  
'40 Pont.

SUB 41361 Florence Platner 1425 Macombs Rd., Bx. bus.add: none '51  
Frazer

SUB 41 793 Henrietta A. Friedman 340 E. 66 St., NYC no bus. add.  
'53 Ford

SUB 43 789 Lewis Ofsevit 1700 Crotona Park, Bx.  
bus. add.: 26 Kingsbridge '49 Chev.

SUB 51 2441 No record no such #

SUB 80802 Theodore Slade 93 Plainfield Rd., Albertson, LI '50 Ford

SUB 86890 Benjamin Weinstein 220 West End ave., Bklyn. '53 Dodge



- EB 6138 Solomon Shuldiner 655 E. 158 St., Bx. bus. add: 125 Willis Ave., NY '51 Ply.
- EC 1181 Edna Luftig 2355 Grand Concourse, Bx. no bus. add.: '41 Stud.
- EC 8192 Ernest Koch R.F.D. #1 Wurtsboro, Sullivan Co., NY bus.: 125 Willis Ave., NY '51 Chev.
- EK 1756 Doris Sheffer 805 St. Marks Ave., Bklyn. no bus. add. 152 Plymouth
- EN 5390 Magnus Bayer 63 Crescent Pl., Yonkers bus. add.: Coca-Cola Bottling Co., 425 E. 54 St., NYC '50 Ply.
- EN 9826 Sylvia Eile 362 Cypress Ave., Bx. no bus. add.: '57 Ply.
- BQ 9766 Stanley Levine 3965 Sedgwick Ave., Bx. bus. add.: 2104 122 St., NYC '48 Ply.
- EX 2202 Sidney Bernstein 3418 Gates Pl., Bx. bus. add: 76 Ninth Av. NYC '52 Merc.
- EX 2729 Max H. Figur 1226 Sheridan Av., Bx. no bus. add. '51 DeSoto
- EY 620 Irving Stebinsky 2286 Pitkin Av., Bklyn. bus. add: 307 Blake Av. Bklyn. '51 Ply.
- EY 3504 Ulysses Pearson 578 Monroe St., Bklyn. bus. add: Brooklyn Navy Yard Bklyn. '52 Packard
- EY 3760 Irving Simon Davis 383 So. 3 St., Bklyn. bus add: same '46 Nash
- EY 7967 Frank Solfer 626 Clinton St., Bklyn. bus. add: 9 Williams Pl., Bklyn. & '46 Stud.
- CB 2258 Louis Golden 3039 Wallace Ave., Bx. bus add: 501 91 St., '52 Mercury
- CB 2853 Samuel Carpiloff 1910 Belmont Av., Bx. bus add: same '50 Ply.

CB 3717 Owen Brown 130 W. 116 St., NYC bus add: 309 W 125 St NYC  
'50 Buick

CK 1259 Cecile Greene 3024 Avenue V, Bklyn. no bus add:  
'51 Ply.

CK 2456 Frank Legos 73 Henry St., Bklyn. bus add: 60 Hudson, NYC  
'49 Buick

CK 5174 Adolph Wertheim 7701 Bay Parkway, Bklyn.  
bus add: Handmade Footwear 4 Washington Pl. '52 Dodge

CK 5520 Morris Langman 12 Brighton 4 Terrace, Bklyn.  
bus add: P S 171, Manhattan '39 Ply.

CQ 3601 Harry Nobel 141-10 25 Rd., Flushing  
bus add: Aversa, 146 W. 29 St., NYC '48 Chev.

CQ 8414 Herbert A Spingler 56-30 136 St., Flushing  
bus add: 4 Irving Pl., NYC '51 Nash

CQ 8515 Theodore Sale 201 Sullivan, NYC no bus add '40 Ford

KB 398 Seymour Rosenfeld 85 Clarkson Ave., Bklyn.  
bus add: 209 Bronx Term. Market '52 Stud.

KB 413 Jack Peck 325 Ocean Ave., Bklyn. bus add: 6 St. & Second Av.,  
'53 Pont. Bklyn.

KB 4399 Robert Goldman 2049 E. 36 St., Bklyn.  
bus add: Levins St. & So. Hackensack, NJ '48 Nash

KB 5337 Morris Weinstein 2122 E. 13 St., Bklyn.  
bus add: 2823 Coney Island Ave., Bklyn. '52 Dodge

KB 9064 Jos. Lyons 1439 Ocean Ave., Bklyn.  
bus. add: 29 W. 38 St., NYC '47 Olds.

KC 2520 Robert Schlenger 2212 Ditmas Ave., Bklyn. No bus.add.  
'52 Stud.

KB 6095 Hyman Rosen 2502 Avenue D, Bklyn. bus add: 252 Driggs, Bklyn.  
'52 Ford

- KH 7888 Henry Reshkin, 124 Oxford St., Bklyn.  
bus add: 15 Coleridge St., Bklyn. '50 Olds.
- KH 1410 Irving Friedman, 174 Chester St., Bklyn, '42 Ply. sedan  
bus add: 9 Murray St. NYC
- KH 6644 George Posnek, 1033 Ocean Ave., Bklyn.  
bus add: 85-03 37 Ave., Jackson Heights, LI '48 Pont.
- KQ 7058 Pearl Kemp, 7245 Perk Drive East, Flushing, LI  
housewife '48 Dodge sedan
- KS 8284 Eli Dobrow 1328 41 St., Bklyn.  
bus add: '53 Dodge
- KS 4877 Morris Cohen, 2075 65 St., Bklyn.  
bus add: 33 Flatbush Ave., Bklyn. '47 Buick sedan
- KU 11-12 Bernard Stoller 7 Uarvel (?) Lane, Levittown '53 Plymouth
- KU 9380 Irving Zabell 324 Cedar Lane, East Meadow, LI '53 Stud.
- KU 788 Rudolph V. Beusch, 62 Walnut Ave., East Farmingdale, LI  
'53 Chrysler
- LK 7475 Samuel Gates, 10 Ocean Parkway, Bklyn. '50 Pont.  
no bus add:
- LQ 2906 Jsa. J. Friedman, 139-60 85 Dr., Jamaica, Queens. '50 Plymouth
- NB 7837 Samuel Rosen 40-50 Denman St., Queens '53 Willys
- NC 9111 Bernard H. Berman 236 Twin Lane, East Wantagh, LI '48 DeSoto
- ND 5913 Rose Sherk 194 Floral Blvd., Floral Park '50 Stud.
- ND 8743 Jos. Richard Pierpont 38 Larkspur Av., N. Merrick, LI '47 Chev.

NO 84 Nell Greenfield 124 W. 85 St. NYC '50 Studebaker  
bus: 212 W. 43 St.

NO 8315 Edward Forder 275 W. Jamaica Ave., Valley Stream, LI  
'41 Chrysler

NO 9668 Max J. Kleiner 523 Hazel Dr., Woodmere, LI '50 Pontiac

NK 1485 Lora Bondrow Lubin 912 Custer St., Valley Stream, LI '46 Pont.

NY 745 Isadore Alexander 81-15 245 Pl., Douglaston, 4 Bx., NY  
'50 Ford

NS 6518 Irving Feiner 1810 Longfellow Ave., Br. '53 Stud.

NY 2182 Robert Ferman 1405 Plum Lane, East Meadow, Qns. '51 Nash

NY 4142 Morris Hoffman 22 Chadwick Rd., Great Neck, LI '53 Chev.

NY 7799 Herman L. Babod 2502 Barnes Ave., NY '51 Ford

NY 8615 Irving Borick 31 Club Dr., Kew-Forest, LI '53 Dodge

NY 2767 Samuel B. Alein, 22 Catherine St., Lynbrook '50 Dodge

NK 4000 Harry Ronis 811 Coffrey Ave., Far Rockaway '53 Dodge  
(possibly Ronis)

NY 9094 Benjamin Slater, 347 W. Market St., Long Branch '47 Plymout

NY 3896 David J. Algase, 40 Allenwood Rd., Great Neck '51 Olds.

NY 1613 Leonard Tannenbaum, 1075 E. 12 St., Bklyn bus add: 25 W. 43 St.  
'53 Chev.

PE 1613 Wm. M. Steinfeldt 217 Weston Rd., Buffalo, NY

FL 3845 Herbert Wellman, 832 Midwood St., Bklyn.

QB 1420 Irving Gordon, 113-11 76 Rd., Forest Hills, Queens '48 Pontiac

QB 6470 Jos. Amato, 87-25 Kingston Pl., Jamaica, Qns.  
bus add: 61-34 Fresh Meadow Lane, Qns. '51 Chev. conv. yellow

QC 4986 Leonard Pottruck, 984 Bronx Park So., Bx.  
bus add: Balock Inst. Corp., College Point, Qns. '47 DeSoto

QK 2173 Max Sparer, 6124 59 Ave., Woodside, Qns.  
bus add: 110 Livingston St., Bklyn. '51 Chev.

QK 5417 Max B. Wieselthier, 22 Rogers Ave., Bklyn.  
bus add: 80-16 101 Ave., Ozone Park, Qns. '51 Ford

QN 4413 Karl V. Amstueck, 31-61 Riverhead Dr., South Beach, Nassau, LI  
95-25 149 St., Jamaica '52 Henry J.

QN 4018 Helen Sullivan, 3951 44 St., LIC, Qns.  
bus add: 1 Williams St., NYC '46 Dodge club coupe, green

QN 6023 Jack Goldberg, 1700 Crotona Park East, Bx.  
bus add: 30 Ferry St., NYC '49 Ply.

QA 5490  
QA 5490 Bertram Rovics, 81-11 266 St., Floral Park, Qns.  
bus add: 10 E. 52 St., NYC '50 Ply.

QU 763 Martin Murphy, 140-18 Ash Av., Bx Flushing, Qns.  
bus add: 41-84 Main St., Flushing '39 Buick

QU 4061 Emanuel Ehrlich, 69-23 213 St., Bayside  
bus add: 117-18 Queens Blvd., Forest Hills, Qns. '51 Chev.

QU 1155 Leo Sylvan Kaplan, 8655 Bay Parkway, Bklyn.  
bus add: Queens College, Qns. '52 Chrysler

QU 8054 Daniel Levitt, 97-09 34 Ave., Corona, Qns. bus add: 99 Steuben St.,  
'51 Ford

QU 6520 Elsie T. Love, 21-50 33 Rd., LIC bus add: 21-50 33 Rd., LIC '53 Pont.

QU 9125 Bertrand Mangel, 163-45 Willets Point Blvd., Flushing, LI bus add: 383 Madison Ave., NYC '49 Pont.

QS 2054 Peter Sheynak, 12-54 149 St., Queens bus add: same '50 Chev.

RG 2278 Albert Grenot 9 Pride Lane, Westbury, LI, NY '50 studebaker

RS 2411 Jerome Silverman, 873 Preston Rd., East Meadow, LI '46 Olds.

RS 6427 Mollie Copen, 51 Brompton Lane, Great Neck, LI '48 Dodge

RY 3310 Cellen Furniture W.P. Corp., 36 Main St., White Plains, NY '53 Ford

UL 7768 Max Finestone Accord, NY

VC 9297 no such number

VM 393 Irene Craft, 2221xx909 North Broadway, White Plains, NY

WE 1271 Max Sobel, 14 Albemarle Ave., New Rochelle, NY '50 Dodge

WE 6626 I. Jerry Stimmel, 248 Eastern Parkway, Bklyn. '49 Kaiser

WE 6667 Sadie Barr, 84 St. Johns Ave., Yonkers '51 Plymouth

WE 9811 Jay S. Rosenblatt, 2041 Holland Ave., NY 60 '50 Plymouth

WP 6470 Raymond Monea 1738 Crotona Park, Bronx '53 Plymouth

- R 32 111 Bethpage Auto Sales Corp., 4120 Hempstead Tpk., Bethpage  
used car dealer
- DLR 37172 Capitol Motor Inc., 2 East 172 St., Bronx used car dealer
- COM. 407 181 Minnie Atkin, 811 Walton Ave., Bronx bus add: 989 Lex. Av.  
'49 Ford NYC
- 5 MD 569 Sidney S. Goldensohn, 156 W. 86 St., NYC  
'51 Olds.
- 62 MD 60 Nicholas Graham, M.D. 25-19 23 Ave., Astoria, Wis.  
bus add: same '53 Dodge
- 3227 MD Leonard I. Gordon, 330 Power Ave., Bk.  
bus add: New York Hospital, 68 St. & York Av., NYC  
'53 Pontiac
- 4 MD 654 Hyman Willinger MD 105 East 88 St., NYC  
bus. add: 59 East 73 St., NYC '49 Chev.
- 15 MD 58 Burnett S. Rawson 82 N. Middletown Rd., Pearl River, NY  
'53 Chrysler
- 1224  
1224 MD Ernest H. Kusch, MD Wards Island, N. Y.  
'50 Dodge four-door sedan
- MD 9103 Morris Jack Frumin 83 Pinecrest Parkway, Hasting, NY  
'50 Buick
- MD 3665 Dr. Florence C. Stein, Wards Island, NYC  
362 Schermerhorn St., Bklyn. '48 Pont.
- 2228 MD Eugene Freundlich, MD 16 Pomander Walk, NY  
bus add: 697 West End Ave., NYC '53 Dodge
- 3227 MD Jacques Kroner 333 Central Park West, NYC '40 LaSalle
- ~~MD 9103~~XX  
XX
- 9 MD 766 Harry I. Cohen, MD, 681 Clarkson Av., Bklyn. bus add: same  
'50 Ford

7053 MD Irving J. Crain 190 Mallon Ave., Almont, LI, NY '51 Packard

1565504 CAL. no such registration number

15 94 355 CAL. Barbara Thomas Woolley, 2372 Loma Vista Pl., Los Angeles, Calif  
Nash station wagon

1 W 43 445 CAL. Edward Kitogard, 624 So. Hampshire, Los Angeles, Cal.  
Buick sedan.

2-178-329  
217 8329 ILLINOIS Irving Burgie 4630 S. McDowell, Chicago, Ill.  
1949 Studebaker

656303 MASS. Frances P. Homans, 2561 Washington St., Canton, Mass.  
1949 Plymouth sedan

N.J. 65 S Paul Lang 19 Hazard Rd., Elizabeth, N.J.

B 74 X N.J. Product Design and Mfg., 131 Cambridge Ave., Englewood, NJ  
1

E 269 N.J. Leo Chane, 580 Hawthorne Ave., Newark, N. J.  
P

E 72 E N.J. General Medical Supply, 457 Elizabeth Ave., Newark, N.J.  
J

H  
C 27E N.J. Gloria Feldman, 27 Emory St., Jersey City, N.J.

1 68 X N.J. Stuart Ballin, 29 Denison St., Jersey City, N.J.  
1

1 59 C N.J. Oscar Christensen, 5927 Hudson Blvd., North Bergen, NJ  
X



J 922 N.J. Isaac Gienensky 9 22nd St., Irvington, N. J.

KO 783 N.J. Sal Landsman, 98 Van Ness Court, Maplewood, N. J.

L H 25 N.J. Ida Rocklin, 19 Stratford Pl., Newark, N. J.

I 63P N.J. John Nette, 63-12th St., Lakewood, N. J.

L 45 X N.J. Joseph Appelberg, 257 E. 4 St., Lakewood, N. J.

M/A 5416 N.J. Jerome Weindenfield, R.D.3, Box 597, Lakewood, N.J.

M D 65 N.J. Economy Fire and Recapp., Lakewood Rd., Freehold, N. J.

N 992 NJ George Knezek, 6 Jennie Pl., Arbor, N. J.

N Z 792 N.J. no such registration

U 605 NJ Sal Fanshal, 1495 Village Rd., Union, N. J.

P A 429 NJ Nettie Chapko, 255 Feronia Way, Rutherford, NJ

18 N N.J. Shirley Miller, 343 Fair St., Paterson, NJ

688 N.J. Samuel Hale, 151 Second St., Englewood, NJ

741 KF PENN. Monte Blair, 3536 Hull Ave., Bronx, NY  
Plymouth sedan

3F 392 PENNA. Sylvan L. Levey, 3939 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.  
Studebaker sedan

AT 4281 MICH. Seymour Schleimer, 12 Chicassee Lane, Levittown, N.Y.

CY 1596 MICH. Robert Darling, 6889 John B Road, Rochester, Michigan

86 570 VIRGINIA Aghavni Chezarian, 2911 Elwood Av., Richmond, Va.  
1953 Desoto sedan

1 1839 RHODE ISLAND Marie M. LeComte, 96 Harrison Ave., Lakewood, R.I.

William A. Reuben

b7D

165 Broadway New York 6, N. Y.  
Room 2000

An open letter to everyone who isn't afraid to face the facts:

Dear Sir or Madam:

I am about to expose a bigger secret than the atom bomb.

The heart of the secret is this:

Every single one of the Atom Bomb Spy Cases is a fraud.

Let me say it another way, so I'm sure you will understand:

Every single so-called Atom Bomb Spy, whether confessed or convicted, IS INNOCENT of the charges made.

I have the facts to back up this statement. It took me two years to collect them and put them into the manuscript for a book. The enclosed brochure will tell you about the book I have just written, "THE ATOM SPY MYTH - - From Hiroshima to the Rosenbergs."

You are, of course, entitled to know what my background is, as a means of helping you judge the seriousness of this book and the charges and evidence in it.

I wrote the first articles on the Trenton Six, based on facts previously unknown. These articles led to the saving from the electric chair of the six Negro men who were condemned to death, and to making the case a cause celebre throughout the world.

Again, in 1951, when there were no protests challenging the guilt of the Rosenbergs, I wrote the articles which led to the formation of the Rosenberg Committee and a world-wide movement for mercy and justice.

You can understand, I'm sure, why "THE ATOM SPY MYTH" will not be printed by ordinary publishers; why I've had to arrange to publish it myself. The book is at the printer's now and will be ready shortly. But I have spent all my funds in doing the research and the writing of the book, and I must obtain advance orders now. Otherwise, this secret hoax will remain a secret.

The regular trade edition is planned to sell at \$3. If you will send me at least \$3. now, you will make it possible for me to print the book and promote it so that it can have mass distribution. In return, I will send you a specially-bound presentation copy signed by me.

I hope you order some for your friends, too, at the same price. But I am depending on you for at least \$3. so that these hidden facts can be told. I am not asking for my sake. I am asking for the sake of those who have been involved and the others who will surely be involved unless you help me expose this hoax now. I am asking for the sake of Morton Sobell's freedom and for the sake of the Rosenberg's memory -- and for the sake of the truth they sacrificed their lives to make known.

An order blank is enclosed. Thank you, very much.

Gratefully,

William A. Reuben

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100-107111-1B-558



b7D

exposing

**THE GREATEST  
HOAX  
IN HISTORY!**

**THE  
ATOM  
SPY  
MYTH**

from  
**Hiroshima to the Rosenbergs**

By **WILLIAM A. REUBEN**

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**the truth behind  
the Rosenbergs'  
death and the  
spy hunts!**

Exposing the REAL secret of the Atom Bomb Spy Hunt—the secret the Government has tried to suppress. "The Atom Bomb Spy Myth" by William A. Reuben shows how each planned step in the Cold War was preceded by an A-spy scare to soften up the American people for war!

**DO YOU KNOW—**

- That Fuchs worked with Nazis in Germany? And that the FBI, which said Fuchs led them to Gold, actually had been talking with Gold for three days before they ever saw Fuchs?
- That of the twenty-two arrested in the great Canadian "Atomic Bomb Spy Network," 14 were acquitted and of the others, none was convicted of espionage of any kind?
- That there has never been any proof of either Fuchs' or Gold's connection with espionage other than their own questionable "confessions"? And that both Fuchs and David Greenglass contradicted Gold, and Gold contradicted them and himself?
- That the FBI and the headlines convicted Brothman and Moskowitz as "atom spies" before they were tried, but in court the prosecutor had to admit that they had nothing to do with espionage?

**These and Many More Facts in**

● That Elizabeth Bentley was a member of the Italian Fascist University Group? And that the foreman of the Grand Jury investigating espionage arranged to have her book published and shared in the royalties? And that the U.S. Attorney who prosecuted the "espionage" cases was her own lawyer?

● That the U. S. Attorney announced in New York that David Greenglass was arrested because of a complaint from Albuquerque, but that the district attorney in Albuquerque said he knew nothing about Greenglass until he got a phone call from New York asking him to file a complaint?

● That the "information" on which the FBI arrested Julius Rosenberg and proclaimed him an "atom spy" differed in every respect from the charges under which he was finally indicted and tried?

● That the only specific "charge" against Ethel Rosenberg when she was arrested in 1950 was that she was "responsible for the Korean War" and had been active in Communist affairs for a long time?

● That the FBI had no other evidence in arresting Morton Sobell and proclaiming him an "atom spy" other than that he had known Julius Rosenberg? And that the only witness responsible for Sobell's 30-year sentence signed three statements—two before Sobell's arrest which did not even mention him?

● That Alfred Dean Slack's arrest as an "A-Spy" made 8-column headlines, but when he later appealed and charged the FBI tricked him into a confession, the story was suppressed?

● That a 1945 New Mexico railroad timetable, never previously checked, proves that Harry Gold and the Greenglasses were lying in their testimony about their alleged meeting in Albuquerque? That this timetable proves that the meeting they described could never have taken place? And that this timetable proves that the Government's contention about how the Greenglasses and Gold gave the Russians the A-bomb "secret" was a fabricated story?

**"THE ATOM SPY MYTH"**



William A. Reuben, journalist and author, was the first to call the world's attention to the Trenton Six Case in a series of articles in the "National Guardian" and "Reynolds News" in England, which have since been reprinted in the hundreds of thousands. These articles, and his coverage of the case for "The Daily Compass," led to the world-wide protests over the frameup of the Negro defendants. Similarly, in

1951, Mr. Reuben's articles in the "Guardian" rallied attention to the doubts in the Rosenberg Case during the time the public accepted their guilt unquestioningly. His work laid the foundations for the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, of which he was the first chairman. In the winter and spring of 1952, he toured the U. S. in behalf of the Committee as the first speaker to inform Americans from coast to coast of the hidden facts of the case. Former publicity director of the American Civil Liberties Union and director of the 1950 United Jewish Appeal Year Book, Mr. Reuben as a lieutenant of infantry in World War II, was wounded three times, and later the editor of a history of the Army education program in the ETO. A graduate of Columbia University, he was, before the war, a staff member of "Vogue," "House and Garden" and "Scribners" magazines.

*Publicity*  
 [Redacted]  
*lies.*  
 b7D

**Please Clip and Mail Today**

Action Books, Room 2800, 165 Broadway, N. Y. 6, N. Y.  
 Please send me, when they are off the press, ..... copies  
 of the special Presentation Edition of "THE ATOM SPY  
 MYTH," autographed by the author, at \$3 each. I am  
 enclosing \$.....

Name .....

Address .....

City ..... Zone .... State .....



October 7, 1953

National Committee to Secure Justice  
In the Rosenberg Case  
1050 Sixth Avenue  
New York 18, New York

Gentlemen:

We have audited your books and records for the period of November 1951 to August 31, 1953. In connection therewith we submit the attached statement of Assets and Liabilities and a Statement of Income and Expenses for the abovementioned period.

Our audit included an examination of all the cancelled checks and a reconciliation of the cash in the bank with the monthly bank statements. We made test checks and examinations of invoices, petty cash slips and receipt books. These examinations were made in conformity with accepted accounting standards and to a degree which we felt were sufficient.


The figures on the Statements which are herewith submitted were taken from your books and records. We did not confirm by direct correspondence the assets and liabilities as of August 31, 1953 that appear on the Statements.

Subject to the above comments, the attached exhibits correctly reflect the Statement of Assets and Liabilities as at August 31, 1953 and the Statement of Income and Expenses shows the financial operations for the period of November 1951 to August 1953.

Very truly yours,

*M. Harbus & Co.*

M. Harbus and Co.  
Certified Public Accountants

b7D  


M. HARBUS & CO.  
Certified Public Accountants

EXHIBIT A

National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case

Statement of Assets and Liabilities  
as at August 31, 1953

Assets

Cash in Bank -- overdrawn	(431.23)	
Petty Cash Fund	<u>50.00</u>	
Total Cash -- overdrawn		(381.23)
Deposits Receivable -- NY Tel. Co.	585.00	
Con. Edison Co.	<u>15.00</u>	600.00
Due from Book Fund		<u>265.15</u>
Total Assets		<u>483.92</u>

Liabilities

<u>Taxes Payable</u>		
Withholding Taxes Payable	683.70	
Social Security Taxes Payable	<u>77.02</u>	760.72
<u>Other Liabilities</u>		
Accounts Payable	9,640.56	
Loans Payable	<u>3,570.00</u>	<u>13,210.56</u>
Total Liabilities		<u>13,971.28</u>

Deficit 13,487.36

\*This audit cannot, of course, reflect the income and expenditures of the many local Committees throughout the country. It must be borne in mind, therefore, that the total amount of money given by the American people is a multiple of the income shown on the next page. Likewise, the expenditures for such items as delegations, printing, public meetings, advertising and publicity, postage and freight, telegrams, and funds for Michael and Robert Rosenberg are also in multiples of the figures reflected in this financial report. Percentages and asterisked notes have been added to the auditors report by the Committee to reflect in greater detail the generalized items under which they appear.



Exhibit B

National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case

Statement of Income and Expenses

For Period of November 1951 to August 31, 1953

INCOME

Contributions & collections	\$205,659.34	
Dinner committee	19,323.38	
Affairs - Randall's Isl #1	12,924.79	
- Randall's Isl #2 †	292.40	
Sundry Affairs	3,296.69	
Trial Records & Literature	13,737.56	
Refunds for Delegations to Wash. etc. for RR fares etc.	47,283.48	
Interest on Telephone Deposit	12.53	
Total Income		\$302,530.17

† This public meeting was held on Sept. 16 and therefore income from it could not be included in this report

Exhibit B (continued)

EXPENSES

Legal, Organizational, Educational, Welfare, etc Expenses	\$29,541.44	13%
Legal Fees & Expenses*	11,323.39	
Legal Printing		
Delegations to Wash. etc- RR, buses, etc.	57,859.09	17%
Printing of Literature**	71,815.23	22%
Traveling & hotels for Staff, Committee members & additional personnel***	20,142.32	6%
Affairs - Randall's Isl #1	7,588.92	
- Randall's Isl #2	1,665.60	
Dinner Committee Advances	9,016.22	5%
Federal Admission Taxes	1,903.00	
Permits, etc.	195.30	
Conferences & Organizational Expenses	1,530.00	4%
Advertising & Publicity****	15,640.88	
Speakers' Expenses - Fares, Hotels, etc.	5,458.20	
Speakers' Equipment - Sound Trucks, etc.	1,809.60	2%
Postage & Freight for Literature, et c.	10,773.77	3%
Press Clippings & Subs	656.65	
Hall Rental	1,879.76	
Welfare Expenses - Rosenberg Children*****	1,299.15	
Welfare Expenses - Sobell Children	5,042.77	12%
Welfare Expenses - Prison Commissary	490.00	
Funeral Expenses	2,494.18	
Washington Office Expenses	3,967.63	
Telegram Expenses	4,322.53	
Sundry Miscell. Expenses	930.83	
	<hr/>	84%
Total Legal, Organizational, Educational, Welfare, etc Expenses	\$267,346.46	84% of expenditures

\* See Exhibit C for analysis

\*\* In addition to the printing of many thousands of form letters for mailing purposes, this expenditure made possible the printing and circulation of approximately 6 million leaflets and pamphlets and half a million petitions and postcards.

\*\*\* All told the Committee sent some 10 organizers out into the field at one time or another during its two year campaign. Trips for organization and investigations ran from 3 days to 6 weeks, reaching hundreds of communities and covering many hundreds of thousands of miles.

\*\*\*\* The Committee purchased directly about 250 separate ads for a total of about 40,000 lines.

\*\*\*\*\* Most funds for the Rosenberg children went directly to Mr. Bloch rather than through our Committee. The above sum went directly to the children for camp expenses, clothes, gifts, etc. Income from the Death House Letters is kept in a separate fund and is not shown here. Income received by the Committee for the Children's Fund is likewise kept in a separate trust account, and is not included in this report

National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case

EXHIBIT B (continued)

Total Income - Brought Forward \$302,530.17  
Expenses - Brought Forward \$267,346.46

Administrative Expenses

Salaries of National Organizing & Clerical Staff*	\$28,891.95	- 9%	
Rent & Maintenance	2,107.00	}	
Telephone	3,914.82		
Stationery & Supplies	4,363.23		
Payroll Taxes	355.88		
Auditing Fees	500.00		
Office Furniture & Fixtures	969.45		- 7%
Rental of Office Machines	935.30		
Outside Services and Fees**	4,947.70		
Bank Charges & Office Misc.	715.65		
Moving Expense	100.00		
Local Fares	870.09		

Total Administration Expenses 48,671.07 - 16% of expenditures

Total Expenses 100% 316,017.53

Deficit for Period (13,487.36)

\*The highest salary paid was \$85 per week before tax deductions. The number of persons on Staff varied from time to time, numbering at its height 10, of whom 7 were professional and 3 technical. The National Office paid the salary of a full time professional worker in Chicago, and at various times paid the salaries of workers in Boston, New Jersey and Washington, D.C.

\*\*This included fees to non-staff personnel for special editing jobs, research, translations, stenographic and clerical services, etc.

National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case

EXHIBIT C

ANALYSIS OF LEGAL EXPENSES

Printing Court Record & Other Legal Printing Expenses	\$ 11,323.39
Emanuel Bloch - Fees and Expenses	21,476.90
Howard Meyer - Fees and Expenses	6,608.37
Daniel Marshall & Fyke Farmer - Expenses	911.17
Other Legal Fees and Expenses	<u>545.00</u>
Total	40,864.83

REPORT FROM ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE

of National Committee to Secure Justice in Rosenberg Case

First Edition:

Books received at this office. . . . .	9444
Books received at Mr. Bloch's office for prepaid orders. . . . .	<u>556</u>
Total. .10,000 books	

After payment of all printing, editing and publicity expenses plus shipping charges this edition shows the following:

Sent to Jero Publishing Co. for the Children's Fund by the National Committee through its special Rosenberg Book Account. . . . .	\$4230.25
Prepaid Orders . . . . .	<u>556.00</u>
Profit from the first edition . . . . .	\$4786.25

Note: The National Committee to Secure Justice paid all administrative costs, including overhead, as a contribution to the Fund.

Second Printing:

Partial Report: (Arrangement with Jero Publishers provides that the Book Committee deducts for all expenses on a fixed percentage including postage, administrative costs and advertising. Jero Publishing Co. is responsible only for the cost of printing. This is in contrast to the arrangement of the first edition in which the Book Committee paid for the printing.)

August and September Partial Report on Second Printing:

5740 paid for of which 1209 were sold through bookshops at bookshop discounts.

Sent to Jero Publishing Co. on Second Printing. . \$3911.22

TOTAL AMOUNT SENT BY ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE TO JERO PUBLISHING CO. FOR DEATH HOUSE LETTERS:

On second printing (represents only books paid for. (Some 5000 still out on consignment), . . . . . \$3911.22

On first edition. . . . . 4230.25

TOTAL. . . . . \$8141.47



Item # 2

# The Progressive

*'Ye Shall Know the Truth and the Truth Shall Make You Free'*

Volume 17

September, 1953

Number

Founded in 1909 by Robert M. LaFollette, Sr.

## A Mercy Call at The White House



By Bernard M. Loomer

ON June 16, 1953, two other Protestant clergymen, Rev. Bruce Dahlberg of Brooklyn, and Rev. Daniel Ridout of Baltimore, Rabbi Abraham Cronbach of Cincinnati and I were granted an interview with President Eisenhower. The purpose of our call was to present a plea for clemency for Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, whose execution for espionage was scheduled for July. The President had granted this audience in response to a telegram requesting an opportunity to present the case for clemency on behalf of more than 2300 clergymen who had supported an earlier petition to the President. What follows is a report of our discussion. I have omitted quotation marks, in accordance with White House tradition, but in most instances the account is close to verbatim.

The President greeted us warmly, his fine, open, and justly famous grin much in evidence. After a brief exchange of pleasantries, dealing mostly with golf and fishing, we

**BERNARD M. LOOMER** is Dean of the Divinity School of the University of Chicago, a post he has held since 1945. Before that, he served on the University of Chicago faculty as assistant professor of ethics and associate professor of the philosophy of religions.

quickly settled down to the business at hand. Since the group had agreed I was to be spokesman, I opened the discussion. The President, rocking back and forth on his swivel chair, listened with apparent intentness to my statement, which probably took about seven minutes. I was not interrupted at any point. I offered two considerations in favor of clemency, based on the assumption that the Rosenbergs were guilty as charged (a proposition about which I had and still have grave doubts with respect to the evidence presented at the trial).

I argued, in the first place, that execution of the Rosenbergs would result in their becoming martyrs for the cause of Communism. A martyr's death is the most meaningful way to die, from the point of view either of the martyr or the cause he represents. The histories of Judaism and Christianity are relevant cases in point. The Communists may actually have preferred to have the Rosenbergs executed. I suggested consequently that the decision to execute the Rosenbergs was the wrong or ineffective way to combat Communism.

I indicated, in the second place, that this case was a symbolic oc-

casión transcending in meaning and importance the Rosenbergs themselves. America's problem then was to choose that symbol which would best represent to Americans and to the peoples of other nations the kind of society Americans wanted to preserve. I suggested that the symbol of execution would not indicate America's strength but rather her weakness: our fears, anxieties, hysteria, and defensiveness. It would testify to America's inability to withstand tension and pressure. It would be the act of a politically and spiritually immature people.

I urged the consideration that the act of forgiveness would be a stronger symbol of our strength and resources precisely at a time of great crisis like this.

I concluded by stating that both practical political wisdom and spiritual wisdom converged in this case in favor of clemency.

At the conclusion of my remarks, the President ceased his rocking and leaned forward on his desk. He said he wanted to assure us he considered himself as religious as anyone in the room.

He said that he was aware of the considerations presented but that he had other factors to take into account. He indicated that these other factors included the principle of the deterrent effects of execution. Let me, the President said, give you an illustration:

II

After we had landed on the beaches of Normandy, the Fifth battalion ran wild for a time, said the President. The soldiers raised havoc in some of the French villages.

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Item #4

There was raping and stealing and pillaging and molesting. One month there were sixty of these incidents. It got so bad that one day the mayor of one of the villages came to me and said that he was forced to advise his people to arm themselves with knives, pitchforks, and any other weapons they could get their hands on in order to protect themselves from our soldiers. It got to be pretty bad. It got so bad that something had to be done.

Shortly after this, the President went on, two soldiers were indicted, tried, and convicted. I decided to make an example of them. I decided to have them publicly executed. (During the telling of this story, the President sat more and more erect in his chair; his facial expression became more tense and rigid; his voice became more firm; his speech more rapid and his words more clipped.) So I called together the civic officials and the priests of the countryside. I assembled the officers and men in tight military formation. The two soldiers were executed. And, gentlemen, continued the President, the next month there was only one occurrence and that was a relatively minor offense. (An acquaintance of mine, on hearing about this story, told a mutual friend that as a member of Gen. Eisenhower's headquarters he recalled this incident quite vividly and that the General should remember clearly that the execution had no deterrent effect on the raping.)

At this point I suggested to the President that possibly by means of execution he could not control committed Communists in the same way he could control soldiers under his command.

Well, Doctor, replied the President, I don't for a minute define Communism as a religion or a faith as you do. I grant that it is a fanaticism, but not a faith. The only thing that Communists are interested in is the improvement of material conditions. Don't they call it a material dialectic or something like

that? But they are not concerned about the immortal soul of the individual. We value personnel more highly than material. The Russians think more of material than they do of people. Let me give you another illustration:

If I'm in charge of a company of men, said the President, pointing outside to the White House lawn, and we have a truck with us, and if we're subjected to heavy artillery fire, you know that I'm going to do my best to save the men even if it means losing the truck. But how do you think the Russians clear a battlefield that is mined? They don't do what we do when we send out men with instruments to locate the mines and render them harmless. The Russians just march an army right through the mined battlefield. The soldiers step on the mines and get blown to bits. Then after the field has been cleared, they send the trucks and tanks through.

At this juncture and for the first time in our discussion, the President referred to the Rosenbergs. These people, said the President flatly, did what they did for money. They don't deserve our sympathy. The President linked their activities with the course of the Korean war. Who knows, he asked, how many hundreds and thousands of deaths and casualties they are responsible for? Furthermore, said the President, they have been given the benefit of every legal consideration. Their case has been reviewed several times by the Supreme Court. They would never have been given this kind of treatment in Russia. And for two years, continued the President (and at these words the President's eyes narrowed, his voice roughened, and his mouth tightened), these people have been trying to find a loophole to escape, and (and here the President's voice and expression relaxed) they haven't found one yet.

The President then asked what

our proposal was. I indicated that we favored a commutation of their sentence to life imprisonment, or something less. You may not realize, replied the President, that if I were to commute their sentence to one of life imprisonment, under federal law they would be eligible for parole in fifteen years.

### III

Mr. Ridout said that he wanted to recall to the President's mind Portia's speech. He did not get to finish his statement because the President leaned far forward on his desk and said that since he had come in contact with this case he had gotten out his Shakespeare and had been reading *The Merchant of Venice*. He went on to say that he was aware of the points we had been urging on him. As a matter of fact, added the President, I don't mind telling you gentlemen that I resent being reminded of my Christian obligations. I must do what I think is best for one hundred sixty million people in this country. Didn't our Lord say: Render unto Caesar the things that are Caesar's, and unto God the things that are God's?

Rabbi Cronbach said that the President alone would finally have to make the decision. The President agreed. The rabbi then added that the prayers of the people would support the President as he sought divine guidance in making his decision. The President replied that he would subscribe to that expression.

We rose to our feet, shook hands with the President, and thanked him for granting us an audience. We were ushered out of the office into the large reception hall where we were immediately surrounded by a swarm of eager reporters waiting to know what the President was going to do.

The article by Doctor Bernard M. Loomer has been reprinted as a public service from THE PROGRESSIVE by the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg case. THE PROGRESSIVE, published in Madison, Wisconsin, was founded in 1909 by Robert M. LaFollette, Sr.

See opposite page for a statement on the meaning of Dr. Loomer's talk with President Eisenhower.

## **Dr. Loomer's Revealing Report..**

**Dr. Bernard M. Loomer's report on his mercy call at the White House is perhaps the most revealing document relating to the Rosenberg clemency appeals. It is of great significance because it confirms with unimpeachable authority the fact that President Eisenhower was misinformed and/or uninformed about a case in which he was to have the final word on the death or life of two human beings. Since it must be assumed that the President received his information from the Department of Justice, it follows that the Attorney General's office appears guilty of supplying the President data contrary to the truth.**

**To Dr. Loomer's appeal for clemency the President answered: "These people (the Rosenbergs) did what they did for money."**

**The truth is that nowhere during or after the trial did the prosecution contend that monetary reward was the motive for the alleged crime. As a matter of fact, the prosecution presented the absurd story that, in payment for the transfer of the greatest military secret of the age to the Russians, the Rosenbergs had received, as a reward from the Russian government, a console table. (That very console table was proven, in post-trial evidence, to have been bought by the Rosenbergs at Macy's Department Store in New York for only \$19.97 as Rosenberg had testified.)**



In his answer to Dr. Loomer's plea for mercy the President said: "Their case has been reviewed several times by the Supreme Court."

The truth is that the Supreme Court refused to review the case, as was pointed out by Supreme Court Justice Black, one of three Supreme Court justices who questioned the legality of the death sentence. Justice Black said: "This court has never reviewed this record and has never affirmed the fairness of the trial."

Is it possible that the President of the United States decided the Rosenberg case without being familiar with its legal history? That apparently is what happened.

The President, according to the Loomer report, resented being reminded of his Christian obligations. Yet can there be a shadow of a doubt that the President decided the question of clemency for the Rosenbergs from the viewpoint of a military commander in time of battle, and not on the basis of Christian charity?

It is too late for justice for Ethel and Julius Rosenberg. But the traditions of American justice cannot permit the same misinformation to persist in the case of Morton Sobell, the co-defendant of the Rosenbergs. Sobell, who swears he is innocent, has been condemned to 30 years in Alcatraz. His appeal is before the courts.

There is important new evidence in the Sobell case. The evidence has never been reviewed in the courts. Can America let Morton Sobell spend 30 years of his life in Alcatraz without having his full day in court? There must be a new trial so all of the facts in the case can come to light.

### THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG-SOBELL CASE

**MAIL  
COUPON  
NOW**

Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg-Sobell Case  
1050 Sixth Ave., New York 18, N. Y.

Please send me more information on the case of Morton Sobell. Enclosed is \$\_\_\_\_\_ to help defray legal expenses in the Sobell case and bring the facts in the case to the American people.

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

City \_\_\_\_\_

Zone \_\_\_\_\_

State \_\_\_\_\_

The thirty year sentence imposed upon Morton Sobell is a blight upon the reputation of American justice. The sentence is unprecedented in its severity; it has no justification in the evidence; it is obviously the product of hysteria rather than representing a calm reasoned conclusion; it has aroused the protest of well-intentioned people the world over.

Despite the characterization of MORTON SOBELL as a "traitor" or as an "atomic spy," the record in his case is entirely devoid of any evidence which would justify either appellation. SOBELL was neither indicted or tried for treason. The Federal Constitution requires that reason be proven by the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act. Since no one - not a single person - testified that SOBELL gave any information to any representative of any foreign power, the charge of treason was out of the question.

The defendant was indicted under a fairly recent Federal statute; the indictment upon which he was tried jointly with JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG - which indictment was filed January 31, 1951, - charged them with having conspired with ANATOLI A. YAKOVLEV, DAVID GREENGLASS, RUTH GREENGLASS and HARRY GOLD (the last two of whom were not indicted), to deliver to a foreign government, the Soviet Union, between June 8, 1944, and June 16, 1955, while the United States was at war, certain documents, writings, sketches, notes and information relating to the national defense of the United States, with intent and reason to believe that it would be used to the advantage of the Soviet Union; there was no charge that the same would be harmful to the United States.

Upon motion of counsel for SOBELL, the United States was compelled to file a list of the overt acts chargeable against SOBELL, which list consisted of nothing but a list of five conversations between SOBELL and JULIUS ROSENBERG between January, 1946, and May, 1948.

At the outset, it may be stated without fear of contradiction that despite the fact that the gravamen of the indictment was the delivery of documents, writings, sketches, notes and information relating to our national defense, nevertheless, not a single witness testified, nor was there a scrap of paper, to the effect that SOBELL had delivered anything to anybody at any time relating to our national defense. As a matter of fact, with the exception of the witnesses who testified to SOBELL's alleged flight to Mexico, there were but two witnesses who even mentioned the name of SOBELL, namely, MAX ELITCHER and WILLIAM DANZIGER.

However, even the characterization of DANZIGER as a witness against Sobell is an act of supererogation, since his only testimony was that he and SOBELL had attended highschool together, had graduated from the same class of the College of the City of New York in June, 1938, had thereafter also worked together for some years at the Bureau of Ordnance of the Navy Department in Washington; that DANZIGER visited SOBELL at his home in Flushing, Long Island, in May, 1950, when he told SOBELL that he was in the electrical business and had asked SOBELL for the address of JULIUS ROSENBERG, who, as Sobell told him, was in the machine shop business, it being the witness' idea that he might give ROSENBERG some machine shop work. The witness also testified that SOBELL told him that he was leaving for a vacation in Mexico in June, 1950, and when the witness came to his home, the SOBELL family was packing to leave and were going to Mexico City. He also testified that some time later, he received a letter from SOBELL from Mexico City, the return address on which was M. SOBELL, the letter containing a letter to be forwarded to his sister-in-law and to his parents. The return address on this letter being that of M. LEVITOV.

Despite the fact that the defendants were not indicted on the charge of being Communists, nor on the charge of treason, the United States Attorney, in his very opening statement (p. 182) introduced the charge that the loyalty and allegiance of the defendants "were not to our country, but that it was to Communism. Communism in this country and Communism throughout the world," and referred to them as "traitorous Americans" (p. 182), guilty of "traitorous activities" and "treasonable acts". Remember, please, that none of the defendants had been indicted on the charge of treason.

When the defendants objected to the introduction of the element of Communism, upon the ground that the defendants were not on trial for being Communists, the

trial judge held that that inquiry was proper as going to the motive of the defendants to commit the acts charged against them; the United Circuit Court of Appeals held that he was correct in that ruling. The trial judge went on to caution the jurors that they were "not to determine the guilt or innocence of a defendant on whether or not he is a Communist". I submit that such a performance by a trial judge may be legally sound but in the long run is one of those amiable hypocrisies of the law. It represents one of those rules which the law feels necessary but which the seeker for justice finds practical rather than just. In these days, repeatedly to call a defendant in a criminal case a Communist and then expect him to get a fair trial before a jury simply because the trial judge directs the jury to disregard that charge is naive, if not directly insincere. The warning to the jury to disregard a particular charge is, as stated by no less a personage than Mr. Justice Jackson of the Supreme Court, in *Krulwitch v. United States*, 336 U.S. 440, (1950) but "an empty ritual without any practical effect on the jurors". It is largely on the basis of such repeated "empty rituals" that the defendants now face the chair.

The trial proceeded in the atmosphere generated by those charges and by the evident conviction of the trial judge that the defendants were guilty, a conviction which he did little to conceal from the jury. I have made notations, in the record, of over a hundred points at which the trial judge aided the government and its witnesses or showed hostility to the defendants or their counsel, or minimized their evidence.

The court's attitude toward counsel for Sobell was well shown by such observations as the following: (p. 202)

"Let me ask you this, Mr. Phillips: have you tried any criminal cases? I know your specialty is in the real estate field."

Or this choice bit, before the jury (p. 808):

"Mr. Kuntz: May I finish my argument?"

The Court: Mr. Kuntz, no, you may not. It is a lot of gibberish.

\*\*\*\*\*

"Mr. Kuntz: May I --

The Court: No, the Court put that question, Mr. Kuntz, and don't give me any course of instruction as to what is usually done in a courtroom. This is the way I am running this courtroom, Mr. Kuntz, and I think I understand the way a courtroom should be run. I don't care to hear anything further from you. Your objection is noted".

It does not take a veteran trial lawyer to understand what this sort of an attitude on the part of the presiding judge does to the attitude of the lawyer thus humiliated.

The only other witness against SOBELL, namely, MAX ELITCHER, likewise attended high school and then college with SOBELL up to 1938. He testified that in 1939 he and SOBELL had a conversation in regard to the Communist Party, and that ultimately he joined a cell of the Communist Party in Washington at SOBELL'S suggestion, and attended meetings of that cell for two or three months after May, 1939, and until 1941; that he continued to be a member of the Communist Party until 1948, one group of the party being known as the Navy Branch. He testified nothing further about membership in the Communist Party, but said that he met SOBELL again in 1947 at the Reeves Instrument Plant in New York where SOBELL asked him if he knew of students who could be approached concerning espionage and obtaining classified material.

The witness further testified that during the week preceding Labor Day in 1944, he had a conversation with SOBELL, and that SOBELL was angry when he heard that ROSENBERG had mentioned his name.

The witness further testified that SOBELL was employed in the General Electric Plant in Schenectady in 1946, and then inquired of the witness whether there was any written material available as to his work: that SOBELL suggested

or "implied" that the witness was to see ROSENBERG about espionage business in 1946; that in 1947, when he met SOBELL at the Sugar Bowl Restaurant, he asked the witness whether his wife knew about the espionage business, and also asked the witness whether he would let SOBELL know of any engineering students who were "progressive;" that in June, 1948, he told SOBELL that he was leaving the Bureau of Ordnance, and that SOBELL asked him to do nothing about that until he had seen SOBELL and ROSENBERG, subsequently to which SOBELL arranged a meeting between the witness and ROSENBERG; that at that meeting SOBELL and ROSENBERG both tried to persuade him to stay at the Bureau of Ordnance because ROSENBERG needed someone to work at that Bureau for espionage purposes, but that the witness adhered to his determination to leave Washington.

The witness finally testified that in July or August, 1948, when he was driving from Washington to SOBELL'S home in New York he was followed by two cars and that when he told SOBELL this the latter was angry; that SOBELL asked him to go with him to go with him to deliver a 35 millimeter film can to ROSENBERG and that they drove to the neighborhood of the Journal American Building, where SOBELL got out of the car; that when SOBELL returned he told him that ROSENBERG was not concerned about SOBELL'S having been followed, and that he also admitted that he had once talked to ELIZABETH BENTLEY but said that she had not recognized his voice; the last time the witness talked to SOBELL was in June, 1950.

The foregoing testimony was the only evidence against SOBELL; it served as the basis for the thirty year sentence; it was not corroborated by another witness; it came only from the lips of ELITCHER who readily admitted that he knew that he had committed perjury in 1947 in applying for a government position, in executing a loyalty oath and in concealing the fact that he was then a Communist; when he was interrogated about this case by the F.B.I. in 1950, they told him that they knew he was a Communist, and he was then fearful that he would be prosecuted by the United States government for perjury.

In view of the weakness of the evidence against SOBELL, you naturally ask yourself why he was found guilty. There are several answers to that:

FIRST: Apparently in reliance upon their conviction that there was not enough evidence to justify a conviction, counsel for SOBELL did not permit him to take the stand; that was a mistake, as it now appears;

SECOND: The government introduced evidence to show that SOBELL and his family had escaped to Mexico and stayed in a number of places under variations of the name "SOBELL": since he did not take the stand, SOBELL gave no explanation of his flight, and that undoubtedly prejudiced him before the jury; worse than that, the jury was not given any evidence as to the manner in which he had been kidnapped by the Mexican police, without process, and had been turned over to the F.B.I. at the border; although the government must have known that it was false, it introduced a card made by an Immigration Inspector at the time SOBELL was forcibly returned to the United States, which card read "Deported from Mexico;" since he did not take the stand, SOBELL was not able to give the jury the facts to show that he had been kidnapped from Mexico rather than being deported;

THIRD: The government was allowed to introduce evidence as to the activities of the Communists in the United States upon the theory that such activities would show the motives of these defendants as Communists; once that door was opened, the cause of the defendants, including SOBELL, was sunk. The first witness on the Communist issue was HARRY GOLD, a self-confessed spy, serving a thirty year sentence, who would some day be applying for parole. He had a Roman holiday on the witness stand, relating alleged activities of the Communists with which the defendants were in no wise connected; as a matter of fact, he never even knew either SOBELL or the ROSENBERGS; that this created an atmosphere and a prejudice against the defendants which they could not possibly overcome is undeniable.

Another witness presented in connection with the Communist picturization of the case was our old friend, the ubiquitous ELIZABETH BENTLEY. Since she has made a career of professing to be a reformed Communist, and has made a living off writing books, presenting lectures, and testifying in practically every case and every Congressional hearing involving Communism, directly or indirectly, it was to be expected that sooner or later the charming Elizabeth would appear here, too. She was subpoenaed from a hard-earned vacation in Puerto Rico, for the ostensible purpose of establishing the relationship between the Communist Party of the United States and the Communist International. She was allowed,

however, to give an extensive history of what she characterized her activities as a secret courier among many named and unnamed alleged Communists, which testimony consisted of many generalities, much hearsay, etc. The testimony certainly was calculated to give the jury a picture of very widely-spread and sinister activities of the Communists in this country. That it was very prejudicial to the defendant, in the eyes of the jury, cannot be doubted, even though she did not profess even to know the defendant.

Well, you ask me -- and your friends ask you -- if this case was so patently full of holes, why did not the Circuit Court of Appeals reverse a conviction based upon that evidence? Even lawyers ask me that. The answer is simple. In the Federal Judicial system, unlike the practice in most of the state courts, the Circuit Court of Appeals that is the court of review, "is not allowed to consider the credibility of witnesses or reliability of testimony. Particularly in the Federal Judicial system, that is the jury's province." Mr. Justice Frank's opinion in behalf of the Circuit Court of Appeals: (p.1648).

Why that rule has become so well established in the Federal Courts is hard to say. Time and time again, a trial judge upsets a verdict of "guilty," or criticizes an acquittal as a miscarriage of justice. Time and time again, a state reviewing or appeals court reverses a judgment upon a verdict of guilty, sometimes without even sending it back for a new trial. History, too, has not infrequently shown juries to have been dead wrong. But in the Federal Judicial system, the verdict of a jury, however induced by fear, or hysteria or prejudice, if approved by the very trial judge who probably impelled that verdict, can never be set aside on the ground that it was based on false or unreliable testimony. Why must the defendants, why must the defendants, why must we all, accept irrevocably the view of a Judge Kaufman and of the jury so exposed to the influence of his attitude and his rulings? Why may not a higher court review the reliability of the testimony, particularly when the very lives of people depend upon that testimony? I should think that every lawyer, every judge, anxious to vindicate the processes of law and to administer justice, as far as that is humanly possible, would demand that some higher court, in the fair and detached atmosphere of a court of review, free from hysteria and devoid of the spirit of "we'll show these Communists," review the evidence, every bit of it, and direct the acquittal of the defendants, if the evidence did not warrant their conviction. That is what we have a right to expect of our courts; that is what courts are for!

In view of the above record, the sentence pronounced upon MORTON SOBELL by Judge Kaufman is almost incredible. Jointly with the ROSENBERGS he prosecuted an appeal to the United States Court of appeals for the Second Circuit. The opinion of that court affirmed the judgment of Judge Kaufman, although Circuit Court Judge JEROME FRANK gave it as his opinion that MORTON SOBELL was entitled to a new trial on the ground that the evidence established, if anything, two separate conspiracies: (a) Conspiracy between ROSENBERG AND SOBELL to solicit and obtain ELITCHER'S aid in espionage activities and to send military engineering and fire control information to Europe; (b) Conspiracy between ROSENBERG, GREENGLASS and GOLD to send atomic information from Los Alamos to Russia, with which conspiracy no one, and no evidence, linked SOBELL even remotely; Judge Frank held that trying SOBELL jointly with defendants charged with another conspiracy with which he had no connection was grave, reversible error. His two colleagues on that Court disagreed with him. The Supreme Court never passed upon that question, because it has steadfastly refused to take jurisdiction of the case. SOBELL faces thirty years in jail because one judge of the Circuit Court of Appeals does not agree with the theory propounded by counsel and accepted by JUDGE FRANK.

That is one of the great tragedies of this case, namely, that in a case of this highly controversial nature, where the evidence is so insufficient, where the courtroom and outside atmosphere are so inimical to the defendant, where the possibility of a fair trial has been so obviously impartial, nevertheless the Supreme Court refuses to pass upon the case, refuses even to consider the full record. And the press, and the commentators, and that portion of the public misled by them, cry that the defendant has had a fair trial and fair consideration by the Supreme Court!

We must not allow our interest to lag, nor our desire to help an unfortunate fellow being grow cold. In a measure, MORTON SOBELL has suffered an even greater injustice than his fellow defendants, since we all concentrated, understandably, on the ROSENBERG case. The SOBELL case is just as vital. The condemnation of

- 5 - LOVE ANALYSIS

an innocent man to a living death of thirty years, the destruction of his family, the martyrdom of his courageous wife, are factors which no American, no man with a human heart, can ignore. We must continue, both in the courts and by repeated appeals to executive clemency, and by unrelenting search for further evidence, to attempt to undo a great wrong! When public opinion resumes its normal atmosphere, when the witch hunt is over, when normalcy returns, America will thank us for our efforts, I am certain.

October 7, 1953

National Committee to Secure Justice  
In the Rosenberg Case  
1050 Sixth Avenue  
New York 18, New York

Gentlemen:

We have audited your books and records for the period of November 1951 to August 31, 1953. In connection therewith we submit the attached statement of Assets and Liabilities and a Statement of Income and Expenses for the abovementioned period.

Our audit included an examination of all the cancelled checks and a reconciliation of the cash in the bank with the monthly bank statements. We made test checks and examinations of invoices, petty cash slips and receipt books. These examinations were made in conformity with accepted accounting standards and to a degree which we felt were sufficient.

The figures on the Statements which are herewith submitted were taken from your books and records. We did not confirm by direct correspondence the assets and liabilities as of August 31, 1953 that appear on the Statements.

Subject to the above comments, the attached exhibits correctly reflect the Statement of Assets and Liabilities as at August 31, 1953 and the Statement of Income and Expenses shows the financial operations for the period of November 1951 to August 1953.

Very truly yours,

*M. Harbus & Co.*

M. Harbus and Co.  
Certified Public Accountants

EXHIBIT A \*

National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case

Statement of Assets and Liabilities  
as at August 31, 1953

Assets

Cash in Bank - overdrawn	(431.23)	
Petty Cash Fund	<u>50.00</u>	
Total Cash - overdrawn		(381.23)
Deposits Receivable - NY Tel. Co.	585.00	
Con. Edison Co.	<u>15.00</u>	600.00
Due from Book Fund		<u>265.15</u>
Total Assets		<u>483.92</u>

Liabilities

<u>Taxes Payable</u>		
Withholding Taxes Payable	683.70	
Social Security Taxes Payable	<u>77.02</u>	760.72
<u>Other Liabilities</u>		
Accounts Payable	9,640.56	
Loans Payable	<u>3,570.00</u>	<u>13,210.56</u>
Total Liabilities		<u>13,971.28</u>
Deficit		<u>13,487.36</u>

\*This audit cannot, of course, reflect the income and expenditures of the many local Committees throughout the country. It must be borne in mind, therefore, that the total amount of money given by the American people is a multiple of the income shown on the next page. Likewise, the expenditures for such items as delegations, printing, public meetings, advertising and publicity, postage and freight, telegrams, and funds for Michael and Robert Rosenberg are also in multiples of the figures reflected in this financial report. Percentages and asterisked notes have been added to the auditors report by the Committee to reflect in greater detail the generalized items under which they appear.



Exhibit B

National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case

Statement of Income and Expenses

For Period of November 1951 to August 31, 1953

INCOME

Contributions & collections	\$205,659.34	
Dinner committee	19,323.38	
Affairs - Randall's Isl #1	12,924.79	
- Randall's Isl #2 †	292.40	
Sundry Affairs	3,296.69	
Trial Records & Literature	13,737.56	
Refunds for Delegations to Wash. etc. for RR fares etc.	47,283.48	
Interest on Telephone Deposit	<u>12.53</u>	
Total Income		\$302,530.17

† This public meeting was held on Sept. 16 and therefore income from it could not be included in this report

Exhibit B (continued)

EXPENSES

<u>Legal, Organizational, Educational, Welfare, etc Expenses</u>		
Legal Fees & Expenses*	\$29,541.44	} 13%
Legal Printing	11,323.39	
Delegations to Wash. etc- RR, buses, etc	57,859.09	- 17%
Printing of Literature**	71,815.23	- 22%
Traveling & hotels for Staff, Committee members & addition- al personnel***	20,142.32	- 6%
Affairs - Randall's Isl #1	7,588.92	} 5%
- Randall's Isl #2	1,665.60	
Dinner Committee Advances	9,016.22	
Federal Admission Taxes	1,903.00	} 5%
Permits, etc.	195.30	
Conferences & Organizational Expenses	1,530.00	} 4%
Advertising & Publicity****	15,640.88	
Speakers' Expenses - Fares, Hotels, etc.	5,458.20	} 2%
Speakers' Equipment - Sound Trucks, etc.	1,809.60	
Postage & Freight for Liter- ature, et c.	10,773.77	- 3%
Press Clippings & Subs	656.65	} 3%
H all Rental	1,879.76	
Welfare Expenses - Rosenberg Children*****	1,299.15	} 12%
Welfare Expenses - Sobell Children	5,042.77	
Welfare Expenses - Prison Commissary	490.00	
Funeral Expenses	2,494.18	
Washington Office Expenses	3,967.63	} 12%
Telegram Expenses	4,322.53	
Sundry Miscell. Expenses	930.83	} 84%
<b>Total Legal, Organizational, Educational, Welfare. etc Expenses</b>	<b>\$267,346.46</b>	

\* See Exhibit C for analysis

\*\* In addition to the printing of many thousands of form letters for mailing purposes, this expenditure made possible the printing and circulation of approximately 6 million leaflets and pamphlets and half a million petitions and postcards.

\*\*\* All told the Committee sent some 10 organizers out into the field at one time or another during its two year campaign. Trips for organization and investigations ran from 3 days to 6 weeks, reaching hundreds of communities and covering many hundreds of thousands of miles.

\*\*\*\* The Committee purchased directly about 250 separate ads for a total of about 40,000 lines.

\*\*\*\*\* Most funds for the Rosenberg children went directly to Mr. Bloch rather than through our Committee. The above sum went directly to the children for camp expenses, clothes, gifts, etc. Income from the Death House Letters is kept in a separate fund and is not shown here. Income received by the Committee for the Children's Fund is likewise kept in a separate trust account, and is not included in this report

National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case

EXHIBIT B (continued)

Total Income - Brought Forward \$302,530.17  
Expenses - Brought Forward \$267,346.46

Administrative Expenses

Salaries of National Organizing & Clerical Staff*	\$28,891.95 - 9%	
Rent & Maintenance	2,107.00	} 7%
Telephone	3,914.82	
Stationery & Supplies	4,363.23	
Payroll Taxes	355.88	
Auditing Fees	500.00	
Office Furniture & Fixtures	969.45	
Rental of Office Machines	935.30	
Outside Services and Fees**	4,947.70	
Bank Charges & Office Misc.	715.65	
Moving Expense	100.00	
Local Fares	870.09	
<u>Total Administration Expenses</u>	<u>48,671.07</u> - 16% of expenditures	
 Total Expenses	100%	316,017.53
 Deficit for Period		<u>(13,487.36)</u>

\*The highest salary paid was \$85 per week before tax deductions. The number of persons on Staff varied from time to time, numbering at its height 10, of whom 7 were professional and 3 technical. The National Office paid the salary of a full time professional worker in Chicago, and at various times paid the salaries of workers in Boston, New Jersey and Washington, D.C.

\*\*This included fees to non-staff personnel for special editing jobs, research, translations, stenographic and clerical services, etc.

National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case

EXHIBIT C

ANALYSIS OF LEGAL EXPENSES

Printing Court Record & Other Legal Printing Expenses	\$ 11,323.39
Emanuel Bloch - Fees and Expenses	21,476.90
Howard Meyer - Fees and Expenses	6,608.37
Daniel Marshall & Fyke Farmer - Expenses	911.17
Other Legal Fees and Expenses	<u>545.00</u>
Total	40,864.83



*"This Court has never reviewed this record and has never affirmed the fairness of the trial."*

—Justice Hugo Black

# Did the Rosenbergs Have Full Measure of Justice?

Three U. S. Supreme Court  
Justices Reveal the Rosenbergs  
Did Not Have Their Day in Court

571 ✓

Americans who picked up their newspapers on Thursday morning, June 18th, learned that it might not be legal to execute Ethel and Julius Rosenberg. Supreme Court Justice William Douglas had stated his grave doubts and granted a stay so the courts would be enabled to study the case. Newspaper reports indicated the possibility that the entire case might be thrown out of court. The New York Times, for instance, featured the headline "CASE SEEN IN PERIL."

The next day the Rosenbergs died in the electric chair.

American justice is still reeling from the haste with which the Rosenbergs were rushed to their deaths. The world is appalled that a mother and father were electrocuted while grave legal doubts still remained.

And there is no mistake about that. Grave doubts do exist. Justices Hugo Black, William Douglas and Felix Frankfurter are agreed that Ethel and Julius Rosenberg may have gone to their deaths illegally. All three have said that more time was needed by the courts.

The misconception has been foisted on the public that the Rosenbergs received the full measure of justice and had their day in court. President Eisenhower, in denying clemency, said that "when in their most solemn judgment the tribunals of the United States have adjudged them guilty and the sentence just, I will not intervene in the matter."

But President Eisenhower has confused a repeated denial of justice with a prolonged consideration of the case.

It is an incontrovertible fact that the Supreme Court, the highest court of the land, never passed on the fairness of the trial and the justness of the death sentence. It never reviewed the case, and consequently it never read the trial transcript.

#### **DEATH DECREED REGARDLESS OF INNOCENCE OR GUILT**

Ethel and Julius Rosenberg swore that they were completely innocent. Against their word was the word of David Greenglass, who claimed that the Rosenbergs induced him to steal the "secret" of the atomic bomb. Judge Jerome N. Frank of the U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals said that without the Greenglass testimony there would be no case against the Rosenbergs.

One week before the execution Dr. Harold C. Urey, the nation's foremost atomic scientist, a man who helped develop the atomic bomb, told President Eisenhower that Greenglass could not possibly have stolen the secret. He said in a telegram that "a man of Greenglass' capacity is wholly incapable of transmitting the physics, chemistry and mathematics of the atomic bomb to any one." Dr. Urey asserted that the prosecution's case "depends upon the blowing up of patently perjured testimony." He asked President Eisenhower for an appointment to present his understanding of the case personally.

But Dr. Urey never received an answer to his telegram. Nor was he able to get an appointment with Attorney General Herbert Brown-

ell, who refused to see any one connected with the legal defense or clemency appeals.

This unwillingness to discuss the Rosenberg case with Dr. Urey was characteristic of the role the Justice Department had played for the past two years. Every attempt on the part of the defense to present new evidence was opposed. Every effort at postponing the execution to allow presentation of new facts was blocked.

The Attorney General's office was determined not to entertain any delay in the execution. It wanted an execution, not the truth. June 18th, the Rosenbergs' fourteenth wedding anniversary, was set for the double execution.

### JUSTICE DOUGLAS GRANTS A STAY

Throughout America and throughout the world there were appeals that the Rosenbergs be spared. As the execution date neared the pleas mounted. Vincent Auriol, the President of France, urged clemency.



JUSTICE DOUGLAS

Douglas Dillon, U. S. Ambassador to France, reported that the Embassy in Paris had been besieged with clemency pleas and warned that the execution would hurt U. S. prestige abroad. In England a delegation of members of Parliament urged Prime Minister Churchill to intervene with President Eisenhower. The Vatican radio, elaborating on previous pleas for mercy made by Pope Pius XII, broadcast recommendations of clemency. "Save the Rosenbergs" had become a world wide cry.

In Washington, 13,000 men, women and children from all parts of the United States gathered before the White House on Sunday, June 14 to call upon President Eisenhower to grant clemency. The gathering, which police said was the largest they had ever seen at the White House, represented Americans of all political and religious beliefs who had been moved by the plight of the Rosenbergs. Clemency had been requested by reknowned scientists, religious leaders, labor leaders, leaders of the Negro people, professors, and legal authorities.

On Tuesday, June 16, the Rosenberg defense asked Justice Douglas for a stay of execution. It is within the power of a single Supreme Court Justice to grant such a stay. Mr. Justice Douglas was presented with an argument that had not previously been considered by the High Court. It was argued that the Rosenbergs should have been tried under the Atomic Energy Act of 1946, not the Espionage Act of

1917. Under the Espionage Act the judge can impose the death penalty at his own discretion. Under the Atomic Energy Act a jury recommendation is needed for the death sentence. There was no such jury recommendation in the Rosenberg case, only the decision of Judge Irving Kaufman.

For twelve hours Justice Douglas deliberated, carefully weighing the law. *The following day, on Wednesday, June 17th, he announced that he was granting a stay.* Justice Douglas said that the point raised in behalf of the Rosenbergs was a substantial one that needed more time for study by the lower courts. He said:

**"It is important that the country be protected against the nefarious plans of spies who would destroy us. It is also important that before we allow human lives to be snuffed out we be sure—emphatically sure—that we act within the law. If we are not sure, there will be lingering doubts to plague the conscience after the event."**

Humanity breathed easier. The Rosenbergs had been granted a legal reprieve, at least until the fall of 1953.

#### **THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT IS ASTOUNDED**

Newsmen reported that Attorney General Brownell, America's administrator of justice, was astounded by the action of Justice Douglas. He seemed to feel that the execution was slipping away, since the normal procedure now required that the case be held over until the fall, the courts having adjourned for the summer.

But these were not days of normal procedure. Attorney General Brownell insisted that Chief Justice Vinson reconvene the Supreme Court immediately in special session, to reverse Justice Douglas so the execution could go on as scheduled.

Commented Justice Black in his opinion:

**"Surely the Court is not here establishing a precedent which will require it to call extra sessions during vacation every time a federal or state official asks it to hasten the electrocution of defendants without affording this Court adequate time or opportunity for exploration and study of serious legal questions."**

Chief Justice Vinson promptly recalled the Justices from their vacations for a new term on Thursday, June 18th. Meanwhile, there were attempts on the part of those who wanted to rush the Rosenbergs to their death to create a mob atmosphere to pressure the court. Representative Wheeler of Georgia introduced in Congress a move to impeach Justice Douglas. Newspaper editorials charged Mr. Douglas with obstructing justice. An attempt obviously was being made to create the false impression that Justice Douglas had acted illegally and had usurped the authority of the entire Court.



The Supreme Court itself, however, contradicted this impression when it made clear, on June 19th, that

**"The Acting Solicitor General agrees and we do not doubt that Mr. Justice Douglas had power to issue the stay in these proceedings."**

What *was* doubtful was whether the entire Court had the power to set aside the stay granted by Justice Douglas.

Justice Black wrote, on June 19th:

**"The Government argues that this Court has power to set aside the stay granted by Mr. Justice Douglas. I think this is doubtful. I have found no statute or rule of court which permits the full Court to set aside a mere temporary stay entered by a Justice in obedience to his statutory obligations."**

Representative Francis E. Walter of Pennsylvania, a member of the House Judiciary subcommittee, also said that the Supreme Court did not have the authority to reverse Justice Douglas.

"There is absolutely nothing in the act of 1925 (under which Justice Douglas granted the stay)," Walter said on June 19, "that gives the Supreme Court authority to review the action of one of the Justices acting under the statutes."

Walter explained that the action of a single justice must send the whole case back to the lower courts. To return to the full Supreme Court, it must be processed through District and Appeals Courts.

### **THE EXECUTIONER STANDS BY**

Observers could not recall another instance in American history when the United States Supreme Court was meeting while an executioner stood by waiting to go into action as soon as the Court would render its decision. What made the Department of Justice so certain that the decision would be death? Yet on Thursday, June 18th, officials at Sing Sing were going ahead with their preparations to put the Rosenbergs to death that very night—while the Supreme Court was still sitting in extraordinary session. Until late that afternoon the Rosenbergs themselves were subjected to the unparalleled torture of not knowing whether they would live or die that night. Finally the Court announced that it would make its decision known the following day—Friday, June 19th.

After noon on Friday, June 19th, the Court announced that it was vacating the stay granted by Justice Douglas. Justice Douglas, Black and Frankfurter dissented.

The execution followed so rapidly that Justice Frankfurter did not have time to make his dissent public until after Ethel and Julius Rosenberg were dead.

The following Monday Justice Frankfurter wrote:

**"To be writing an opinion in a case affecting two lives after the curtain has been rung down upon them has the appearance of pathetic futility. But history also has its claims."**

### THE MISSING DAY IN COURT

Those who say the Rosenbergs had their day in court are repeating a myth. But, one may ask, didn't the Supreme Court consider the case

so many times? The answer is, as Justice Frankfurter has stated, that refusal by the Supreme Court to review a case in no way implies approval of the decision by the lower courts. The Supreme Court never passed on the fairness of the trial or the justness of the sentence.

Even the majority opinion of the Supreme Court's rejection of the Rosenbergs' final plea, written by Mr. Justice Jackson and concurred in by Justices Vinson, Reed, Burton, Clark and Minton, said:

**"Vacating this stay is not to be construed as indorsing the wisdom or appropriateness to this case of a death sentence."**

Justice Black wrote in his dissent:

**"It is not amiss to point out that this Court has never reviewed this record and has never affirmed the fairness of the trial below. Without an affirmance of the fairness of the trial by the highest court in the land there may always be questions as to whether these executions were legally and rightfully carried out. I would still grant certiorari and let this Court approve or disapprove the fairness of the trials."**

All three dissenting Justices criticized the irregular and injudicious haste of the executions.

To quote Justice Black:

**"I do not believe that Government counsel or this Court has had time or an adequate opportunity to investigate and decide the very serious question raised in asking this Court to vacate the stay granted by Mr. Justice Douglas. . . . I add my regret that the rush of this case has deprived me of any opportunity to do more at this time than hastily**

sketch my view on the important questions raised. . . .

"Judicial haste is peculiarly out of place where the death penalty has been imposed for conduct part of which took place at a time when Congress appears to have barred the imposition of that death penalty by district judges acting without a jury's recommendation. And it seems to me that this court has not had time or opportunity for sufficient study to give the kind of informed decision on this important question it would if the case should take its regular course."

Justice Frankfurter wrote:

"Neither counsel nor the Court, in the time available, were able to go below the surface of the question raised by the application for a stay which Mr. Justice Douglas granted. More time was needed than was had for adequate consideration. . . .

"The crux of all I am suggesting is that none of the obvious considerations for bringing the all too leaden-footed proceedings in this case to an end should have barred the full employment of the deliberative process necessary for reaching a firm conclusion on the issue on which the Court has now spoken, however unfortunate it may be that the issue did not emerge earlier than it did."

#### THE DOUBTS MOUNT

The doubts in the Rosenberg case did not die in the electric chair. They are now intensified as a result of the dissenting opinions of Justices Black, Douglas and Frankfurter, who question the legality of the death sentence. Was the execution within the law?

Justice Black declared:

"It is my view, based on the limited arguments we have heard, that after passage of the Atomic Energy Act of 1946 it was unlawful for a judge to impose the death penalty for unlawful transmittal of atomic secrets unless such a penalty was recommended by the jury trying the case."

Justice Douglas said:

"The cold truth is that the death sentence may not be imposed for what the Rosenbergs did unless the jury so recommends. . . . I know deep in my heart that I am right on the law. Knowing that my duty is clear."

Justice Frankfurter wrote:

"It thus appears—although, of course, I would feel more secure in my conviction had I had the opportunity to make a thorough study of the lengthy record in this case—that the conspiracy with which the Rosenbergs were charged is one falling in part within the terms of the Atomic Energy Act, passed by Congress in 1946 and specifically dealing with classified information pertaining to the recent developments

in atomic energy. There remains the question whether the sentence for such a conspiracy could be imposed under the Espionage Act."

What if the Rosenbergs had been tried under the Atomic Energy Act? The prosecution attorney told the Supreme Court that the government would have been laughed out of court if the indictment had been brought under the Atomic Energy Act. Justice Douglas agreed. So, with the Rosenbergs already executed, we have an admission that they would not have been convicted if tried under the law that three Supreme Court Justices believe applied to the case.

All of these opinions do not take into account the mounting evidence that the Rosenbergs were convicted on perjured testimony. What about the documents proving that David Greenglass lied, that the Rosenbergs bought the controversial console table at a department store and did not get it from the Russians as the prosecution had charged, that Greenglass was incapable of stealing atomic secrets?

#### **NEW TRIAL FOR SOBELL**

History may recognize the injustice done to them, but there can be no compensation for the Rosenbergs. No future apology will bring their parents to little Michael and Robbie, nor will it wipe out the crushing blow to American traditions of justice and mercy.

However, there is still time to halt a miscarriage of justice in the case of Morton Sobell, who was a co-defendant with Ethel and Julius Rosenberg. Sobell, convicted on the word of a man who faced a perjury indictment, was sentenced to thirty years at Alcatraz. He swears he is completely innocent.

Alcatraz is a place reserved for murderers and hardened criminals. No children are allowed to visit there. This means that Sobell cannot see his four-year-old son Mark or his daughter Sydney, who is 13.

The many and grave doubts surrounding the entire Rosenberg case call for a new trial for Morton Sobell. He must get the day in court, the full measure of justice that the Rosenbergs never had. Meanwhile he should be removed from the inhumane conditions at Alcatraz to another prison where he can see his children while waiting for all of the facts in his case to come to light.

The National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case urges justice for Morton Sobell. A new trial would be a step toward guaranteeing that the injustice suffered by the Rosenbergs will never again stain the conscience of America.

*Issued as a Public Service by:*

#### **THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE**

1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y. • Longacre 4-9585

M O R T O N   S O B E L L  
VICTIM OF "SPY" HYSTERIA  
FACES THIRTY YEARS  
OF LIVING DEATH IN ALCATRAZ

W H Y ?

- ? What is the "evidence" on which Sobell was convicted and sentenced by the same court which insisted on the death of the Rosenbergs?
- ? Why were Sobell and his family kidnapped in Mexico City and handed over secretly to the FBI?
- ? Why is Sobell kept in the toughest prison in the country, where it is almost impossible for lawyers to consult him in efforts to win a new trial?
- ? Why a thirty-year sentence -- six times the average sentence given to persons convicted on similar charges?

YOU OWE IT TO YOURSELF TO HEAR THE ANSWERS!

The true facts in this case will be presented on

F R I D A Y \* N O V E M B E R 20 \* 8:30 PM  
2 South Lexington Avenue \* White Plains, NY

PROMINANT SPEAKERS

MASS MEETING & CONCERT

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AUSPICES: The Westchester Rosenberg-Sobell Committee

"Yet it is most unhappy that the Rosenbergs should have died with two eminent justices of the Supreme Court questioning the validity of the sentence or even the indictment."

—DOROTHY THOMPSON, syndicated columnist, June 24, 1953.

"I hope Judge Kaufman still feels justice has been done. God help him, for he has done greater damage to his country and his people than the good he imagined would result from the unprecedented order to kill."

—SAMUEL B. GACH, Los Angeles Jewish Voice, June 19, 1953.

## Justice For Morton Sobell

The National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case believes it is in the best interests of our country and its judicial process to continue all efforts to seek the truth in the Rosenberg Case.

Morton Sobell, the third defendant in the case and the father of two children, sits in a cell in Alcatraz under a living death sentence of thirty years. Sobell swears that he is completely innocent. The only "evidence" against him was the testimony of an admitted perjurer.

Scientist Dr. Harold Urey says: "Sobell's sentence of 30 years at Alcatraz is completely out of line with any evidence of wrong doing which the government was believed to present. In fact, I do not know what he did do."

Morton Sobell must receive the full measure of justice that the Rosenbergs were denied. Justice to Sobell means the vindication of the Rosenbergs. The National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg case urges Justice for Morton Sobell. A new trial would be a step toward guaranteeing that the injustice suffered by the Rosenbergs will never again stain the conscience of America.

**NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE**

1050 SIXTH AVENUE • NEW YORK CITY, 18, N. Y.

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NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
1050 Sixth Avenue  
New York 18, New York

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

ROSENBERG DEDICATION JOURNAL  
DISTRIBUTED THROUGHOUT COUNTRY

NEW YORK, Sept. 29--A Rosenberg Dedication Journal titled "Never Losing Faith", is being circulated nationally by the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case.

The journal contains pledges from Rosenberg committees throughout the United States dedicating themselves to campaigning for a new trial for Morton Sobell and spreading the facts that have convinced millions of the innocence of the Rosenbergs and Sobell.

Featured in "Never Losing Faith", is the Prologue of John Wexley's forthcoming book, "The Rosenberg Case", author of "The Last Mile", classic play against capital punishment, and "They Shall Not Die", play about the Scottsboro case.

On the first page of the journal are three photographs of the Rosenbergs that had not been published previously. One shows Ethel and Julius shortly after marriage. Another shows Ethel in her high school graduation dress, and a third is of Julius Rosenberg as an infant.

Also featured is a message from the young scientist co-defendant of the Rosenbergs, Morton Sobell, condemned to 30 years in Alcatraz and now appealing his conviction, and a message from his wife, Helen Sobell, asking that the public help free him.

The journal sells for \$1.

b7D

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# America's Conscience Speaks

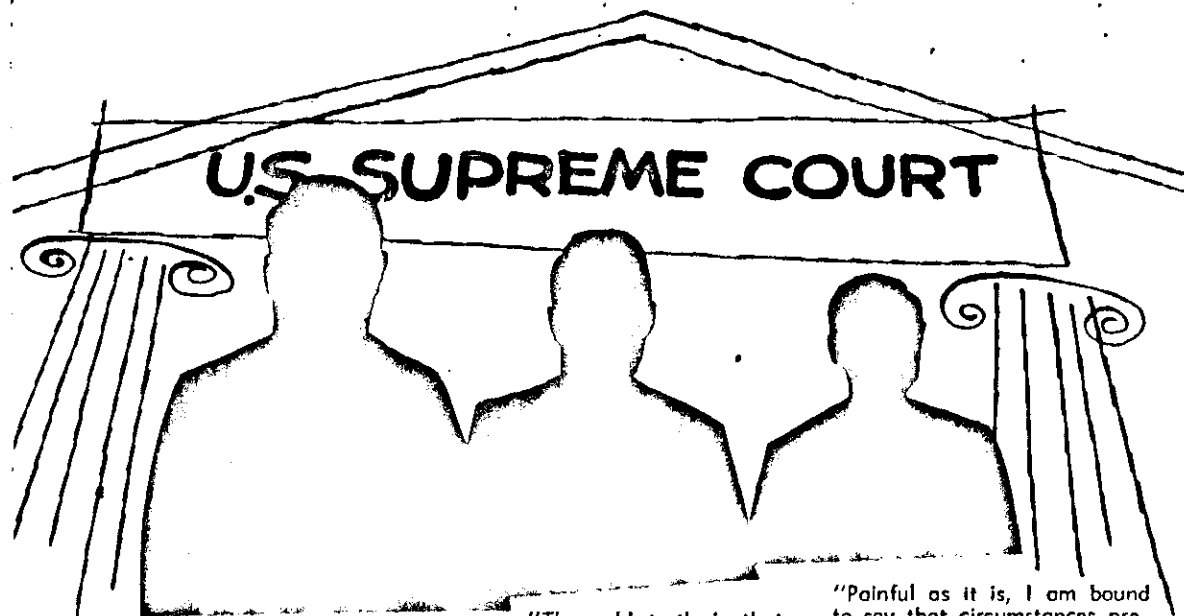
*on the*

**ROSENBERG**

*Execution*







"This court has never reviewed this record and has never affirmed the fairness of the trial."

—Justice Hugo Black

"The cold truth is that the death sentence may not be imposed for what the Rosenbergs did unless the jury so recommends. . . . I know deep in my heart that I am right on the law."

—Justice William O. Douglas

"Painful as it is, I am bound to say that circumstances precluded what to me are indispensable conditions for solid judicial judgment. . . . To be writing an opinion in a case affecting two lives after the curtain has been wrung down upon them has the appearance of pathetic futility. But history also has its claims."

—Justice Felix Frankfurter

"I can only say that having once read the evidence in the Rosenberg case I find it very shaky. It was impossible for me to do anything else but try to secure elementary justice."

—DR. HAROLD C. UREY, atomic scientist and Nobel Prize winner.

"President Eisenhower's experience has been largely military. Consequently, he was concerned with the deterrent effect of the policy of execution. In my own mind, he was not really informed of the legal aspects of the case, and he was not really aware that the Supreme Court had never looked at the record of this case to test the weight and validity of the evidence and the fairness of the trial."

—DR. BERNARD M. LOOMER, Dean of the Divinity School of the University of Chicago, in a message to the San Francisco Rosenberg Conference. Dr. Loomer headed a delegation to the White House as a representative of 2300 Protestant Ministers.

"If only those two little children would not cry so!"

—ROBERT SMITH, columnist, Berkshire Eagle, Pittsfield, Mass., June 29, 1953.

". . . the Supreme Court did less than its proper work when it refused some six times to take for review and decision a case of such magnitude."

—ST. LOUIS POST DISPATCH, June 21, 1953.

"The execution of the Rosenbergs was a sickening and disheartening failure—of the American Conscience, of the American sense of fair play, of American moral leadership and of American justice. . . . The plain fact is that the Supreme Court consistently refused to review the case. . . ."

—THE NATION, June 27, 1953.

"I was deeply shocked at the execution because it was the first time in our history that persons were executed on the charge preferred against the Rosenbergs."

—MRS. MARY CHURCH TERRELL, educator.

"I am fasting in sorrow and repentance for the sin of my country in the death of the Rosenbergs."

—The REV. RALPH T. TEMPLIN, former missionary to India, who fasted 12 days after the execution.

THE FACTS ABOUT MORTON SOBELL  
The Third Defendant in the Rosenberg Case

Despite appeals for clemency from millions of persons in the United States and throughout the world, Ethel and Julius Rosenberg were executed. After their execution Justice Felix Frankfurter of the U.S. Supreme Court stated that "the opportunity for adequate exercise of the Judicial judgement was wanting." Justice Hugo Black revealed in his dissent that the Supreme Court "has never reviewed this record and has never affirmed the fairness of the trial."

It is too late to give the Rosenbergs their full measure of "judicial judgement" that Justice Frankfurter is convinced was lacking. But the opportunity still exists for preventing a miscarriage of justice in the case of Morton Sobell, the third defendant in the Rosenberg trial.

Morton Sobell is still alive, if you can call the living death of 30 years in Alcatraz being alive. Sobell was tried along with Ethel and Julius Rosenberg on a charge of "conspiracy to commit espionage." He swears he is completely innocent. He was convicted on the word of one man, Max Elitcher, who admitted at the trial that he lied to the government and faced a five year perjury indictment. During the trial it was made clear, and stated clearly by Judge Kaufman, that Sobell was NOT involved in atomic espionage. This is important to remember since Sobell has frequently been falsely referred to in the newspapers as an "atom spy."

Judge Jerome B. Frank of the Circuit Court of Appeals believes that Sobell should have a new trial. Judge Frank said in dissenting from a 2-1 decision rejecting an appeal by Sobell:

"The writer of this opinion disagrees. He thinks there was error, in this respect, which requires that Sobell be given a new trial."

—Page 1666, Trial Transcript

The Philadelphia branch of the American Civil Liberties Union has called the conviction of Sobell an "unwarranted extension of the conspiracy concept."

#### THE ARREST

Morton Sobell, who is 36 years old, was an engineer before his arrest. He grew up in New York City, was graduated from the engineering school of the College of the City of New York, then worked in Washington from 1939 to 1941. He returned to school at the University of Michigan, then took a job in a defense plant. Sobell is married and has two children, a four-year-old son, Mark, and a thirteen-year-old daughter, Sydney. During his three years of imprisonment his wife and mother have corresponded with him daily, visited Alcatraz regularly, proclaimed his innocence, and fought to secure a new trial.

What started out to be a long-awaited family vacation in Mexico in June, 1950, turned into a nightmare. Sobell had asked his employer for a leave of absence. He had obtained visas for himself and his family from the Mexican consulate in New York City in the normal way. He bought tickets at American Airlines under his own name. He rented an apartment in Mexico City and received diaper service there charged to the "Sobell baby" account. His possessions were listed with the U.S. Customs Office so that duty would not have to be paid on return. Even the prosecution witness Danziger testified at the trial that this was a vacation trip.

Sobell and his family were getting ready to return. Records of health authorities show they had obtained the vaccination certificates needed to cross back to the United States. One night their apartment was invaded and Sobell was beaten and kidnapped by men who claimed they were Mexican Police. The men refused to take him to the American Embassy. Instead, they rushed him to the border where F.B.I. agents were waiting to arrest him.

Prosecutor Saypol admitted in the trial that the entire operation had been carried out by the F.B.I. The abduction was a flagrant violation of the laws of extradition. Sobell was deprived of a chance to return voluntarily, and the F.B.I. had thereby created the false impression that Sobell was a fugitive.

#### THE INDICTMENT

Morton Sobell was arrested on the basis of having had five conversations with Julius Rosenberg. He was asked to "cooperate" by the F.B.I. When Sobell did not "cooperate" and after he had been imprisoned for 53 days, he was indicted by having his name added to the conspiracy indictment of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg. There is no word in the indictment which reveals to Sobell or his attorneys what it is that he is charged with doing. The 11 overt acts which are listed in the indictment make no mention of Sobell.

The "Bill of Particular" which was finally obtained from the prosecutor only revealed the date on which the conspiracy was alleged to have started, and the fact that the five conversations which were the basis for Sobell's arrest were to be proved at the trial. They never were!

#### ONLY WITNESS.

Judge Kaufman said in his summation:

"If you do not believe the testimony of Max Elitcher as it pertains to Sobell, then you must acquit the defendant Sobell."

--Page 1560, Trial Transcript

Max Elitcher was the only witness who testified directly against Sobell. He told of several vague conversations concerning "this espionage business" without a single specific word about what it was supposed to be. He told a story about a night ride with unidentified material and mentioned Elizabeth Bentley, confessed spy and professional witness. Elizabeth Bentley, however, admitted that she did not know Morton Sobell, and had never had any dealings with him.

Elitcher admitted at the trial that he had not told his story to the F.B.I. until more than four months after Sobell had been imprisoned. Was Sobell imprisoned for four months without evidence so he could be persuaded to become a government witness to an "espionage conspiracy" of which he swears he is innocent?

Max Elitcher admitted on the stand that Sobell had never given him any secret information and that he had never given Sobell any secret information.

Elitcher also admitted that he had been guilty of perjury in another instance and was "scared to death". He was liable to prosecution and to a sentence of five years in prison for this perjury. However, he has never been arrested or tried. To the contrary, as a result of his "cooperation" the F.B.I. has gone out of its way to help him find employment.

How could Sobell have been convicted on this kind of testimony?

By conspiracy law all of the crimes alleged against the other defendants became part of the case against Sobell, even though he was not mentioned in any of the overt acts alleged. Furthermore the false impression that he was a fugitive had been created by the F.B.I.'s abduction of Sobell.

The trial was conducted in an atmosphere of fear and hysteria. The trial was filled with references to communism and to atomic secrets.

The prosecutor falsely charged that Sobell was an atomic spy. The Solicitor General later admitted to the Supreme Court that

the accusation was false. Judge Kaufman, in sentencing Sobell, stated: "The evidence in this case did not point to any activity on your part in connection with the atom bomb project."

#### THE SENTENCE

In sentencing Sobell to 30 years, the maximum prison term provided by the law, Judge Kaufman said: "While it may be gratuitous on my part, I at this point note my recommendation against parole."

Is this punishment the same as that which has been meted out to others in similar cases?

The sentences imposed in other cases of "ordinary espionage" tried under the same law as Sobell and where the plea was also not guilty show the tremendous disparity:

John S. Farnsworth	4 -12 years
Mikhail N. Gorin	6 years
Hans H. Gros	10 years
Frances Gros	1½ years
Frank Grote	15 years
Kurt Molzahn	10 years
Hafis Salich	4 years
Fredrick W. Thomas	16 years

Why such a sentence against Sobell? Perhaps some indication of the reason can be found in the following statement by Judge Kaufman:

"It is so difficult to make people realize that this country is engaged in a life and death struggle with a completely different system."

Is it possible that political consideration which had no relation to the trial itself played a rôle in the passing of sentence?

While Sobell's appeals from his conviction and sentence were still pending, Sobell was moved 3000 miles away from his wife and two children, from his mother and ailing father to the prison for hardened criminals, to Alcatraz.

What kind of criminals are put in Alcatraz?

An article in the Saturday Review of Literature on September 10, 1949, reviewing a book on Alcatraz written by Warden James A. Johnstone said:

"One or more of three criteria is used in the selection of prisoners for confinement in Alcatraz Island Prison--the number and violence of previous crimes, the number of escapes from previous prisons, and the extent to which the criminal is a trouble-maker."

None of these conditions apply to Morton Sobell. This is his first conviction and it is still being fought in the courts. Obviously he has never escaped from a prison, and there is no record of his being a "trouble-maker." In fact, he is a well-behaved prisoner.

Children are not permitted to visit at Alcatraz, as they are at the Federal prison at Atlanta, for instance. Wife and husband may not embrace each other here as they are permitted to do at the beginning and end of each visiting period at other prisons. Here at Alcatraz they are not even permitted to sit in the same room but must look at each other through a small glass window and speak to each other through telephones.

#### A NEW TRIAL

The conscience of our justice-loving country cannot rest while a man is condemned to the living death of 30 years in Alcatraz on the unsupported word of a confessed perjurer. Justice demands

that Morton Sobell receive the new trial that Judge Jerome Frank is convinced he should have. The new trial must deal with facts and must not be conducted in an atmosphere of hysteria, fear, or intimidation.

Meanwhile, as all of the facts in the case are being uncovered, Sobell should be moved from the inhumane conditions at Alcatraz.

Morton Sobell must get full measure of justice.

#### WHAT YOU CAN DO

- 1) Write or wire U.S. Attorney General Herbert Brownell, Department of Justice, Washington, D.C. Ask him not to oppose a new trial for Morton Sobell.
- 2) Write and wire Attorney General Brownell to see that Sobell is removed from Alcatraz.
- 3) Contribute to the fight to bring the facts in the Sobell case to the American people. Send contributions to the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case for the defense of Morton Sobell and the support of his family.

Contributions should be addressed to:

Joseph Brainin, Chairman  
National Committee to Secure Justice in the  
Rosenberg Case  
1050 Sixth Avenue  
New York 18, New York

*A Call*

to the

Eastern Seaboard Conference

of the

National Committee to Secure  
Justice in the Rosenberg Case

Saturday, Aug. 15 and Sunday, Aug. 16

New York City

Sunday, August 16th

Hotel Ansonia, 75th St. and Broadway

Morning Session: 10 a.m.

**THE PUBLIC FIGHT FOR MORTON SOBELL**

—Helen Sobell, wife of Morton Sobell

**FLOOR DISCUSSION**

—policy and necessary action in the Sobell case.

Afternoon Session: 2 p.m.

**JUSTICE CAN BE WON—**

—Emily Alman, New York executive secretary on the tasks ahead and how to organize for effective action.

**FLOOR DISCUSSION**

—structure of the national organization, public relations, the Rosenberg children, and the DEATH HOUSE LETTERS.

**RESOLUTIONS**

Registration: \$1.00

Saturday, August 15th

Manhattan Towers, 77th St. and Broadway

Morning Session: 10 a.m.

**WHAT THE ROSENBERG CASE MEANS TO AMERICA**  
—David Alman, executive secretary of the National Committee.

**A WORLD VIEW OF THE ROSENBERG CASE**  
—Joseph Brainin, national chairman.

 b7D  
Afternoon Session: 2 p.m.

**PEOPLE'S REPORT FROM THE COMMITTEES (2-5 p.m.)**

A floor discussion from committee representatives of Pennsylvania, Maryland, New Jersey, Connecticut, Massachusetts, Washington, etc., on experiences in bringing the facts on the Rosenberg case to the communities, trade unions, churches, and synagogues . . . suggestions for future policy based on past lessons.

**A LEGAL VIEW OF THE MORTON SOBELL CASE (5-6 p.m.)**

Saturday evening: **BUFFET SUPPER AND ENTERTAINMENT**  
Given by the Brooklyn Rosenberg Committee to honor the Eastern Seaboard Delegates. Proceeds to the national committee. (Time and place to be announced.)

 b7D



## The Rosenberg Case Is Not Closed . . .

The battle for the lives of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg has been lost but the struggle for truth and justice around the Rosenberg Case still confronts the conscience of America.

Men and women of good will throughout our nation are meeting in a series of conferences to evaluate the lessons of the campaign for clemency . . . to plan steps to vindicate Ethel and Julius Rosenberg and to win justice for their co-defendant Morton Sobell, now serving a living death of thirty years in dreaded Alcatraz.

The Eastern Seaboard Conference on the weekend of August 15th and 16th, is dedicated to these aims. We call upon the many individuals and committees who have made a magnificent contribution in a common endeavor for truth and justice to attend these sessions.

National Committee to Serve Justice in the Rosenberg Case

—JOSEPH BRAININ, Chairman

May 30, 1955

[REDACTED] b7D  
Dear Friends,

"Rosenbergs to die in the electric chair week of June 15th."

What will you think...what will you feel...what will you then be ready to do when you read in your newspaper two weeks from now that they have been executed? How many undone actions, unsaid words, unpledged dollars will weigh on your conscience because you couldn't find a way to do something about it because it was too late?

The evidence of the case rests only on the verbal testimony of the Greenglasses. No documentary evidence of their innocence that has never been heard in court. In two weeks it will be too late.

The proof of Sacco and Vanzetti's innocence could not bring them back to life or restore them to their families. While Julius and Ethel Rosenberg are still alive there is a chance to avoid a repetition of this crime that outraged the world.

Can you stand aside NOW?

THE Rosenbergs will die in two weeks... unless there is a shout of "THEY MUST BE SPARED!" raised in this land that Eisenhower cannot withstand. Voices are being raised in this land. But that must include you and everyone you can talk to.

WIRE OR WRITE THE PRESIDENT IMMEDIATELY

We, the local committee for clemency have dedicated ourselves to working day and night for a merciful intervention by President Eisenhower. This is a last and final effort. Do not stand by while they are being murdered. Help them while there is time. When we call on you for help, open your heart and join us.

Sincerely yours,

THE ROSLYN CLEMENCY COMMITTEE

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Dear Mr. President:

In the name of Mercy, may I sincerely  
and strongly urge that you extend clemency  
to Julius and Ethel Rosenberg.

Respectfully,

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NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE  
IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

DEPOSIT OF SEPTEMBER 29, 1953.

<u>NAME</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>BANK</u>
Cash	\$7.10	---

ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE

DEPOSIT OF SEPTEMBER 29 1953.

<u>NAME</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>BANK</u>
Cash	\$39.50	---

ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE

DEPOSIT OF SEPTEMBER 30, 1953.

<u>NAME</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>BANK</u>
Cash	\$33.50	-----

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

DEPOSIT OF SEPTEMBER 30, 1952

<u>NAME</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>BANK</u>
Cash	\$637.70	
Jerome Silverman	2.40 ✓	Citizens Bank of Brooklyn
Arturo Aldama	3.30 ✓	Chemical Bank & Trust Co. NYC <i>United Nations office</i>
Max Kurz	7.45 ✓	Corn Exchange Bank Trust Co. NYC <i>42nd St</i>
Edily Altan	10.00 ✓	Manufacturers Trust Co. NYC <i>230 2nd Ave.</i>
Haven P. Perkins	16.00 ✓	Manchester Bank of St. Louis
United States Postal Money Order No. 2-85,854,368, Remitter Pearl Treas	55.80 ✓	<i>PERKES BA</i>
National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case.	25.00	Chase National Bank <i>Times - Bldg</i>

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
 DEPOSIT OF 10/1/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$204.90	
... Silberstein ??	2.40 ✓	Federation Bank & Tr. Co. Grand Central Zone Office, 6 E. 45th St. NYC
Bertha Bender	4.60 ✓	Manufacturers trust Co. 3515 Broadway, NYC
... Greig Anderson	5.00 ✓	The Syracuse Trust Co., Syracuse, N. Y.
... S. Postal Money Order 4-71,404,075 C. Hunter - Toledo, OHIO	8.50 ✓	Federal Reserve Bank
Bertha Koda	10.00 ✓	The Fidelity Title & Trust Co., Stamford, Conn.
Philip Sterling	13.00 ✓	Corn Exchange Bank Trust Co. Corona Bnaha
Rebecca Werner	16.80 ✓	The Public National Bank & Tr. Co. 39th St. & 7th Ave. NY
Bay Area Comm. to Save the Rosenbergs	50.00 ✓	The Anglo California National Bk-Market-Jones Branch, San Francisco.
ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 10/1/53		
Cash	93.40	



NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
DEPOSIT 10/2/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$124.80	
Savings Bk. N. O. #B149212 Jerry Stimmel	3.60 ✓	East New York Savings Bk, Parkway Office
Workers Book Shop	3.60 ✓	Manufacturers Tr. Co. 32 University Place, N. Y.
Nat'l Comm. to secure justice in the Rosenberg Case	100.00	Chase National Bk, Times Sq. Br.

ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 10/2/53

Cash	19.00
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NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
 DEPOSIT (10/3/53)

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$141.80	
U. S. Postal Money Order #1-51,346,770 - Geo. J. Mickerson	1.00 ✓	Federal Reserve Bank
Rose H. Cronbach	1.00 ✓	First National Bk. of Cincinnati, Clifton Office.
Bank Money Order #7-57519 Jos. Tactor	2.00 ✓	Industrial Nat'l Bk. Detroit, Mich.
Morris Borisof	3.00 ✓	Lake View Tr. & Savings Bk, Chicago, Ill
H J. B. Steller	3.00 ✓	The Broadway Nat'l Bk, Chelsea, Mass.
U. S. Postal Money Order #3-95,449,337 A. Dornblatt	5.00 ✓	Federal Reserve Bk.
Maryann Zeppetelle	15.00 ✓	The Syracuse Tr. Co., N. Y. <i>Register Check # N27489</i>
ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 10/5/53		
Cash	\$119.00	

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
DEPOSIT OF 10/6/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$234.60	
Marion L. Watkins	2.20 ✓	Industrial Bank of Commerce, 56 E. 42nd St
Joseph Alpert	5.00 ✓	Chemical Bank & Tr. Co. 167th St. Office N
Dorothy Haven	12.00 ✓	The Torrington National Bk. & Tr. Co. Conn
ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 10/6/53		
Cash	40.20	

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
 DEPOSIT OF 10/7/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$41.90	
Werner Jacobson	1.00 ✓	Sears-Community State Bank, Chicago, Ill.
Mitchell Schnaar	2.00 ✓	The Detroit Bank, Mich
J. A. Sobon	2.00 ✓	The Cleveland Trust Co., 105th Office, Cle
George Langber	5.00 ✓	Food Dealers Industrial Bk. 1622 Pitkin Av
R. N. DiCov	5.00 ✓	Bank of Rogers Park, Chicago, Ill.
A. Zawolsow	5.00 ✓	Bank of America West Hollywood Branch Hollywood, Calif.
H. Wolf	5.00 ✓	Bank of America, Upland Branch, Upland, Ca
Max A. Samelar	10.00 ✓	Central Nat'l Bk. of Cleveland, Euclid Ave Cleveland, Ohio
A. Maltz <sup>2</sup>	20.00 ✓	Security First National Bk. 6777 Hollywood Blvd. Los Angeles
E. Alman	35.00 ✓	Manufacturers Tr. Co. 230 Second Ave.
Rosenberg Book Comm.	133.15	Chase National Bk. Times Square
<i>6 ad</i>	500-	
ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 10/7/53		
Cash	12.00	

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
 DEPOSIT OF 10/9/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$39.30	
Socialist Workers Party	3.60 ✓	Manufacturers Tr. Co. 32 University Place N
Ida E. Soloman	5.00 ✓	First National Granite Bank, Augusta, Maine
Nat'l Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg case/Cash	130.00	Chase National Bank, Times Square

DEPOSIT OF 10/8/53

Cash	93.00	
A. S. Rosenthal	1.00 ✓	Security-First National Bank of Los Angeles 469 N. Canon Drive, Beverly Hills, Calif.
Joeeph Ginsburg	2.00 ✓	Bank of America, Fourth & Spring Branch, Los Angeles, Calif.
Ruth Heit	3.60 ✓	National City Bank of N. Y. Washington Sq. Branch, N. Y.
Mildred Braman	5.00 ✓	State Street Trust Co. Boston, Mass.
M. Dworkin	25.00 ✓	Industrial Bank of Commerce, Albany, N. Y.
Nat'l Comm. to secure justice in the Rosenberg case <i>Rosenberg Family Committee</i>	300.00	Chase National Bank, Times Sq.

ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE

FOR DEPOSIT OF OCTOBER 13, 1953

<u>ACCOUNT</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>BANK</u>
CASH	\$190.00	---
CASH	148.70	---

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO  
SECURE JUSTICE IN THE  
ROSENBERG CASE

Deposit of Oct. 13, 1953

<u>ACCOUNT</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>BANK</u>
Cash	\$67.50	---
Harriett N. Leary	5.50 ✓	Frost National Bank, San Antonio, Texas
<i>United Packinghouse Workers of America</i> M. SANTANA <i>Local union #347</i> <i>Chicago, Ill.</i>	50.00 ✓	Amalgamated Trust & Savings Bank, Chicago Ill.
Andrew Ferber	20.00	Ann Arbor Bank Ann Arbor, Michigan.
HANNAH BEYE FYFE	1.00 ✓	Avenue State Bank Oak Park, Illinois
U.S. POSTAL MONEY ORDER No. 1-50,672,852 Remitter: G. Wallen 34 Goldsmith Street Hyde Park Sta., Boston, Mass.	5.00 ✓	-----
U.S. POSTAL MONEY ORDER No. 12-30,339,271 Remitter: Ella Walt Vermont Ave. Sta. Los Angeles, Calif.	6.00 ✓	-----

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
 DEPOSIT OF 10/11/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
U. S. Postal Money Order # <sup>b</sup> 80,534,778 Mrs. W. L. Washburn	\$4.30	Federal Reserve Bank
Mrs. Esther Shapiro	90.00 ✓	Commonwealth Bank, Detroit, Mich.
Benjamin Ratner	100.00 ✓	Manufacturers Trust Co. 749 East Tremont Ave.
Phila. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case	100.00 ✓	The Real Estate Co. of Phila.
Workers Book Shop	160.00 ✓	Manufacturers Trust Co. 32 University Place, NY

DEPOSIT OF 10/14/53

Cash	75.00	
Harriet W. Leary	2.00 ✓	Frost National Bk. San Antonio, Texas
Rebecca Lerner	2.00 ✓	Public National Bank & Tr. Co. 39th & 7th Ave. NY.
Personal Money Order #249657 Julius H. Sohatjian ZMAN	3.00 ✓	Fifth Third Union Trust Cincinnati, Ohio
Herbert March	4.00 ✓	National Bk. of Hyde Park, Chicago, Ill.
Personal Money Order #10570 Harvey Margolis	5.00	Michigan National Bk. Flint, Mich.
J. D. Allen	5.50 ✓	The Valley National Bk. Central & Monroe Phoenix, Arizona.
Margaret M. Shipman	10.00 ✓	Lee National Bank, Lee, Mass.
Phila. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case	38.00 ✓	Citizens National Bank, H. O. Los Angeles

ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - deposit 10/13/53

Cash	25.00	
Nat'l Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case	164.30	Chase National Bank, Times Square Branch

ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - deposit 10/14/53

Cash	60.31	
Nat'l Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case	290.00	Chase National Bank, times Square Branch

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
DEPOSIT OF 10/15/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$87.82	
Will Granat	10.00 ✓	National Bk. of Detroit, Mich. Woodward-Lawrence Branch
E. Saylia	10.00 ✓	Bank of America, Beverly Hills Main Office
Alex Hirschenfang & Co.	45.18 ✓	The Amalgamated Bk. 11-15 Union Sq. NYC
Jack or Thelma Consenstein	52.00 ✓	Bankers Trust Co. 221-50 Horace Harding Blvd. Bayside, N. Y.

ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 10/15/53

Cash	15.00	
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NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
DEPOSIT OF 10/10/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$149.00	
E. F. Baxter	2.00 ✓	The New England Tr. Co. Boston, Mass.
Chris Holm	3.00 ✓	Central Nat'l Bk. of Rockford, Ill.
Frederick & Nelson	4.70 ✓	Seattle-First National Bk, Wash.
Harriett N. Leary	5.00 ✓	Frost National Bk. San Antonio, Texas
Chicago Comm. to secure justice in the Rosenberg Case	32.50 ✓	Amalgamated Trust & Savings Bk. Ill. So. Dearborn, Chicago, Ill.

ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 10/16/53

Cash	22.20	
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NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
 DEPOSIT OF OCTOBER 20, 1953

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$545.78	
The American News Co., Inc.	.80	Irving Trust Co. 1 Wall St. N Y
U. S. Postal M. Order #6-81,806,583 Wm. Utrecht	1.00	Federal Reserve Bank
S. N Callilson	1.00 ✓	Chase National Bk. W. 14th St. Branch NYC
Shirley Jassar	2.00 ✓	National State Bank, Boulder, Colo.
Richard D. Hershcopf	2.00 ✓	First National Bank, Madison, Wis.
Angela Ruth	2.00 ✓	Coconut Grove Ex. Bk. Miami, Fla.
Dorothy Brande	2.00 ✓	First State Bk. Rosemead, Calif.
U. S. Postal Money Order #11-62,442,313 2.50 <i>WADE E BRATCHER</i>	2.50	Federal Reserve Bank
Sidney M. Harmon	3.00 ✓	Calif. Bank, 1401 Third St. Santa Monica, Calif.
Sally Cooper	4.00 ✓	Wells Fargo Bk. & Union Tr. Co. San Francisco
Dorothy Cole	5.00 ✓	Bank of America, 54 & Crenshaw Br. Los Angeles, Calif.
Clara B. Rutledge ?? <i>BURT WANCIE</i>	5.00 ✓	National City Bk. 86th St. Br. NYC
Minnie L. Greenfield	5.00 ✓	Corn Exchange Bank Tr. Co. 104th St. Br. NYC
Mollie Mibnar	5.00 ✓	Public National Bk. & Tr. Co. 13th Ave. & 44th St. B'klyn, N.Y.
Money order #B18295 Morris Katzman	5.00 ✓	Lincoln National Bk. Chicago, Ill.
Iyra Lawsen	5.00 ✓	Manufacturers National Bk. Detroit, Mich.
Y. Levine	5.00 ✓	Bank of Manhattan Co. 4622 13th Ave. B'klyn, N. Y.
Bank Money Order #10977 Hannah M. Noble	5.00 ✓	Rutherford Trust Co. Rutherford, N. J.
National Comm. to secure justice in the Rosenberg Case / William Wolf	6.52	Chase National Bk. Times Square Branch
Samuel Grubin	10.00 ✓	Bank of the Manhattan Co. 161-10 Jamaica Ave. Jamaica, NY
Sylvia Krantz	10.00 ✓	Bankers Tr. Co. 221-50 Horace Harding Blvd
Chic. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case	10.00	Amalgamated Tr. Co. 111 S. Dearborn, Chic.
U. S. Postal Money Order #12,744,316 W. R. Meyers	15.33	Federal Reserve Bank

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE (CON'T)

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Sarah Hichtensey ??	30.00	Corn Exchange Bank Tr. E. 65th St. NYC
Benjamin Ratner	35.00	Mfrs. Tr. Co. 749 E. Trenton Ave. NYC
Haven P. Perkins	100.00	Manchester Bank of St. Louis, MO.
ROSENBERG BOOK COM..		
Cash	27.80	

*1 Checks returned for endorsement.*

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE - DEPOSIT OF 10/21/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$28.00	
Savings Bk. Money Order #78956 Lena Bernard	1.00 ✓	Union Square Savings Bank 20 Union Sq.
Illegible	5.00 ✓	The Cosmopolitan National Bk. of Chicago
J. G. Livingston	10.00 ✓	Crocker First National Bk. of San Francisco
Seymour Friedman	10.00 ✓	The National Metropolitan Bank of Wash. D.C.
Savings Bk. Money Order #244634 Sylvia Katzen	10.00 ✓	Savings Trust Co. NYC
A. Hall	10.00 ✓	Westport Bank & Tr. Co. Westport, Conn.
Olga Kreisberg	10.00 ✓	Corn Exchange Bank Trust Co. Hudson River
Ellis C. Hollowell	11.00 ✓	Bank of Berkeley, Calif.
Anne Hott-Personal Money Order #85862	15.00 ✓	The Peoples Bank of Dayton, Ohio
Ocean Travel Bureau, Inc.	29.33 ✓	Chase National Bank, Garfield Branch.
Ruth Costin	30.00 ✓	Bank of America, Santa Monica Branch
Wive C. Burroughs	50.00 ✓	American Trust Co. Berkeley Main Office, Calif.
U. S. Postal Money Order #6-81,659,002 A. Quinn	100.00 ✓	Federal Reserve Bank
U. S. Postal Money Order #6-81,659,001 A. Quinn	100.00 ✓	Federal Reserve Bank
U. S. Postal Money Order #6-81,659,003 A. Quinn	100.00 ✓	Federal Reserve Bank

DEPOSIT OF 10/20/53

Cash	283.82	
Clara Seigel	1.00 ✓	Hollywood State Bank, Hollywood, Calif.
Brooklyn Public Library	1.08	National City Bank, Prospect Branch
Eira Shipman <sup>12/NER</sup>	3.00 ✓	Industrial Bank of Commerce, 222 B'way NYC
Bernard Sherk	3.00 ✓	Corn Exchange Bank Trust Co. Fulton St. Branch, NYC
Moris Miller	3.00 ✓	Bankers Trust Co. 221-50 Horace Harding Blv
Alvin R. Wam	5.00 ✓	Manufacturers Tr. Co. 81-20 Northern Blvd. Jackson Heights, NY

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
American Express Co. #DE9-101-002 Karl Bernou	5.00	
. Pargment	5.00 ✓	Ann Arbor Bank, State Street Office
Karl Seidenberg	5.00 ✓	The Pennsylvania Exchange Bank, 20 W. 48th NYC
. O. Garion	5.00 ✓	The Cleveland Trust Co. Terminal-Prospect Office. Cleveland Ohio
ark C. Rasmussen	5.00 ✓	Mrs. Tr. Co. 407 B'way, NYC
. Getzels	5.00 ✓	Mrs Trust Co. 37 Ave. B. NYC
mma F. Baxter	5.00 ✓	The New England Trust Co. Boston, Mass.
Illegible	6.00	The Cosmopolitan National Bank, Chicago.
ertha Bender	10.00 ✓	Mrs. Trust Co., 3515 Broadway NYC
. Grach ??	25.00 ✓	City Bank, Conn. Ave. Wash. D. C.
argaret M. Bishop	25.00 ✓	The Western National Bank, York Penn.
argaret M. Shipman	50.00 ✓	Lee National Bank, Lee, Mass.
estern Union Money Order, 148939 Lurjel Hartweg	60.00	Chase National Bank, H. C.
ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 10/20/53		
ash	14.18	

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NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
F. H. Luscomb	\$25.00 ✓	First National Bank of Boston, Mass.
Moni-chex - R. Buckman #1102	70.00 ✓	Grove Hall Savings Bk. - National Shawmut Bk. Boston, Mass.
Joyce A. Solomon	101.10 ✓	University National Bank, Chicago, Ill
Chicago Comm. to secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case	398.90	Amalgamated Trust & Savings Bk, Chicago

*Checks payable to Nat. Rosenberg - Sobell Comm. returned for endorsement  
and not acceptable for deposit to account*

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE - DEPOSIT OF 10/22/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$8.40	
Coast Federal Savings & Loan Ass. - Noah Freeman #70341	5.00 ✓	Union Bank & Trust Co. Los Angeles, Calif.
Dora M. Jacobson	5.00 ✓	The Amalgamated Bank of N. Y. 11-15 Union Sq.
Clara Radoff	5.00 ✓	National Bank of Commerce, Houston, Texas.
J. G. Livingston	5.00 ✓	Crocker First National Bk. of San Francisco,
Bank Money Order #52328 Ruth H. Ashley	5.00 ✓	The First National Bank of Chicago, Ill.
Fred L. Harte	10.00 ✓	The National City Bk. of N. Y. Hudson St. Br.
Progressive Book Shop	65.00 ✓	California Bank, Wilshire-Westlake Office, 2000 Wilshire Blvd. Los Angeles, Calif.
Janet B. Wolfe	1.00 ✓	Chatham Bank of Chicago, Chicago, Ill.
Helen M. Hiller	2.00 ✓	National Bank of Fairhaven, Mass.
Chris Holm	3.00 ✓	Central National Bank, Rockford, ILL.
Louis P. Yaffe	5.00 ✓	Harvard Trust Company, Cambridge, Mass.
William L. Lytle	5.00 ✓	Alamo National Bank, San Antonio, Texas
Alice Hill Byrne	100.00 ✓	The Anglo Calif- National Bk. Palo Alto Office Calif.

ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 10/21/53

Cash	115.00
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NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE - DEPOSIT OF 10/23/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$210.20	
Columbia University Bookstore	.80	Corn Exchange Bank Trust Co. University Branch
G. E. Boyd	2.00 ✓	Bank of America, Los Angeles Main Office, 660 South Spring St. Calif.
Money Order #279516 <i>BURNHAM BLDG. CURRENCY EXCH.</i>		
Stephen Love, Attey	10.00 ✓	Peoples National Bank, Chicago, Ill.
Lillian Kohn	50.00 ✓	Mfrs. Trust Co., 1505 Ave. J. B'klyn.
Benjamin Ratner	100.00	Mfrs. Trust Co. 749 East Tremont Ave. NYC

DEPOSIT OF 10/22/53

Cash	100.50	
U. S. Postal Money Order #7-94,835,893 L. Monchan	5.00	Federal Reserve Bank
Home Currency Exchange Money Order #A20420 Rudolph Haider	10.00 ✓	Central National Bank, Chicago, Ill.
Money Order #5488409 Fred Malik	20.00	Bank of America, Telegraph Ave. Br. Oakland, Calif.
Book World - Daniel Rubel	40.00 ✓	The Bensenhurst National Bk. Flatbush, Office

DEPOSIT OF 10/21/53

Cash	24.00	
E. G. Lew ?? (LEVI)	1.00 ✓	Oakland Bank of Commerce, Oakland, Calif.
Ester Kravprice	2.00 ✓	City Bank, Detroit, Mich.
Leo Solko	2.00 ✓	The Atlas National Bank, Peoples 4th St. office Cincinnati, Ohio.
A. S. Rosenthal	5.00 ✓	Security-First National Bank of Los Angeles 469 North Canon Drive, Beverly Hills, Calif.
Lee. M. Huroich	5.00 ✓	Security-Trust Co. of Rochester Ridge-Dewey Office, Rochester, N. Y.
Sylvia Supraner	5.00 ✓	The Peoples Bank of Dayton, Dayton, Ohio
O'Connor Money Order Agency #13878 Frank Pikarek	10.00 ✓	Citizens Comm. & Savings Bk. Flint, Mich.
Nat'l Comm. to secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case/Harriette Gordon (20.00)	20.00	Chase National Bk, Times Square Branch

ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 10/22/53

Cash	34.80	
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NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE - DEPOSIT OF 10/23/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$30.00	
Sidney M. Harmon	2.00 ✓	Calif. Bank, 1401 Third St. Santa Monica, Calif.
U. S. Postal Money Order #2-83,717,527 ELDA SPEK	5.00	Federal Reserve Bank
Louis Goldsmith	5.00 ✓	The Peoples National Bank, New Brunswick, N. J.
Harry Friedman	5.00 ✓	Bank of Manhattan Co. Beach 20th St. & Cornaga Ave. Far Rockaway, N.Y.
Irving Workoff	10.00 ✓	The Pennsylvania Exchange Bank, 20 W. 48th St.
Anna Medic	10.00 ✓	Albuquerque National Bank, Albuquerque, New Mexico

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$14.00	

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE - DEPOSIT OF 10/26/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$142.00	
U. S. Postal Money Order #6-81,807,579 Wm. Utricht	1.00	Federal Reserve Bank
Peter Schecter	3.00 ✓	Community Bk. Pacific at Clarendon, Huntington Park, Calif.
Ellen S. Brandsteller	5.00 ✓	Aetna State Bank, Chicago, ILL.
H. B. Steller	5.00 ✓	The B'way Nat'l Bk, Chelsea, Mass.
Harold C. or Lucille B. Sanderson	5.00 ✓	The Central Bank & Tr. Co. Denver, Colorado
U. S. Postal Money Order #12-26,894,433 Maybelle Wheeler	6.00	Federal Reserve Bank
U. S. Postal Money Order #9-26,562,580 Lily McKenzie	12.00	Federal Reserve Bank
Philip Sterling	10.00 ✓	Corn Exchange Bank Trust Co., Corona Branch
Harry Shapiro	25.00 ✓	Kansas City Trust Co., Kansas City, Mo.
S. Leitroube ? LEITSON	50.00 ✓	Genesee County Savings Bank, Flint, Mich.
Money Order #11-041 Kaye Dorsey	75.00 ✓	Bank of the Commonwealth, Detroit, Mich.
Jenny Dinerstein	200.00 ✓	The Cleveland Trust Co. Euclid- 105th St. Office, Cleveland, OHIO
DEPOSIT OF 10/23/53		
Cash	91.10	
Money Order #5488409 M. Malik	20.00 ✓	Bank of America, Telegraph Ave. Branch, Oakland, Calif.
A-J Mailing Lists & Northtown Letter Service	2.00 ✓	Bank of Chicago, Ill.
Bertha Bender	5.00 ✓	Mfrs. Trust Co. 3515 Broadway, NYC
American Express Money Order #DU-54-119-921 D. D. Barta	5.00	<del>Federal Reserve Bank</del> <i>Amer. Exp. Co.</i>
Esther Dress Shoppe	5.00 ✓	Security-First Nat'l Bk, 8740 So. Sepulveda Blvd., Los Angeles, Calif.
Canadian Postal M. O. #72,903,980 A. Margolian	6.00	<i>Post office</i>
U. S. Postal Money Order #4-86,280,905 W. Zobern	15.00	Federal Reserve Bank
Chic. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Cash	398.90 ✓	Amalgamated Trust & Savings Bk, 111 So. Dearborn, Chicago, Ill.

\* the order of Matt C. [redacted] to secure [redacted] in [redacted] [redacted]  
Certified (appears to be a regulation or check for the [redacted] [redacted] [redacted]  
the [redacted] [redacted] [redacted], returned on 10/1/53

ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE

Deposit of October 27, 1953.

<u>NAME</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>BANK</u>
Cash	\$26.80	None
Cash	4.00	None

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO  
SECURE JUSTICE IN THE  
ROSENBERG CASE

Deposit of October 27, 1953.

<u>NAME</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>BANK</u>
Cash	\$51.70	-----
American News Co. Inc.	.80	Irving Trust Co, One Wall Street
Jack Forman	1.00 ✓	Colonial Trust Co, Rockefeller Center Branch
Bertha Bender	5.00 ✓	Manufacturers Trust Co. <sup>3515</sup> 5315 Broadway
Emil H. Shuloff	10.00 ✓	Metropolitan Industrial Bank, Bklyn, N.Y.
Weekly Guardian Associates Inc.	25.00 ✓	The Amalgamated Bank, 11-15 Union Sq. N.
Cash	153.00	-----
Sarah Lichtenberg	30.00 ✓	Corn Exchange Bank & Trust Co. E. 65th St. Branch.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO  
SECURE JUSTICE IN THE  
ROSENBERG CASE

Deposit of October 29, 1953

<u>Name</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Bank</u>
Cash	\$130.00	-----
Harriett N. Leary	12.50 ✓	Frost National Bank, San Antonio, Texas

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO  
SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

Deposit of October 30, 1953.

<u>NAME</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>BANK</u>
Cash	\$11.00	-----
Mrs. Molly Sadoff Glaser	10.00 ✓	First National Bank, Houston, Texas.
Julian P. Wolf	5.00	Third National Bank & Trust Co Springfield, Mass.

ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE

Deposit of October 30, 1953.

<u>NAME</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>BANK</u>
Cash	\$26.00	-----
National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case	92.50	Chase National Bank Times Square Branch.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO  
SECURE JUSTICE IN THE  
ROSENBERG CASE

Deposit of October 30, 1953.

<u>NAME</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>BANK</u>
Cash	\$60.80	-----
Ernest L. Stern	54.50	Highland Park State Bank Saint Paul, Minnesota
Ilene Putikin	5.00 ✓	Southmoor Bank & Trust Co. Chicago, Ill.
L.A. Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case	38.00 ✓	Citizens Bank, Los Angeles.
I. Skurnick Endorser Sarah Lichtenberg	5.00 ✓	Chemical Bank & Trust Co. New York 167 <sup>th</sup> St.
Elayne J. Kaufman Endorser Sara Lichtenberg	6.00 ✓	Corn Exchange Bank & Trust Co. Lexington Pa.



NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO  
SECURE JUSTICE IN THE  
ROSENBERG CASE

Deposit of November 2, 1952

<u>NAME</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>BANK</u>
Cash	\$21.00	-----
Ira J. Lichten	5.00 ✓	First National Bank Champaign, Ill.
J.E. Kaufman	10.00 ✓	First National Bank Tuckahoe, N.J.
B. Ratner	35.00 ✓	Manufacturers Trust Co. New York 749 <i>E. Street</i>
B. Ratner	100.00	Manufacturers Trust Co. New York 749 <i>E. Street</i>
Haven P. Perkins	100.00 ✓	Manchester Bank of St. Louis St. Louis Mo.

ROSENBERG BOOK DONATIONS

DEPOSIT OF NOVEMBER 2, 1953

<u>NAME</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>BANK</u>
Cash	\$8.00	-----

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO  
SECURE JUSTICE IN THE  
ROSENBERG CASE

DEPOSIT OF NOVEMBER 2, 1953

<u>NAME</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>BANK</u>
Cash	\$5.00 <sup>87</sup> <sub>87</sub>	-----
I. J. Davis	5.00 ✓	The Austin National Bank
End. J. Brairan		Austin, Texas

DEPOSIT OF NOVEMBER 3, 1953

<u>NAME</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>BANK</u>
Cash	\$3.00	-----

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE  
IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

DEPOSIT OF NOVEMBER 3, 1953

<u>NAME</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>BANK</u>
<i>CASH</i> I. Skurnick Endorser Sarah Lichtenberg	<i>15 -</i> \$5.00 /	Chemical Bank & Trust Co. New York

ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE

DEPOSIT OF NOVEMBER 5, 1953

<u>NAME</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>BANK</u>
Cash	\$13.00	-----
National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case	134.00	The Chase National Bank Times Square Branch

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

DEPOSIT OF NOVEMBER 5, 1953

<u>NAME</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>BANK</u>
Cash	\$12.20	-----
Jenny Diverstein Endorser Joseph Brainin	124.00 ✓	The Cleveland Trust Co. Cleveland, Ohio
Chicago Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case	10.00 ✓	Argyle and Trust & Savings Bank, Chicago, Illinois
U.S. Postal Money Order No. 87,358,239 Remitter—W.S. Bennett 385 Franklin Buffalo New York Market Station	3.00 ✓	Federal Reserve Bank

*[Handwritten mark]*

Deposit of November 6, 1953.

<u>NAME</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>BANK</u>
Cash	\$50.00	-----

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO  
SECURE JUSTICE IN THE  
ROSENBERG CASE

Deposit of November 6, 1953

<u>NAME</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>BANK</u>
Cash	\$116.36	-----
Effie J. Carroll	2.00 ✓	The Wayne Oakland Bank, Berkley, Michigan
Coleman L. Bernstein, Agency	3.00 ✓	The Detroit Bank, Detroit, Michigan
Pennsylvania Greyhound Lines	17.48	Pennsylvania Co. for Banking & Trusts, Philadelphia Pennsylvania
Phila. Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case	50.00 ✓	The Real Estate Trust Company of Philadelphia
Charles Preiver ?	2.00 ✓	First National Bank in St. Louis St. Louis, Missouri

ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE

DEPOSIT OF NOVEMBER 9, 1953

<u>NAME</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>BANK</u>
National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case	\$24.75	The Chase National Bank Times Square Branch

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO  
SECURE JUSTICE IN THE  
ROSENBERG CASE

<u>NAME</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>BANK</u>
Cash	1161.00	-----
U.S. Postal Money Order No. 26,563,548 Remitter: Lily McKenzie Great Falls, Mont.	2.00 ✓	Federal Reserve Bank
Modern Book Store	24.75 ✓	Amalgamated Trust & Savings Bank Chicago, Illinois
Benjamin Ratner	111.60 ✓	Manufacturers Trust Co. New York

NATIONAL COMM. TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR THE ROSENBERGS  
 DEPOSIT NOV. 10, 1953

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	7.00	
U. S. Postal Money Order #12-30,300.446 Cora T. Nilson	1.00	Federal Reserve Bank
Henry T. Yost, Jr.	2.00 ✓	First Nat'l Bk. of Amherst, Mass.
Genevieve Mott-Smith	5.00 ✓	Hollywood State Bk, 6801 Santa Monica Blvd. Hollywood, Calif.
Hannah B. Kirtz	10.00 ✓	The Cleveland Trust Co. B'way & Harvard Office, Cleveland, OHIO
Ethel Alman	26.00 ✓	Mfrs Trust Co. , 111 Essex St. NYC
ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE		
Cash	268.19	
Anne Horowitz	100.00 ✓	Mohawk Nat'l Bk, Schenectaday, N. Y.

NATIONAL ROSENBERG COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF NOV. 12, 1953

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$66.90	
U. S. Postal Money Order #2 89,437,857 M. Ostrowsky	13.00	Federal Reserve Bank
Chicago Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case	71.00	Amalgamated Trust & Savings Bk. 111 So. Dearborn, Chicago.

ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF NOV. 12, 1953

Cash	149.02	
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NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE - DEPOSIT OF 11/12/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$51.85	
Jacob Farber	5.00 ✓	Mfrs. Trust Co. 1511 Third Ave. NYC
Roberta A. Hollowell	7.00 ✓	Bank of Berkeley, Calif.
Robert E. Randolph ??	10.00 ✓	Bank of America, Berkeley Br. Calif.
DEPOSIT OF 11/13/53		
Cash	1.50	
Lillian Dorfman	2.00 ✓	Union Bank & Trust Co. Los Angeles, Calif.
Ethel When	2.00 ✓	Oakland Bk. of Commerce, Oakland, Calif.
George Tenenholtz	3.00 ✓	Bank of Chicago, Ill.
Cons. Edison Co. of N. Y., INC	3.14	National City Bk, 14th St. Br.
Charles ??	5.00	Bank of Berkeley, Calif.
Sabina Munter Registered ck No. 13319	16.50 ✓	The Ohio Citizens Trust Co. West Toledo Office, Toledo, Ohio

## ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 11/13/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$1.00	
Union Hall Bookshop, Inc.	50.00	Wfrs. Trust Co. 513 Fifth Ave. NYC
NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE O DEPOSIT OF 11/16/53		
Cash	59.00	
Workman's Trading Center <i>and Rose L. Gould.</i>	1.00 ✓	Bank of Newport, Newport, Oregon
Mrs. Matilda Graff	2.00 ✓	Florida Nat'l Bk. & Tr. Co., Miami, Fla.
Laura Girard	2.00 ✓	Security First Nat'l Bk. of Los Angeles, 1701 North Vermont
Murray J. Goldberg	2.00 ✓	Calif. Bank, 1401 Third St. Santa Monica, Calif.
Helen K. Sapiro	2.50 ✓	Union Bank & Trust Co. Los Angeles, Calif.
Wilton Marren	3.00 ✓	Security First Nat'l Bk. 15155 Ventura Blvd., Sherman Oaks, Calif
Bk. Money Order #53040 <i>1st Nat'l Bk. Wash DC</i> Ruth H. Askley	4.00 ✓	First National Bank of Chicago, Ill
Patricia Eunice <i>Patricia Wallace Eunice - Los Angeles</i>	5.00	Security First Nat'l Bk, 700 West Olympic Blvd., Los Angeles.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE DEPOSIT OF 11/16/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$66.10	
Am. Goldberg	5.00 ✓	Northern Westchester Bank, Katonah, N. Y.

DEPOSIT OF 11/17/53

Cash	88.40	
A. C. McClurg & Co.	.80	First National Bk, Chicago, Ill.
A. T. Rubinstein	2.00 ✓	National City Bk, 83th St. Br. NYC
Clark Mae Perkins	8.00 ✓	Manchester Bk, of St. Louis, Mo.
Bertha Bender	10.00 ✓	Mrs. Trust Co., 3515 Broadway, NYC
Mary Bassow	10.00 ✓	Mrs. Trust Co., 1536 Winchester Ave. NYC
Helen L. Sobell	14.46 ✓	Corn Exchange Bank Trust Co., Manhattanville Branch, NYC

ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 11/16/53

Cash	17.80	
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NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE - DEPOSIT OF 11/17/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$17.00	
Louis Spector	2.00	Union Bk. & Tr. Co., Los Angeles, Calif.
J. Ferguson ?	3.00	Farmers & Merchants National Bk., Los Angeles, Calif.
C. C. Kinsley	5.00	First National Bank of Sherrill, N. Y.

ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 11/17/53

Cash	6.00	
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NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE - DEPOSIT OF 11/18/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$16.20	
Solomon Seher	2.00 ✓	Bank of America, Textile Branch, Los Angeles, Calif.
DEPOSIT OF 11/19/53		
Cash	447.50	
Doris L. Kirtz (PIRTZ)	3.00 ✓	National Newark & Essex Banking Co., Caldwell Office, Caldwell, N. J.
Evelyn Carr <i>End. Sylvia Reis</i>	3.00 ✓	Federal Trust Co., Newark, N. J.
U. S. Postal Money Order #12-21,638,733 F. Lands	(5.00)	Federal Reserve Bank
Bernard Bach <i>End. Sylvia Reis, Inc.</i>	6.00 ✓	The First National Bank of Toms River, N. J.
Marcus Tushnet <i>End. Sylvia Reis</i>	6.00 ✓	National State Bk. of Newark, N. J.
Shirley Mintz <i>End. Sylvia Reis</i>	6.00 ✓	The Maplewood Bk. & Tr. Co., Maplewood, N. J.
Florence Slorle ? <i>End. Sylvia Reis</i>	(6.00)	Hellenic Bk. Trust Co., 139 William St.
Helen May Strauss <i>End. Sylvia Reis</i>	6.00 ✓	Fidelity Union Trust Co. Citizens-Clinton Office, Newark, N. J.
Helen L. Alfred <i>End. Sylvia Reis, Inc.</i>	10.00 ✓	The First National Bk. of Millburn, N. J.
Katherine A. Van Orden <i>End. Sylvia Reis</i>	25.00 ✓	National Newark & Essex Banking Co., Montclair Office, N. J.
Edward Lane <i>End. Dana Logovitch</i>	25.00 ✓	National City Bank, Forest Hills Branch N. J.

ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 11/18/53

Cash 8.00

DEPOSIT OF 11/19/53

Cash 97.00

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE - DEPOSIT OF 11/19/53

Cash	219.00	
Samuel Brenner	2.00 ✓	Trade Bk. & Tr. Co. Seventh & 38th St. NYC
Mrs. Robert Colodesy (COLODNY)	2.00 ✓	Wells Fargo Bk. & Union Tr. Co. San. Franci
Blanche Gombs	2.00 ✓	Bank of America, Florence Bk, Florence, Cal
C. V. Buggs (BRIGGS)	2.00 ✓	Security First Nat'l Bk. of Los Angeles
Burke Hall	5.00 ✓	Westport Bk. & Tr. Co., Conn

ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 11/19/53

Cash 42.00

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE - DEPOSIT OF 11/20/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$51.00	
U. S. Postal Money Order #2-88,147,474 I. Bernard	1.00	Federal Reserve Bank
Irene Thamel	2.00 ✓	The Peoples Trust & Savings Co., Fort Wayne, Ind.
Anatole F. Conn	5.00 ✓	Santa Monica Commercial & Savings Bank " " Calif
Edwin Jobe	5.00 ✓	The First National Bank of Vista, Calif.
U. S. Postal Money Order #12-32-825,907 James P. Tillatson	5.00	Federal Reserve Bank
Martin Berman	6.00 ✓	The Central Trust Co., Rockdale Office, Cincinnati, Ohio
Samuel Mazell	20.00 ✓	Bank of the Commonwealth, Detroit, Mich.
International Book Store, Inc.	32.00	American Trust Co., Civic Center Office, San Francisco, Calif.
Samuel Mazell	50.00 ✓	Bank of the Commonwealth, Detroit, Mich.
Samuel Mazell	70.00 ✓	" " " " "

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE - DEPOSIT OF 11/19/53

Cash 37.50

ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 11/20/53

Cash 48.00

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE - DEPOSIT OF NOV. 23, 1953

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$11.50	
DEPOSIT OF NOV. 23, 1953		
Cash	41.00	
Mrs. Connie Sohlman	1.00 ✓	Security-First Nat'l Bk. of Los Angeles, Venice Branch, Venice, Calif.
B. Richtenstein	1.00 ✓	Bank of America, Westwood Village, Br., Los Angeles, Calif.
Bank Money Order #13655 <sup>129 Hartz Mx</sup> W. H. Chandler <sub>Los Angeles Calif</sub>	1.00 ✓	Wells Fargo Bk. & Tr. Co. San Francisco, Ca
F. K. Lobik ?	2.00 ✓	First National Bank of Los Altos, Calif.
Leo <del>Kane</del> KAUL	5.00 ✓	Bank of America, Wilshire-Western Br., Los Angeles, Calif.
Civil Liberties Union <sup>encl</sup> <sub>Paul Dietrich</sub>	60.00 ✓	Bank of Montreal, Peel St. Branch, Montreal,
ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 11/23/53		
CASH	6.00	

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE - DEPOSIT OF 11/23/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$10.00	
Ida C. Solomon	5.00 ✓	Corn Exchange Bank Trust Co. 102nd St. Br.
Sarah Lichtenberg	8.00 ✓	Corn Exchange Bank Trust Co. E. 65th St. Br.
A. J, Berenfen ?	30.00	Corn Exchange Bank Trust Co. 91st St. Br.

DEPOSIT OF 11/24/53

Nat'l Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case/Cash	20.00	Chase Nat'l Bk. Times Square Branch
" " " " "	35.00	" " " " "
" " " " "	40.00	" " " " "

DEPOSIT OF 11/24/53

Rosenberg Book Comm/	274.90	" " " " "
Cash	13.20	

ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 11/23/53

Cash	1.00	
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- DEPOSIT OF 11/24/53

Nat'l Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case/ Rosenberg Book Comm.	250.00	Chase National Bank, Times Square Branch
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NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE - DEPOSIT OF 11/25/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$57.00	
Lilyan Shubow, Spec.	50.00 ✓	First National Bank of Boston, Mass.
DEPOSIT OF 11/24/53		
Cash	18.00	
Rose S. Brown	2.00 ✓	The North Shore Bank, Miami Beach, Fla.
Sylvia <sup>1st</sup> <del>Ann</del> Donnenfield	3.00 ✓	Bank of America, Fourth & Spring Dr. Los Angeles, Calif.
U. S. Postal Money Order #12-36,261,658 Mrs. Edith Meyer	25.00	Federal Reserve Bank
ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 11/25/53		
Cash	25.00	

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE - DEPOSIT OF 11, 27/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$11.00	
Sarah M. Houghton	1.00	Bank of Berkeley, Calif.
Bank Money Order #15135 W. W. Thoren	1.00 ✓	The Puget Sound Nat'l Bk, Tacoma, Wash.
Rose Leopold	10.00 ✓	The First Nat'l Bank, Sixth & Morrison Br. Portland Oregon
Albert Kestner	10.00 ✓	North Pacific Bank, Tacoma, Wash.
DEPOSIT OF 11/30/53		
Fattie P. Rudinow	<del>57.00</del> 52.00 ✓	Bank of America, Santa Rosa Branch, Calif.
DEPOSIT OF 11/28/53		
Cash	9.00	
John E. King	5.00 ✓	The Mechanics Bank, El Cerrito Office, El Cerrito, Calif.
DEPOSIT OF 11/25/53		
Cash	45.00	
Margaret M. Shipman	10.00 ✓	The National Capital Bank of Wash, D.C.
ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 11/27/53		
Cash	14.00	
Nat'l Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case/Rosenberg Bk.Comm.	52.00	Chase National Bank, Times Square Branch

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$240.00	

FEDERAL CRIMINAL JUSTICE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE - DEPOSIT OF 11/30/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$83.00	
G. Norman <i>McPENMAN</i>	1.00 ✓	American Trust Company, 225 Market St. San Francisco, Calif.
G. E. Boehm	2.00 ✓	Bank of America, Colma Br., Colma, Calif.
U. S. Postal Money Order #12-45,434,568 I. Weitzman	2.00	Federal Reserve Bank
Rosa K. Stein	2.00 ✓	Union Bank & Trust Co., Los Angeles, Calif.
U. S. Postal Money Order #12-34,546,340 Celia Pintznk	2.00	Federal Reserve Bank
Saul Reider	3.00 ✓	Bank of America, Lincoln Heights Branch, Los Angeles, Calif.
Fred S. Howard	3.00 ✓	Kensington Bank, Kensington, Md.
Personal Money Order #42212 Fred Davey	3.00 ✓	Michigan National Bank, Grand Rapids, Mich.
Lion Fauchtwanger	5.00 ✓	Bank of America, Westrod Village Branch, Los Angeles, Calif.
Agnes C. Robinson	5.00 ✓	American Trust Co. Palo Alto, Calif.
Bertha Bender	5.00 ✓	Mrs. Trust Co., 3515 Broadway, NYC
Sara Schieber	5.00 ✓	Wells Fargo Bank & Union Trust Co., Market St. at Grant St., San Francisco, Calif.
Roland K. Griffith	10.00 ✓	The Mechanics Bank, Richmond, Calif.
I. Serier	10.00 ✓	National Bank of Commerce, Kennewick, Wash
Olympic Drug Co.	10.00 ✓	Peoples Nat'l Bank of Wash, Seattle, Wash.
<i>Milton R. Beychok</i>	10. - ✓	<i>Peoples Bank, Viking Way Branch Lakewood, Long Beach, Calif.</i>

ROSENBERG BO COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 12/3/53

Name	Amount
Cash	\$7.00
Cash	47.00

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NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE - DEPOSIT OF 12/3/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$146.33	
Cash	2.00	
B. B. Wales	2.00 ✓	Bank of America, Beverly-Vermont Br. Los Angeles, Calif.
M. Kahn M.D.	5.00 ✓	Bank of Berkeley, Berkeley, Calif.
Edward Schindler	5.00 ✓	Bank of America, Laguna Beach, Branch, Laguna Beach, Calif.
Sylvia Shapiro	5.00 ✓	First Nat'l Bank & Tr. Co. of Bay Shore, N. Y. (Payee: National Rosenberg-Sobel Committee; check returned)
Sam H. Shuloff	10.00 ✓	Metropolitan Industrial Bank, Eastern Pkwy at Kingston Ave., B'klyn, N. Y.
Lenny Dinestein	120.00 ✓	The Cleveland Trust Company, Euclid at 105th Office, Cleveland, Ohio.

DEPOSIT OF 12/2/53

Cash	74.80	
Morry Levy	3.00 ✓	Busey First National Bank, Urbana, Ill.
Joseph Brainin	5.00 ✓	Commercial State Bank & Tr. Co., 116 Fifth Avenue, NYC
-Z Sheet Metal Co.	10.00 ✓	National Bank of Detroit, Grand River-Mark Twain Office, Detroit, Mich.

ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 12/3/53

Cash	20.00	
Union Hall Bookshop, Inc.	30.00 ✓	Mfrs. Trust Co., 513 Fifth Ave. NYC

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE - DEPOSIT OF 12/7/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$2.50	
A.R.T. Publication Inc.	2.00 ✓	The Amalgamated Bank, 11-15 Union Sq, NYC
Solomon Scher	3.00 ✓	Bank of America, Textile Branch, Los Angeles
J. W. Long	11.00 ✓	United States Nat'l Bank, Medford Br., Medford, Oregon.
Chicago Comm. to secure justice in the Rosenberg Case	131.50 ✓	Amalgamated Trust & Savings Bank, 111 So. Dearborn, Chicago, Ill
Cash	1.70	
Katherine Dmytryk	1.00 ✓	Central Bank Savings Commercial Trust, Oakland, Calif., Telegraph Ave. Branch
Leo Pl Sack	1.00 ✓	The San Francisco Bank, West Portal Office., San Francisco, Calif.
Montgomery Schyer ?? <i>Schuyler</i>	2.00 ✓	Food Dealers Industrial Bank, 156 Montague St B'klyn, NYC
J. D. Allen	10.00 ✓	Valley National Bank, Central & Monroe, Phoenix, Arizona.
Albert Melz <i>Melitz</i>	10.00 ✓	Security-First National Bank of Los Angeles, 6777 Hollywood Blvd., Los Angeles.
Civil Liberties Union <i>Good Paul Dostich</i>	44.71 ✓	Bank of Montreal, Peel Street Branch, Montreal Que.
ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 12/4/53		
Cash	67.50	

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE DEPOSIT OF 12/7/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$13.00	
U. S. Postal Money Order #12-47,460,385 Harmony Gloves	1.00	Federal Reserve Bank
Ester Benjamin	5.00	Bank of America, Babash-Sentinel Branch Los Angeles, Calif.
Miriam K. Starievia	5.00	Bank of America, San Diego Main Office, San Diego, Calif.

DEPOSIT OF 12/4/53 and 12/7/53

Cash	.40	
Nat'l Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case/Cash	75.00	Chase National Bank, Times Square Branch
" " "	70.60	" " " " " "
" " "	60.40	" " " " " "

ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 12/7/53

Cash	3.00	
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NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$71.00	
Walter Hagelberg	5.00 ✓	Mfnc. Trust Co., 680 Columbus Avenue, NYC
DEPOSIT OF 12/8/53		
Cash	135.00	
B. East	10.00 ✓	Northern Westchester Bank, Katonah, N. Y.
Mary Herworth	1.50 ✓	Seattle Trust & Savings Bank, Fourth & Union Branch, Seattle, Wash.

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
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Cash	\$133.25	
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DEPOSIT OF 12/10/53

Cash	189.00	
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Bertha Bender	5.00 ✓	Mfrs. Trust Co., 3515 Broadway, NYC
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Roberta Green	5.00 ✓	Security First National Bank of Los Angeles, 1701 North Vermont, Los Angeles, Calif.
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Sylvia Shapiro	5.00 ✓	First National Bank & Trust Co. of Bay Shore, NY.
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Fred T. Illegible ? <i>Lukew</i>	10.00 ✓	Old Kent Bank, Grand Rapids, Mich. Michigan-Lafayette Branch.
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SECTION 1 COMMITTEE TO SECURE  
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

<u>Name</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Bank</u>
Cash	\$18.75	-----
Louise M. Provost	1.00 ✓	Bank of Willits, Willits, Calif.
Illegible	1.00	The Union National Bank, Frenchtown, N.J.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE - DEPOSIT OF 12/15/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	543.75	
Phyllis Nickman	2.00 ✓	American Trust Company, Shattuck Ave. & Center St., Berkeley, Calif.
I. D. Looney	2.00 ✓	National Bank of Washington, Buckley Branch Buckley, Wash.
Bernice Deutsch	2.00 ✓	California Bank, 4900 Huntington Dr. Los Angeles, Calif.
L. Scifried	5.00 ✓	University National Bank of Seattle, Wash.
Progressive Book Shop	35.00 ✓	California Bank, Wilshire-Westlake Office, Los Angeles, Calif.

ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE \* DEPOSIT OF 12/14/53

Cash	7.00	
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NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE - DEPOSIT OF 12/16/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	50.00	
Howard Fact	10.00 ✓	National City Bank, Broadway-56th St. Br.

ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 12/16/53

Cash	35.00	
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NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$469.00	
Nat'l Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case	9.00	Chase Nat'l Bk, Times Sq. Branch
Cash	96.00	
Joseph M. Langer	5.00	First Nat'l Bk, College Center Br. San Diego, Calif.
J. F. Cleve	25.00	Security First Nat'l Bank of Los Angeles, Los Angeles, Calif. 3999 No Vermont
Benjamin Ratner	50.00	Wfrs. Trust Co., 749 West Tremont Ave. New York

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE - DEPOSIT OF 12/17/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
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Cash	\$26.25	
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DEPOSIT OF 12/18/53

Cash	56.00	
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ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 12/17/53

Cash	8.00	
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NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$12.25	
Ethel Hirsch	30.00	Plainfield Savings Bank, Plainfield, N.J.
DEPOSIT OF 12/18/53		
Cash	126.50	
DEPOSIT OF 12/21/53		
Cash	245.00	



## ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 12/21/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$3.00	
NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE - DEPOSIT OF 12/22/53		
Cash	100.00	
DEPOSIT OF 12/22/53		
Cash	226.00	
New York Bargain House <i>East. Side by Broadway</i>	25.00	Riggs Nat'l Bk, Washington, D. C. Farmers & Mechanics Br.
Edwin Berry Burgum	30.00 ✓	The Amalgamated Bank of N. Y. 11-15 Union Sq, NYC
Bertha Bender	200.00 ✓	Mfrs. Trust Co., 3515 Broadway, NYC
DEPOSIT OF 12/21/53		
Cash	9.00	

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE - DEPOSIT OF 12/23/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$32.25	
U. S. Postal Money Order #2-88,247,428 Leon Straus,	30.00	Federal Reserve Bank

DEPOSIT OF 12/22/53

Cash	136.00	
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ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 12/22/53

Cash	2.00	
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NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE - DEPOSIT OF 12/24/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$41.00	
Sarah Lichtenberg	6.00 ✓	Corn Exchange Bank Trust Co. E. 65th St. Br.
C. D. Guany	15.00 ✓	Suburban Trust Co., Silver Spring, Md/

DEPOSIT OF 12/23/53

Cash	10.60	
Sylvia Krantz	5.00 ✓	Bankers Trust Co. 221-50 Horace Harding Blvd Bayside, N. Y.

ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 12/23/53

Cash	1.00	
National Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case/Rosenberg Book Committee	300.00	Chase National Bank, Times Square Branch
S. R. T. Publications, Inc.	2.00	The Amalgamated Bank, 11-15 Union Sq. NYC

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE - DEPOSIT OF 12/28/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$259.50	
Erl Sims	2.00 ✓	The First National Bank of Atlanta, Main Office, Atlanta, Ga.
Mark C. Rasmussen	5.00 ✓	Manufacturers Trust Co., 407 Broadway, NYC
Margeret, M. Shipman	10.00 ✓	The National Capital Bank of Washington, D. C.

ROSENBERG BOOK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 12/28/53

Cash	2.00
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NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE - DEPOSIT OF 12/29/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$171.84	
U. S. Postal Money Order #12-19,163,253 C. Trupp	1.00	Federal Reserve Bank
Carnegie Library of Pittsburgh	1.08	Mellon National Bank & Trust Co., Oakland Office, Pittsburgh 13, Pa.
<i>G</i> S. Saxton	5.00 ✓	The National Shawmut Bank of Boston, Mass.
Richard J. Trockman, M.D.	5.00 ✓	Bank of America, Seventh & Westlake Br., Los Angeles, Calif.
Haven P. Perkins or Clara Mae	6.00 ✓	Manchester Bank of St. Louis, Mo.
American Telephone & Telegraph Co. <i>Ind. Franklin Merson</i>	6.75	First National Bank of the City of New York
Gertrude Goldstein	25.00 ✓	Manufacturers Trust Co, 2256 Second Ave. NYC
Max A Samolar	30.00 ✓	Central Nat'l Bank of Cleveland, Euclid Office Cleveland, Ohio.

DEPOSIT OF 12/30/53

Cash	7.00	
E. Neidelman ?	50.00 ✓	National Bank of Detroit, Gratiot-Riopelle Office, Detroit, Michl.
Ashland-Grand Currency Exchange, Inc. <i>Carmelo Di Rienzo - Remitter</i> <i>Payable to Nat'l Solid Committee</i>	1.00 ✓	Lincoln National Bank, Lincoln, Irving Park, and Damen, Chicago, Ill.
Harvey A. Tanner	10.00 ✓	Greenwich Trust Co, Cos Cob Branch, Cos Cob, Conn.

ROSENBERG DOCK COMMITTEE - DEPOSIT OF 12/29/53

Cash	3.08	
S. R. T. Publication, Inc.	5.00 ✓	The Amalgamated Bank, 11-15 Union Sq, NYC
Bay Area Comm. to Save the Rosenbergs	106.00 ✓	The Anglo California National Bank, Market-Jones Office, San Francisco.

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$84.75	
DEPOSIT OF 12/31/53		
Harry Cohen, M. D.	5.00 ✓	Corn Exchange Bank Trust Co. Prospect Branch, NYC
Virginia Gilmore	5.00 ✓	York County National Bank, York, Penna.
Leo M. Furich	10.00 ✓	Security-Trust Company of Rochester, N. Y.
Julian P. Wolf	10.00 ✓	Third Nat'l Bank & Trust Co, Springfield, Mass.
Harry Fomerance	10.00 ✓	Fidelity-Philadelphia Trust Co, Phila.
W. C. Rasmussen	12.50 ✓	Mrs. Trust Co., 407 Broadway NYC



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July 20, 1953

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 8 220.-  
 9 177.90  
 1 429.60  
 13 155.-  
 14 223.-  
 15 454.30  
 17 144.90  
 18 205.-  
 19 196.20  
 20 622.93  
 21 519.33  
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1/15 1900 ...  
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 11 - Cash ...  
 16 28.05 William Wolf (Chicago 1900)  
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 15 - Fraternal Clubhouse ...  
 143.26 Ephraim Cross (Chicago 1905) 10087  
 200 - Advance Printing Co  
 100 - Susan Mally Co  
 20 - Cash  
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 20 30 - DM  
 116.00  
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 5. - Samuel ...  
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 378.90 DM  
 47. - Agency ...  
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 22 150. - Postage

Which Would YOU Have Chosen?

# Freedom or Prison?

Morton Sobell, a young scientist, has been given a grim choice by the office of the U. S. Attorney General.

SAY nothing about how we kidnapped and beat you

CONFESS to espionage you did not commit

AGREE to testify falsely for us against the Rosenbergs and others we choose

KEEP your mouth shut about the proof of perjured testimony against you

— And we'll give you a break.

BUT...

IF you insist on saying you are innocent and know nothing about espionage

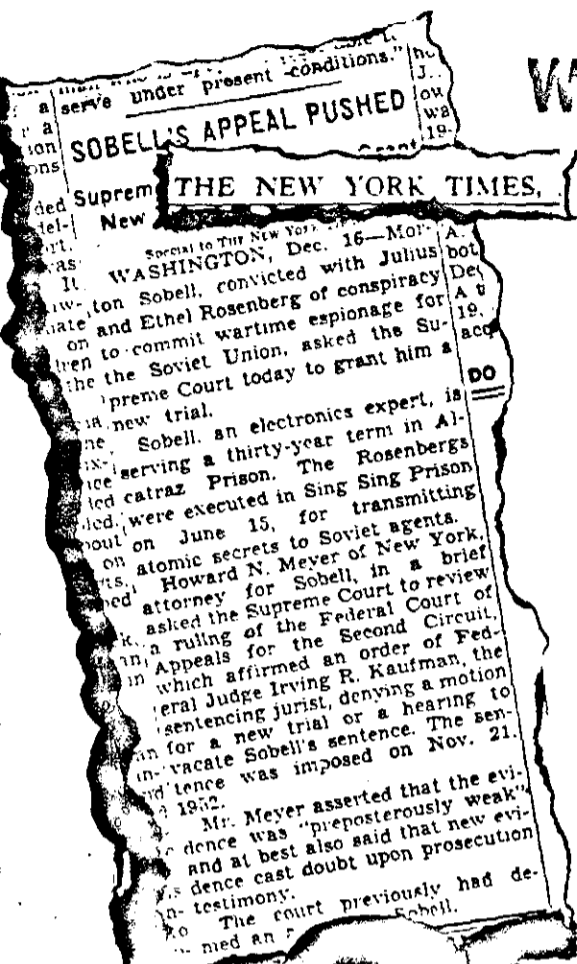
IF you refuse to say what we want you to about the Rosenbergs or other acquaintances

IF you keep on trying to get proof of perjury to the courts

IF you try to get your story to the American people  
— You'll spend the next 30 years in Alcatraz, America's "Devil's Island."

An American could have done only one thing. Morton Sobell did it — he chose the truth and was sent to Alcatraz. After 3½ years in prison, Sobell is still fighting for a new trial in which to prove his innocence.

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AN OPEN LETTER TO MAYOR WAGNER

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The Honorable Robert F. Wagner  
City Hall  
New York City

Dear Mayor Wagner:

Please right this wrong.

The Rosenberg children are innocent.

As a father, you know the tender love children must have. How much torture must Michael and Robbie stand? First their parents were executed. Then they were driven from their public school and the family with whom they lived happily in New Jersey for a year and a half.

On Wednesday, February 17, Michael and Robbie were at last rebuilding their lives safe in the home of devoted foster parents and under the loving care of their grandmother.

Thursday morning, February 18, by court order, they were brutally torn from the warmth and security of their home for detention in a city institution.

How can we, as Americans, allow children to be persecuted so cruelly?

Mr. Mayor, we ask you to see that Michael and Robbie Rosenberg are returned immediately to their home and their grandmother. We appeal to you to stop this unprecedented, inhuman attack on two innocent children.

THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE  
FOR MORTON SOBELL IN THE ROSENBERG CASE  
1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.

laws passed by Congress in 1934 at the request of Attorney General Homer Cummings.

"Nothing but stern discipline and a securely built institution would be appropriate for the punishment of such individuals. There were in the existing penitentiaries a small but dangerous group of prisoners all guilty of serious crimes, who would not accomodate themselves to the ordinary discipline, and who made it difficult to apply the routine measures of education, rehabilitation, etc., to the larger protion of inmates."

Or as it was put in a brochure on Alcatraz published by the Federal Bureau of Prisons itself:

"It has been emply demonstrated that grouping and segregating murderers, psychopaths, assaultive and aggressive types and constitutional trouble makers is preferable to attempting to house them in several penetentiaries."

Conditions at Alcatraz are so outmoded that a recommendation for replacing the prison was made in the annual report issued by the Federal Bureau of Prisons in 1953. Commented the New York Times: "Yet the symbolism of Alcatraz is bad, Where the hardened offender is the invariable rule, the standard of harshness is the rule also.

Morton Sobell is not the type of person for whom Alcatraz was designed. Sobell who is fighting for a new trial to prove his innocence, has no criminal record. He never even had a conviction for a trafic violation.

Before his arrest he was a scientist who contributed much to the welfare of his country. Mr. Sobell sacrificed a fellowship so he could do war work against the Axis. He was registered on the National Roster of Scientific Personall for the War Manpower Commission. He cooperated in 1944 with the Senate Committee investigating the National Defense program.

In a letter to the court requesting a reduction of sentence, Helen Sobell, wife of Morton Sobell wrote:

"I know Morton Sobell as a husband, father, son and brother. As my husband he has loved and cherished me, helped me at every turn of the road in performing my duties as a woman, a wife and a

mother. Before his incarceration, his devotion to the children found expression in loving care and attention with no thought for his comfort or well being. As a son he helped his parents from the time it was first possible for him to do so, and continued to bring them comfort and honor in his work and in his life.... We who are his family believe in his innocence of the crime with which he is charged."

Why has the Attorney General's office imprisoned Morton Sobell on "The Rock?"

From the start Morton Sobell has been under pressure to "confess". The pressure started when he and his family were kid-  
napped from Mexico on orders from the United States Attorney  
General's office. Mr. Sobell was beaten into unconsciousness. The  
kidnapping, which revealed the lack of any evidence on which to  
legally extradite Mr. Sobell, failed to terrify him into making a  
"confession".

He has maintained his innocence throughout his three and one half years in prison,; he has repeatedly said that he would  
not "confess" to a crime he did not commit, and he is conducting  
a vigorous campaign for a new trial.

The National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in the Rosenberg Case has charged that Morton Sobell was put in Alcatraz by the U. S. Attorney General's office "in a vindictive  
attempt to force a false confession from him."

The committee has pointed out that the Attorney General's  
office desperately needs such "confession" to whitewash its conduct  
in the case and to head off the world wide clamor for the truth.  
Furthermore, the committee said, the entire Rosenberg-Sobell case  
was being used as a base for attacks against American liberties.

The U. S. Senate Judiciary Committee has been asked to investigate the conduct of the Attorney General's office in the case. Persons throughout the United States are writing to Senator William Langer, Chairman of the Senate Committee, in favor of such an investigation.

A nation-wide petition campaign is under way urging the Senate Committee to investigate the imprisonment of Morton Sobell in Alcatraz.